

bsolutely Pur SELTZER APERIENT.



rrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aper

pening Wednesday, Oct. 6,

CLOAKS AND DOLMANS 7 State-st., near Jacks

MISS HUGHES, Manage AUCTION SALES. By GEO. P. GORE & CO.

EGULAR TRADE SAL DRY COODS. uesday, Oct. 5, 9:30

OOTS, SHOES, and RUBBER WILL BE MADE

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 6, 14 & 216 Madison-st GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctions Thursday, Oct. 7, at 9:80 a. m.,

OCKERY AND GLASSWARE Line of Decorated Chamber Sets. ds packed for Country Merchants. GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auction GUCAR TRADE SALT CLOTHING,

HURSDAY, OCT. 7, 9:30 A. M. BUSINESS SUITS A SPECIALTY ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO.,

il Paintings. HE SALE AT AUCTION

East Washingtonst At 10:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. wnbroker's Sale.

esday, Oct. 5, at 10 a. m., arge and Valuable Collection and Silver Watches Diamonds, Rich Jewelry, Silve d Plated Ware, Guns, Pistols, Opera Glasses, etc., etc. ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO 84 and 86 Randolph

CAGO AUCTION & STORAGECO and Used Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Ro-AT AUCTION, SNDAY, Oct. 6, at 915, 0 colocit, at 100 14

MINING OUTFITS. V MATERIALS JA E. H. Sargen CVO & CABINET-MAKIN At SWINEY'S, 6 Washington-at-

The Chicago Paily Tribune.

VOLUME XL.

FALL THIS DAY

TO-MORROW

October 6 and 7.

REGANT DISPLAY **PARIS**

ALL ARE INVITED.

21 & 123 State-st.

CLOTHING.

CLEMENT, BANE & CO., 117, 119 & 121 Wabash-av.,

COR. MADISON-ST. THE LARGEST WHOLESALE CASH CLOTHING HOUSE

IN THE UNITED STATES.

TERMS: . 5 PER CT. OFF 60 DAYS. 6 PER CT. OFF 30 DAYS. 7 PER CT. OFF 10 DAYS.

Merchants prepared to discount their bills cannot afford to buy of ong-time houses before examining our stock. That close cash buyers appre-

tiate the advantages of our terms and prices, the rapidly-growing magnitude of our business is the living evidence.

SPECIAL NOTICE. We have leased the elegant building now being cled by Mr. Armour on corner of Franklin and ams-sts, ga by 150 feet, 5 stories and basement aking nearly two acres of floor-room, --the larg-clothing Store in Chicago) which we will octyon and after Jan. set next.

CLEMENT, BANE & CO.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION. of D. W. Irwin & Co. is this day dissolve consent. Either member of the firm will lect in liquidation of outstanding business D. W. IKWIN,

H. C. REW. A. W. GREEN. ersigned have this day formed a copartner-acceed the firm of D. W. Irwin & Co., firm name of IRWIN, ORB & CO., for the

visions.

CHARLES D. IRWIN,
ABTHUR ORR,
D. W. IRWIN,
H. C. RA. W.
A. W. GREEN,
Pr. prs.

Stock Speculation.

Hon. Russell Sage.

J. O. Stephous.

New York Stock Exchange.

New York Stock Exchange.

J. S. PURDY & CO.,

Exch uge Place, New York.

MONEY TO LOAN

By DSIM II. REED, 52 William-st., N. I., appending a required on IMPROVED CHICAGO OPERTY, at BEST RATE. optications received and promptly attended to by H. A. HUNLEUT, 55 Randolph-st. BUSINESS CARDS. Machine Screws.

KID GLOVES,

Closing Sale GTIZOT" KID GLOVES

Field, Leiter & Co.

State and Washington-sts. OFFER BEST QUALITY

Guizot" Kid Gloves At following prices to close out the line:

2-Buttons, 5 1-2 to 6 1-2, \$100 2-Buttons, 6 3-4 to 8. -3-Buttons, all sizes. - - - 1.50 4-Buttons, all sizes. 6-Buttons, all sizes, - - - 2.25

Also Special Line of

KID GLOVES At 90c per pair.

Misses' Kid Gloves. "WINFIELD," In all shades:

2-Button at - - - 85c 3-Button at - - - \$1.00 4-Button at - - - 1.25 6-Button at - ' - - 1.50

Examination solicited.

MILLINERY AND CLOAKS.

OPENING OF

ARTISTIC MILLINERY

Wednesday and Thursday, OCT. 6 and 7 (Day and Evening)

CLOAKS AND DOLMANS. Mrs. E. E. VARY, Manager

235 West Madison-st.

N. B.—In sending Cards we are liable to omit some of our Customers, therefore we issue none. WE WANT YOU ALL TO COME.

Upening! OUR GRAND

CLOAK AND MILLINERY **OPENING**

Will be continued during to-day (Wednesday), which all are invited.

HOTCHKIN, PALMER & CO. 137 & 139 State-st.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

FIELD, LINDLEY & CO., Commission Merchants,

NEW YORK, CHICAGO, AND BALTIMORE. 88 & 90 La Salle-st., Chicago.

COAL. ROCERS & CO., SHIPPERS OF

Pig-Iron and Foundry Supplies Office, 98 Dearborn-st.

Fall Styles Gentlemen's Dress Silk, Stiff, and Soft Hats just received. Finest qualities and lowest prices at BARNES' HAT STORE, 86 Madi-son-st. (Tribune Building).

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1880-TEN PAGES. GENERAL SUPPLY STORE.

His Godship's Safe Arrival. He will preside (with a little assist-ance from Mr. Sea himself) over

SEA'S

Grand Opening! Thursday, Oct. 7.

OPENING IN FACT. in Opening of Over \$100,000.00 MAGNIFICENT BAZAAR

OVER A QUARTER MILLION OF DOLLARS. NEW Floor-Managers, NEW Clerks, NEW Counters, Shelving, and Show Cases (all finished in Black and Gold).

PART FIRST.

HE'S BACK IN TURKEY, And SEA, he ving been the purchaser of the gree bart of his tooks, will d splay them for the first ti rO-MORRe W, embracing in part the following:

RUGS! RUGS! CTUAL VALUE \$8.00 to \$70.00 EACH SEA'S 48 CENTS TO SEAM. HE HEATHEN DEITY ... THE MAMMO

'IZU NAGO MIKOTO, A genuine Idol, price asked in New York #1,00.00; will seel him for \$50.00. THE GREATEST CURIOSITY POSSIBLE TO IMAGINE. Do not fail to see the Idolized Glant.
Also, 12 smaller Idols, Pigures, Status, As.

ALSO, FROM THE SAME STOCK, **Table and Piano Covers** JAPANESE, CHINESE, TURKISH,

HINDOO, PERSIAN, MOORISH,

LACQUER WARE, CURIOSITIES, SCREENS, CROCKERY, POTTERY WARES OF ALL NATIONS.

PART SECOND. CHOICEST NOVELTIES of ALL EUROPE

THURLES I MUDIT LES OF ALL EURUTE, From which they took import orders from all the larger bouses, both here and eisewhere. When shown in thicago they required three of the larger they reduce they required three of the larger they have they required three of the larger three they reduce they reduce they are they will be shown on Thursday.

HICH GILT GOODS, BRONZES, Leather Goods, Cabas, Fancy Bags, Baskets, Necessaires, Odor Cases, Glove and Hütt, Boxes, Toilet Seis (worth as high as \$20.0), satin Goods, Work and Jewel Boxes, Albums, Pocketbooks, Jewelry, Solid Gold and French Novelites, Card Cases, Segar and Cigarette Cases, Candeletras, Mirrors, Velvet and Gold Frames; Ovari, Longwy, Porcelain, and Dresden Waros, and Rich FANCY GOODS of every description.

PART THIRD. ZEPHYR WORSTEDS.

Split-all same price.

Price fo Thi URSDAY only 9 cts. ounce.

Hoods, Jackets, Scarfs, Walsts, Gloves, &c., at one
half State-st. prices. WE WANT YOU, ATTEND THIS OPENING GRAND DISPLAY OF

MECH N'CAL NOVELTIES! ALL THIS AND MORE, MUCH MORE, THIS WEEK, THURSDAY. 122 & 124

SEA | 122 & 124 | State-st. NEW PUBLICATIONS. MUSIC BOOKS FOR SCHOOLS

The Welcome Chorus (\$1,or\$9 per W. S. Tilden.). By W. S. Tilden.

This is a new and superior High School Song Book with advanced elements, and a great variety of music. secular and sacred. to be sung in one, two, or four parts. Mr. Tilden's previous works have been highly approved.

Song Bells (50 cents). By L. O. ENER-No more attractive SCHOOL SONG BOOK has for a long time appeared. It is not graded, and will do for any class. Great variety of songs, subjects selected with great skill, and music is of the best.

Introduce our new SABBATH SCHOOL SONG BOOK, WHITE RUBES (30 cts.) at once to your Sunday School. No better book exists!

Books for Music Teachers for the Pall Campaign, All are good and practical books. Do not fail to examine them.

EMERSON'S VOICE OF WORSHIP, \$1, for Singing Schools.

PERKINS' TAMPLE, \$1, for Singing Schools.

JOHNSON'S NEW METHOD FOR SINGING (LASSES, @ cts.

JOHNSON'S PARLOR OBGAN INSTRUCTION BOOK, \$1.50.

X. E. CONSERVATORY METHOD FOR
PIANO, \$2. Also subscribe now for The Musical Record, 52, a Weekly Musical Paper with all the news.

Any book sent, post-free, for the retail price. LYON & HEALY, Chicago, III. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE. TO NEWSPAPER MEN

A first-class Chambers' Folding Machine, with the Kahler Attachment. Will fold a sheet \$6x50 or 24x36. In good order, at a very low price. Apply at this office.

SATIN I II)CADES, SILKS, &c.

Main Store.

Although we will not have special OPENING this season, we respectfully invite the ladies of Chicago, and urge upon them the importance when down town this week, to inspect the many new and desirable goods shown by us this Fall, and get our prices before deciding to purchase. Particular attention asked

BLACK AND COLORED

to our importations in

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS and VELVETS.

FRINGES, **PASSEMENTERIES** And BUTTONS,

NOVELTIES IN

GOODS.

Laces, &c.

We take pleasure in showing our goods, whether desiring to buy or not, and trust by a continuation of our uniform policy of selling desirble goods on a closer margin than any house in the West, to secure a continuaton of and enhance the enviable popularity our house now

possesses. "Prices Invariably and Always the Lowest"

PARDRIDGES'

Main Store, 114 and 116 State-st.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Novelties Men's FURNISHINGS.

WILSON BROS., 113, 115, 117 & 119 State-st.

Our importations this fall have been unusually large, and embrace the latest London and Paris Styles in Silk and Linen Hdkfs., Neckwear, Jewelry, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Cardigan Jack-ets, &c., &c. The variety and magnitude of our stock is unequaled, and offered at reasonable prices.

We invite inspection.

PRESIDENTIAL.

Complete Failure of the Democrats to Rally at Indianapolis,

to Put in an Appear-

West, But All Closely Watched by

Chairman Barnum Slips Over the Border to Purchase More "Rails."

Frank Landers Concedes that the Result Is a Very

And Declares that if He Is Not Elected, English Will Not Be

Senator Blaine and Emery Storrs Speak at Sandusky, 0.

rrest of a Gang of Democratic Fraudulent Naturalizers in

INDIANA.

ratic rally which occurred here to-day, i assed among the successful local demon rations of the campaign; but, regarded as a reat State rally, it will rank as a grant The speakers were not here, the people did not come, and the parade itself fell far short of what was anticipated. Only three railroads ran excursion trains, while the incoming regular trains brought comparatively few visitors. The procession was divided into three divisions, commanded by Gens. ele. Nothing was done as advertis ill told between 2,600 and 2,700, and about seventy wagons. The only delegation of any size came from Terre Haute, numbering about 500, and headed by Bayliss W. Hanna. They were handsomely uniformed, and evoked more cheering than all the rest of the procession. Transparencies and mottoes were scattered through the ranks referring to the De Golyer pavement, Credit Mobilier, and other campaign charges. The most prominent feature of the parade was the large number of pluguglies and shoulder-

AMONO THE FOREMOST
in the second division was a quartet occupying one carriage, consisting of Dick Hollywood, Pat McGlen, and two St. Louis shoulder-hitters. They came over at 4 o'clock this morning, transportation being furnished, but if any of them are found here furnished, but if any of them are found here to-morrow the police will run them in on sight. Another distinguished guest of the city is Micky Donnelly, prize-fighter, of New York. He says he is here on a peddling expedition, but the City Clerk's license-books are guiltiess of his name yet. Several local reporters tried to find out where many of the delegations came from, but many refused to give any information, which is very strong evidence that they are here for no good purpose. During the afternoon speeches were made from several stands erected at different points on the business streets. There are no prominent speakers streets. There are no prominent speakers present except those that have been engaged in the campaign. Ex-Gov. Seymour and the other distinguished persons au-nounced to be present failed to put in an appearance. Gov. Seymour never expected to come, and his name was used simply to at-tract a crowd, which refused to be deceived

TWO OR THREE SPEAKERS TWO OR THREE SPEAKERS
were caught in bad company last, night and
this morning, in the Mayor's Court, Noah W.
Parker was fined \$10 and costs for associating with a prostitute, and Luther Benson \$10
and costs in each case for drunkenness and
associating with a prostitute. A commitment of three days to the stone-pile will be
held over Luther, and on his first arrest hereafter for drunkenness he will be sent there.
Parker is the National candidate for State
Senator who sold himself to Bill English
last week, and Benson is the temperance
talker who has been playing the reformed
drunkard dodge on the good people of Indiana and other States. Both of them are
Democratic orators.

diana and other States. Both of them are Democratic orators.
This evening has been devoted to a torchlight procession and fireworks, and the display was an exceedingly creditable one. The streets were filled with people, mostly residents of the city, and the whole scene was one of life and excitement. About 3,000 men were in line. Several cases of pocket-picking were reported during the day, David Gooding, the Democratic statesman from Hancock County, being among the victims. He created quite a furor over his loss, but failed to secure the return of his valuables.

THE ONLY ACCIDENT
of the day, reported, was the injury of

of the day, reported, was the injury of Adjutant-General Russ, who was thrown from his horse, the fail breaking his arm and leg. Aitogether the day has not been a happy one for the Democracy, but it has served to bring together all the local managers in the State, and, under cover of a rally, hundreds of bruisers and ballot-box stuffers have been brought into the State. Not all of them have come into Indianapolis, but enough are here to demonstrate that the Democracy mean business. Many of the same fellows are here who came from Ealtimore, Philadelphia, St. Louis, and Louisville four years ago, but at this time they were spotted in less than twenty-four hours after their arrival, and the public are now on their track. Dick Hollywood's gang have been notified that if they are found in the city after to night they will be arrested as vagrants, and

Speakers and People Neglecting

Ballot-Box Stuffers Arriving in Large Numbers from East and

the Republican Managers.

Doubtful One,

Democrats in Washington Greatly Excited Over the Grant

Interview.

Philadelphia.

A DEMOCRATIC RALLY.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 5.—The Dem

THE STATE WOULD SURELY GO marked in the same breath, too, that if he "was not elected in October Mr. Bill English wouldn't be elected in November."
The fact is that Landers is already grumpy over English's refusal to come down to the full extent of his pile now instead of waiting for November; and his remark, when interpreted, means nothing more nor less than that if he isn't elected this month Mr. English may go to the devil or wherever else the society is the most congenial in the chilly days of November, so far as Mr. Landers is concerned. The conference at the Bates, however, seemed to inspire the Democrats with

of visiting statesmen. In response to a summons, Bob Sinith, Lister, Joe Tatem, Ed Nugent, Bob Bracken, Charley Burke, Nick Stafford, and Charley Young left for Indianapolis on Sunday evening, and the Hon. Wilham McMullen, keeper of the Speaker's conscience, select councilman, and sporting

started a fund for him. Shortly after this Burke's pardon was secured and he was released, after serving an imprisonment of only two years. They belong to the Square Association, so called after Square McMullen, and formerly to the old Moyanensing Hose. The duties will be to repeat all they can on election-day, and use up the balance of the time in intimidating voters. In the wards where the colored vote is the heaviest they will do the best work, for not a darky will dare to show himself on the street after they witness the "killers'" mode of operation. Their plan in this city has been to move about the wards throughout the day knocking negroes down, and in some cases shooting them, and refusing to allow them to vote at any poll. They will make it lively for the Hoosiers all the time until the election is over, unless stringent measures are adopted concerning them before that time. STARTED A FUND

Special Disputes to The Chicago Tribuna.
LAFAYETTE, Ind., Oct. 5.—The Hon.
rhomas Hanna addressed the Republicans
tere last night at the Opera-House. He is
he candidate for Lieuteuant-Governor, and here last hight at the Opera-House. He is
the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, and
made a good impression on his hearers. The
Hon. Joseph Brucker and the Hon. Henry
Fink also made addresses.

The Republicans are alive to the necessities of the hour, and are working night and
day in the interest of the National, State,
and county tickets. If all the remaining
counties in Indiana do as well as Tippecanoe there is no question but what Indiana
will give a good round majority for Porter,
and for Garfield in November. The county
gave Mr. Orth 711 majority two years ago,
and his friends now claim that they will run
tu up to 1,000, and they are working for it
with a vim that means success.

Blanton Duncan spoke to the Democracy
here to-night.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

OHIO. ENATOR BLAINE AT SANDUSKY.

nty are alert and ent gnalized their earner one of the largest n ever been held in the ization. Large delegations from the itag townships, embracing all the ps in this Congressional District and eyond it, poured into Sandusky in morning and made their way to the ands, where the mass-meeting was easier expectation of a speech from "Plumed Kuight" of Maine, who was orator of the occasion. A large cession of tradespeople with dis marched through the principal streets the city, and were joined by the Widerakes of Margetta, a very handsome body young men, in uniform, whose appeares attested the great progress that Republin principles have made in this county ring the last four years. In 1876 it a the old men and veterans of the War o took the lead in political affairs, but took the lead in political affairs, but took the lead in political affairs, but took the lead in veterans of the war o took the lead in political affairs, but took the lead of which at present there

neeption.
ssemblage on the fair ground numertainly not less than 5,000 persons,
everal hundred more remained in
rriages and vehicles, in which they
ne, on the outskirts of the crowd.

THE SENATOR'S SPEECH.

THE SENATOR'S SPEECH.

The speaking began at 2 o'clock, Mr. laine being introduced to the audience by the Mack, editor of the Sandusky Register, ho presided, and to whose exertions on the amp and with the pen the success of Reablicanism in this county is very largely at. Mr. Blaine addressed the meeting for rout one hour and three-quarters. He began a saying that he was opposed to the election. Hancock because Hancock represented the dangerous and vicious element in polices, and because he had gone over from the de on which he fought; whereas Garfield voted acted as he thought, and in that respect to was consistent. It was not so much a nestion whether Garfield or Hancock should be elected, as whether the people proposed indorse the principle represented by the en. He outlined the danger which would tion whether Garfield or Hancock should ected, as whether the people proposed adorse the principle represented by the He outlined the danger which would it from the election of Hancock and ging the character of the Supreme to of the United States, and said he event of Hancock's election the many of the present Supreme Court would threat and men holding Southern views id be put in their places. He then red to the present prosperous condition of country under Republican rule, and the little of the Democratic party to the ive tariff to the manufacturing interf the country, and consequently to
g-men, and deplotting in Reimbrandtish
the disasters that must follow from
tion of the Democratic candidate and
potion of a free-trade policy. He said
although he had no positive proof of
t that British gold was being used in
untry, yet the indications were that it
en used here; that it had been used
ne, and probably would be in Ohio.
us confident, however, of Republican
because never in the history of the
and any party in power been turned out

instances were just as rare of a party using to hold power in times of adverter the ridiculed the claim of the Demothat the Supervisors of Elections in York had acted unfairly, and the state in Hancock's letter that the troops bad used at the polls, and concluded with a ng eulogium of the Republican Presidentificantique, Gen. Garfield.

crowded to the namost of its capacity, there being nearly 1,500 people present. Among the audience were a large number of ladies, and several prominent Democrats, who, four years ago, could not have been persuaded to enter a Republican meeting, were present to hear the famous Chicago orator. The warmth of his reception astonished Mr. Storrs himself, who remembers a particularly chilly and disconsolate occasion when he addressed the Republicans of Sandusky four years ago. At that time they had no opera-house, and the meeting was held in a comparatively small hall, which was not quite filled by a very undemonstrative audience. To-night there was no lack of demonstration; a large proportion of the audience were young men who have come to the front in politics since Mr. Storrs' last visit to Sandusky, and they took every point with keen appreciation. Mr. Storrs was

but on the whole the audience was rather of the attentive and receptive than of the demonstrative kind. Mr. Storrs began by referring to his previous visit to Sandusky, and said that, judging by the difference in the two meetings, the result of the election in Ohio ought to be more satisfactory in 1850 than it was in 1876, notwithstanding a feeling of depression which had prevailed for the last- ten days, causing good Republicans to feel as if the Lord had withdrawn his countenance from them and left them nothing but His wrath. The party was not going to be beaten yet. They had been guilty of no crimes sufficient to justify the visitation upon them of a calamity so great as the triumph of this hungry and diabolic Democratic party. He wisned to say nothing ungenerous or disrespectful of that party, but thought it ought to be purified for its own good and that of the country. That party was busily engaged in an abortive attempt to unload its history and to run away from its character, but the thing could not be done. [Laughter.] He regretted to see upon their part no effort to make a new history, or to substitute in place of their old pestiferous bad character anything which bore the slightest approach to a good character. He challenged any Democrat present to point to a single line of legislation from which the country had derived any benefit, or by which human freedom or civil liberty had been promoted. For the past quarter of a century it had opposed every good measure; it had opposed every measure looking to the protection of the bailot-box, and every measure against fraud and corraption.

Not one glean of sunshine
came across the black waste of folly, and crime, and perfldy, and violated engagements that made up the history of the Democratic party. He declined to trust the honor of the Nation in the hands of a party four-fifths of which was made up by the Solid South, every State but one of which had repudiated its State debt. The State pride of the Brigadlers had not prevented them from dishonoring their ow

he having in the meantime been defeated his candidature as Senator on the Republican ticket. [Laughter and applause.] The Democrats were in fator of crushing the Rebellion, but hey were opposed to introducing what they afted a soverelan State. They were in favor

of preserving the Union, but opposed to raising arms and equipping troops for that purpose. [Laughter and applause.]

Mr. Storrs proceeded to criticise the platform of the Democratic party and riducule their pretenses that they were in tavor of, a free ballot and an honest count, and that they were the protectors of the laboring men. He proved the inconsistency of the first pretense by showing that the Republicans in five Southern States are now practically disfranchised by the gentle methods of the shotgun and the persuasive argument of assasination; and of the latter by the attitude of the party in reference to the tariff, and their avowed bostility to measures looking to the protection of the industries of this country. He drew a pathetic picture of the stagnation and desolation which would come upon all our manufacturing towns if a tariff for revenue only were adopted, and replied with considerable vehemence to a speech lately made in Sandusky by Mr. Blackburn, of Kentucky, in which a free-trade policy was advocated. He concluded with a culogy on Gen. Garfield.

To-morrow Mr. Storrs speaks at Nor-

To-morrow Mr. Storrs speaks at Norwalk, O.

DEMOCRATIC RUFFLANISM.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribuna.

COLLINGUS, O.. Oct. 5.—The Republican Committee is in receipt of dispatches from various points saying the State is being fully supplied with fraudulent voters from Kentucky. There passed through this city yesterday and to day thirty-two from Philadelphia bound for Indianapolis, but it is hardly expected they will be able to do much work, being followed by detectives from their starting-point. Their names are in the hands of the Committee at Indianapolis, and some more shrewd plan will have to be adopted by John G. Thompson and Mr. Barnum to meet with success, especially in the large cities.

Last night the Democracy had a grand blow-out at Lancaster, over which Sam Randall presided. There were twenty-seven car-loads in the exentsion from here, and quite a party of ladies took occasion of the low rates to visit the city. All went well until the time to start back arrived, when a scene occurred which beggars description. Two-thirds of the Democratic patriots had become stone-bilind drunk. Fighting at once commenced, which continued till the train arrived in this city at 30 clock. Many were cut, others were bruised and bleeding, while OTHERS WERE ROBERD.

The conductor of the train was knocked down and his watch and money taken, and all efforts to bring order out of confusion were without avail. Two notorious women of the town, who were taken down by those who are crying for a "change," were bruised about the head and stabbed in several places. A few of the better element of the crowd succeeded in obtaining possession of one of the rear cars, barricaded the doors, and by such means, and such means only, preserved themselves from the outrageous vulgarity and brutality of the mob. When the train arrived in this city, at 3 o'clock this morning, the cars presented a condition seldom if ever seen during thelpalmy days of Baltimore ruffianism. The windows and doors were found broken, coal oil had been emptied o

'change."

DAYTON.

Oct. 4.—Huston Hall was densely packed to-night by the Roys in Blue to listen to an address by Maj. Blackburn of Cincinnati, whose power as an orator is so well known here. The Major made a fine effort, and was heard throughout with rapt attention. His arraignment of the Democratic party was searching, critical, and instructive.

cratic party was searching, critical, and instructive.

Gen. Patrick formally assumed his duties as Governor of the Soldiers' Home to-day, and McMahon isn't quite so happy as he thought he would be. An intelligent and well-informed veteran stated yesterday that the removal of Col. Brown for no other than political purposes will lose McMahon the votes of at least 200 Democratic veterans, who will not be used by the relicts of the Knights of the Golden Circle. The mule kicks the wrong way, and the Democratic managers begin to appreciate and mourn it There is victory on the Republican banners of the Fourth District.

HAMILTON. HAMILTON.

HAMILTON, O., Oct. 4.—The grandest Republican Presidence of the Republican Reverse of the seen here, outnumbering the rival display of the Democrats nearly three to one. The Hon. Eugene Haie of Maine, Dr. A. B. El-liot of Lansingburg, N. Y., and Capt. H. L. Morey addressed a crowd of thousands. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed throughout, and our city is in a blaze of glory. Judge Lang is addressing a handful of Democrats at the Court-House park. GREENFIELD.

GREENFIELD, O., Oct. 4.—The Hon. J. J. Pugsley, Republican Representative from this county, delivered a fine address to a magnificent crowd in the City-Hall to-night. Among the audience it was pleasing to note a goodly sprinkling of ladies. Mr. Pugsley spoke for over an hour and a half, and held his audience until the close.

spoke for over an hour and a half, and held his audience until the close.

M'CONNELLSVILLE.

McConnellsville.

McConnellsville.

McConnellsville.

McConnellsville.

McConnellsville.

McConnellsville.

McConnellsville.

McConnellsville.

Sanks demonstration to-night is the biggest night meeting ever held in the county. Though only advertised since last Friday, yet they are here by hundreds from remote parts of the county. An imprompt company of nearly 800 cavalry, with over 300 Garfield Guards, makes a procession that fills the streets. Morgan is just boiling politically, and is more thoroughly organized than ever before. She will more than hold her own, and the "320" vandals are making it more solid.

M'ARTHUE.

McArthur, O., Oct. 4.—The Hon. H. S. Bundy, that old, reliable, never-falling patriot, addressed a Republican meeting here today in a vigorous and effective speech. He was in a very happy vein, and dealt with the Democracy with ungloved hands.

Alliance.

Alliance.

Alliance.

was in a very happy vein, and dealt with the Democracy with ungloved hands.

ALLIANCE.

ALLIANCE. O., Oct. 4.—The Hon. Witliam McKinley, Jr., addressed a very large and enthusiastic Republican meeting in the Opera-House this evening. He spoke for two hours, and his telling hits were enthusiastically applauded, and the grave questions involved in this campaign were ably discussed and plainly presented.

CIBCLEVILLE.

CI

Bellefontaine, O., Oct. 4.—The Republicans gave Jefferson Township a terrific shaking up to-night at Zanesfield. Delegations from Bellefontaine; West Liberty, Rushsylvania, West Mansfield, and other points were there, all forming a grand torchlight procession, making 800 in line, and marching through the town amid the booming of cannon and firing of rockets. The business portion of the town was beautifully decorated, and many dwellings along the line of march were brilliantly illuminated. The enthusiasm of the crowd was unbounded and unrestrained. Addresses were made on the Public Square by Col. Taylor, of Columbus, and the Hon. George M. Eichelberger, of Urbana, the audience receiving their strong arguments in favor of free speech, free ballot, and a fair count with shouts of approval. An overflow meeting was held in a church, which was addressed by Judge Lawrence. The Republicans of Jefferson

JEFFERSON, O., Oct. 4.—Notwithstanding the rain-storm which prevailed in the morning, and bade fair to make a failure out of our meeting, when noon came the clouds began to break away, and the people came into town in such numbers that fully 3,000 were on the ground to listen to the able and candid speech by the Plumed Knight. A long procession, with bands of music, marched through the principal streets, with flags and banners flying. Senator Blaine held his audience for over an hour, when he left for the train, saying that he was going to spend the night at Mentor with the next President of the United States. The Court-House tonight is filled to overflowing with an enthusiastic audience, who are listening to a speech from the Hon. N. T. Akerman, of Georgia.

Georgia.

FREMONT.

FREMONT, Oct. 4.—Gov. Foster addressed a very large audience to-night at the Opera-Hall in this city. That the Republicans are awake is evident from the meeting to-night. The business-men are taking an untisual interest in their campaign and are doing work that cannot fail of good results for the Republican cause in the coming election. Gov. Foster is suffering from a severe cold, accompanied by hoarseness, which rendered his speaking somewhat difficult, yet he held his audience for two hours or more with the strictest attention.

MADISON.

MADISON.

MADISON, O., Oct. 4.—A large audience greeted the Hon. G. W. Liement, our Representative in the Assembly, and H. E. Paine, an eloquent young speaker, at the Town-Hall to-night. The issues were ably discussed, and the Republicans are much pleased at the result of their meeting.

REFISEURE.

WOOSTER, O., Oct. 4.—A large and enthu-

WOOSTER, O., Oct. 4.—A large and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held at Reedsburg, a village in the western part of the county, to-night, addressed by Capt. McClure and H. N. Clemins. It is said to be the largest political meeting ever held in Reedsburg. A large torchilight procession preceded the meeting.

DELLEVUE. BELLEVUE. O., Oct. 4.—The liveliest meeting of the campaign was held here to-night. After the parade by the Garfield and Arthur Club, they were addressed by the Hon. M. L. Brewer, of Michigan. The hall was crowded, many going away unable to gain admittance. Mr. Brewer completely answered the sophistics of Mr. Doolitfie in his speech of last week. The Republicans are alive, and will give a good report at the coming election next week.

PENNSYLVANIA.

DISCOVERY OF FRAUDS BEING PERPETRATED
IN PHILADELPHIA.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 5.—A wholesale scheme of fraud and perjury that has been going on in this city for two months has been unearthed by Sheriff Leeds, of the Re-publican City Executive Committee, assisted by Detective Weyl, and the result has been the arrest of four persons on the charge of perjury and the false personation in the pro-curing of naturalization papers. Henry J. Bushore, who was arrested, is the third party implicated. Henry J. Bushore was arraigned before United States Commissioner Gibbons this morning, and District-Attorney Gibbons this morning, and District-Attorney Valentine said that he was in possession of seven petitions in which the defendant had appeared as a voucher in each instance. In so doing he had sworn faisely, and in several cases he vouched for men he had not known more than five minutes, and received money for so doing. Patrick Haldig testified that he visited the office of the Democratic Naturalization Committee and said that he wanted to take out his naturalization papers. The defendant then volunteered to vouch for him, and did so when he was sworn in court. For this he had paid defendant a for him, and did so when he defendant a court. For this he had paid defendant a quarter, and was asked by him for another had be softened to give it. Matthew

S. Alley TESTIFIED THAT HE HAD GOT his papers in the same way from the rooms of the Democratic Committee, and that he had paid Bushore \$1. In this, as in the pre-vious one, the defendant had given his residence at what proved to be a vacant lot. In another case, defendant had given his resi-dence at the St. Elmo Hotel, where he had not lived for more than two months. Bushore was held for trial, and this afternoon made was held for trial, and this afternoon made a clean breast of the whole affair. He said in his statement, signed in the presence of United States Marshal Kerns: "This thing has been going on ever since the 2d of August. The first gang of vouchers came from the First Ward, and have continued on duty all the time. One of them is now in jail. The gang was controlled by a man named Clarke, employed as a runner of the Democratic Naturalization Committee. These men have averaged about sixteen naturalizations a day. There were four in one gang. Then there was a German from the Eleventh Ward, and two more in another gang. They were to charge \$1 for each voucher, and for false personating the charge was \$5, of which \$3 went to the personator and \$2 to the voucher.

at all, but paid \$5 to the false personator and voucher when the papers were delivered to them. Some one on the gang would go into the street, pick up a man, and take him into court, and the vouchers would be ready, after which the gang would go and get their monety." after which the gang would go and get their money."

When John Murphy, who is now in jail for stealing a horse and carriage, was arrested, a few weeks ago, Democratic certificates of naturalization were found on him where he had vouched for seven men and personated one in a single day. James Shawngey, clerk of the Democratic Naturalization Committee, then told him: "Let up on this; you have been seven times to court; this must be done by three or four in a gang." About thirty men from Camden have been brought over and been naturalized, giving their residences at different places in this city; twenty from Chester, eleven in one batch; four from Bynnawr, eight from Jenkentown, four from Montgomery County, seven from the rolling mills, near Haddington, and at least fifty Germans from the breweries, making in all about 400 men who had been naturalized in defendant's presence by fraud, saying that they had taken out minors' papers.

FUETHER ARBESTS.

men who had been naturalized in detenuant's presence by fraud, saying that they had taken out minors' papers.

FUETHER ARBESTS.

John O'Neill, a well-known politician, who keeps a tavern at 10.17 Master street, and Thomas White, also a tavernkeeper, living at 1621 South Eleventh street, were arrested on a warrant sworn out by Alexander Mc-Kenzie, who also states that they had conspired with him to obtain naturalization-papers for him, and succeeded in accomplishing their purpose. At the time McKenzie did not know White, but the latter swore that he had been acquainted with him for a number of years. The accused had a hearing before Magistrate Smith, at the Central Station this afternoon, which occupied a couple of hours, and drew together a large number of Republicans and Democrats. Fully twenty witnesses were called, and it was in evidence that the accused had aided in having numerous foreigners naturalized, swearing that they knew them well, although their knowledge of them was very limited; in fact, they had never seen many of those who were naturalized before they made their appearance in court for that purpose. Clerk Scanlan, of the Prothonotary of the Common Pleas Court office, identified White as the man who had sworn to McKenzie's papers. After the witnesses present had had their say, it was decided to postpone the case until next Tuesday in order to secure additional testimony. White and O'Neil were each held in \$5,000 bail.

prominent leaders about Democratic head-quarters said that it was a most atrocious insult to Gen. Hancock. However, none of them undertook to dispute the historical yalue of Gen. Grant's statement. This interview illustrates Gen. Grant's wonderful memory, for of course he had neither the records nor a copy of them with him at the time of this informal conversation. A gentleman who has recently read all the official correspondence and telegrams on file here between Gen. Grant and Gen. Hancock relative to New Orleans matters, says that Gen. Grant's statement is sustained by the record, so far as it is a matter of record, in every particular. The telegrams to which Gen. Grant refers as having been so expensive, which Hancock sent in reply to a simple inquiry of Gen. Grant, are on file at the War Department, and the telegraphic cost marks on them agree exactly with Gen. Grant's memory of this little detail.

THERE IS ANOTHER CIRCUMSTANCE in connection with the seven million dollars levee bond story which the publication of Gen. Grant's Interview has brought forth, that otherwise would have been forgotten. It is remembered that a gentleman formerly in the employ of John W. Forney, at the time that the latter was editor of the Chronicle in this city, said that about that time John W. Forney was understood to have received \$100,000 in these levee bonds, on account partly of his influence in the Chronicle, and possibly in part for distribution, although it is not known that and distribution was ever made, and that Forney in some way came in possession of them through friends of Gen. Hancock, Inasmuch as John W. Forney has never accounted for the \$25,000 testified to have been paid to him in connection with the Pacific Mail lobby, the receipt of which has not been denied, it is possible that he will not take any notice of this bond story, but if this statement is true, the reason why John W. Forney became so enthusiastic a biographer of Gen. Hancock is possibly discovered. If Sheridan had not removed those officers Forney's bonds might have brought par. THERE IS ANOTHER CIRCUMSTANCE

HIS INTERVIEW WITH THE REV. DR. C. H. FOWLER. [Following are extracts from the conversa tion of Gen. Grant with the Rev. Dr. Fowler, giving points not covered, or only partially covered, by the dispatch in The Tribune of yesterday.]

giving points not covered, or only partially covered, by the dispatch in The Tribune of yesterday.]

"I believe I could [if nominated for President] have broken up the Solid South. Many life-long Democrate in the South had given the strongest assurances of their cordial support, believing that I could deliver them from the evils of a Solid South. Florida is a Republican State, if they have a fair chance. The Republicans are so distributed that they can secure a fair count, except in the north-west corner of the State, where the negroes are chiefly centered, and where the society is like Georgia.—is really a part of Georgia. While I would have received probably but 200 or 200 more votes from the State than Garfield will receive, those few are so located as to secure a fair count in that northwest corner. These are the substantial reasons."

He next discussed Hancock with great minuteness. He said: "I have known him for forty years. He is a weak, valn man. He is the most selfish man I know. He could never jendure to have any one else receive any credit. Though he received all the mention from his superiors he deserved, and often more, he was always displeased that he was not praised more, and that any one else was mentioned at all. He is the most selfish man I know. He was a very good corpscommander. He was a very good corpscommander to hear any one else praised, but can take any amount of flattery."

"Gen. Sheridan was sent to the Department of Louisiana, covering Louisiana and Texas. He is very shrewd and very able. If he is in charge of any field, and there is anything he ought to know in that field, he is sure to know if. He is as able and vigilant an officer as the country has, or as any country has."

"This order [Hancock's No. 40] resulted in the loss of many lives. I know of cases. I can give them. The names and dates are within reac

negroes and Unionists in their neighborhood. They believed in fair play and free speech. They were soon threatened, soon condemned, and the order given among their neighbors for their death. They had to fice in the night. They found an old horse worth about \$10, and mounted him and rode as far as they could out of their neighborhood. Then, by biding by day and traveling, by night, they finally got over into Mexico and to safety. After a long time. When they thought the matter had passed over, they returned to another part of Texas, away from the thoroughfares, hoping to be let alone. Their presence became known, and an order for their arrest on the charge of horse-stealing was issued. They fied to the military camp, and asked to be put in the guardhouse. An ex-Rebel lawyer took up their case, made out the appeal to Gen. Hancock, asking that they might be tried by the military authorities, and and not returned, as they could not have a fair trial where they were charged, nor any trial; that the writ shmp ly meant to murder them. This was sent to Hancock under his Order No. 40. He referred it to the Governor of Texas. The Governor ordered their return. They were taken from the guard-house and returned, and they were burned and suffering, they met death. A band of masked men surrounded the jail and burned it, watching against their escape. They were burned alive. This is some of the fruit of Order No. 40. There are more cases that are abundantly proven."

"General, what can prevent the rule of such a man [as Hancock]?"

that are abundantly proven."

"General, what can prevent the rule of such a man [as Hancock]?"

"We must elect Garfield. He is a great man. He has but few intellectual peers in public life. He is every way worthy."

"What if Hancock should be elected?"

"Then the North would submit quietly and watch closely. As soon as things began to go wrong, every Northern Legislature would be convened and compel their Representatives to resign or resist the Solid South."

"Are you hopeful?"

would be convened and compel their Representatives to resign of resist the Solld South."

"Are you hopeful?"

"Yes. But I expect to witness the most gigantic frauds in Indiana and New York City. Pretext will be sought for throwing out States or parts of States. If the election is thus thrown into the House, then Washburn, of Minnesota, will be thrown out. They are determined to seize the Government, regardless of cost. I hope that many Democrats who will not change will take the alarm and stay at home."

In speaking of Conkling, he said: "I regard him as the greatest mind in public life, or that has been in public life since the beginning of the Government. He has the advantage of having been trained from his very infancy. He had a father of unusual ability, who early taught him to reason, and corrected his errors. He has grown to great proportions. I did not get acquainted with him while I was General of the Army. I was in Washington four years and met him, but did not know him. You know some men chill you by their presence. You feel like keeping yourself in reserve when they are near you. Others draw you out. They warm and cheer you. You immediately cheer up, and you are glad of their presence. When I came to know Conkling, he was always welcome. His external bearing is only external. He has true greatness and simpilicity."

NEW YORK.

at the Central Station this afternoon, which occupied a couple of hours, and drew together a large number of Republicans and Democrats. Fully twenty witnesses were called, and it was in evidence that the accused had aided in having numerous foreigners naturalized, swearing that they knew them well, although their knowledge of them was very limited; in fact, they had never seen many of those who were naturalized before they made their appearance in court for that purpose. Clerk Scanlan, of the Prothonotary of the Common Pleas Court office, identified White as the man who had sworn to McKenzie's papers. After the witnesses present had had their say, it was decided to postpone the case until next Tuesday in order to secure additional testimony. White and O'Neill were each held in \$5,000 ball.

GEN. GRANT.

EXCITEMENT OVEB THE INTERVIEW IN WASHINOTON.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINOTON.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK.

GOOD WORK IN NEW JERSEY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Republican causel in New Jersey is flourishing, and a great deal of activity prevails. There is an immense demand for campaign documents from all parts of the State, and speakers are busy in every town and city. The business-men and workingmen in general appear to be opening them. The tariff question is thoroughly arousing them to consider what will be the result should the Solid South be victorious at the National election. The headquarters in Jersey City were thronged by visitors to-day. A great deal of hard work is being done, and with more than usual effect.

WASHINOTON.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Republican causel in New Jersey is flourishing, and a great deal of activity prevails. There is an immense demand for campaign documents from all parts of the State, and speakers are busy in every town and city. The business-men and vorkingmen in general appear to be opening them. The t

out the State, some of whom have hitherto worked with the Democratic party, but they say that this year they will vote for Garfield and Arthur, as business is good in all parts of the country."

MEETINGS IN PROSPECT.

senator Blaine have consented to speak for this Club.

Morr "Harriony."

The Democracy of this city made their latest attempt to arrive at peace and harmony at the Winchester Hotel to-day. The result of the day's wringle has been a complete victory for Tammany. The Cincinnati renegade, who was kicked out of the Convention because he did not regularly represent the Democracy of New York, has not only got himself and friends into the State Committee and monopolized that organization, but he has seized upon the entire machinery and patronage of the party in New York. City and in the State. At the conference to-day it was resolved to hold two sets of Conventious, the Tammany and Irving Hall people each nominating their own men. These Conventions, according to the arrangement made, are to occur on the same day. When the Tammany people have nominated their candidates they are to notify frying Hall and ask that organization to indorse them. This process will alternate until the Congressional, County, Municipal, and Assembly District Conventions will have been held. The Congressional Conventions will be held Oct. 18, the County Conventions Oct. 14, the Municipal Conventions Oct. 15, the Assembly District Conventions Oct. 16. This arrangement is regarded as a complete surrender of Irving Hall to Tammany, by which John Kelly will be enabled to name, a list of candidates of his own selection, from the Mayor and Congressmen down to the Aldermen. This is another case of Jonah swallowing the whale.

STILL APART.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Tammany and Irving Hall conference to-night falled to agree which wing of the Democracy should nominate the candidate for Mayor.

CLARK CARR AT ELMIRA.

Special Dispatch to The Obicage Tribura.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Col. Clark E. Carr, of Illinois, addressed a large and en-

CLARK CARE AT ELMIRA.

Special Disputes to The Obicage Tribuna.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Col. Clark E. Carr, of Illinois, addressed a large and enthusiastic Republican meeting at the wigwam in this city to-night. The speech was replete with sound argument and telling hits against the Democracy. He showed how largely the great commercial interests of New York are dependent upon Republican success. He showed that the great prosperity in this State was due entirely to Republican statesmanship, and that a change of Admistration must be a slight to the business interests of New York. He said that however the Democratic State of Indiana may go, it is clear that New York, true to her own interests, will stand by the Republican party. He said that in her entire history New York had never been known to yote against a party under whose Administration she had prospered, as she is prospering at the present time. He contrasted Gen. Hancock with Gen. Sheridan, and paid a glowing tribute to Gen. Sheridan, which elicited unbounded applause. Col. Carr speaks at Binghamton to-morrow and at Hudson Thursday.

ANOTHER ROORBACH.

A PREACHER AT IT THIS TIME. Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribuns,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5.—The Rev. A. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5.—The Rev. A. F. Mason, of this city, is quoted in the New York papers as making the following absurd statement at the opening of the Baptist ministers' meeting in regard to events at the time of President Hayes' inauguration: "It isn't generally known that every Republican and nearly every Democrat in Washington was under arms on March 4, 1877, when Hayes was inaugurated. Clergymen had trained with regiments, and with arms in their hands. This isn't all. Through some mysterious means the press hasn't published the fact that when the carriage was conveying the President up Pennsylvania avenue on that March 4 an attempt was made to assasinate him. The carriage was torn in the struggle, so, you see we feel a great strain on us in Wash-The carriage was torn in the struggle, so, you see we feel a great strain on us in Washington." The story of the attempt to assasinate President Hayes was the invention of a detective named Maxwell, formerly on the police force of Springfield, Mass. He pretended to have discovered a plot to kill Mr. Hayes, and prevailed on those interested at Columbus to let him come out here and ride to Washington in the President's car and

AUBORA.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

AUBORA, AUBORA, Ill., Oct. & The Hon. J. M. Hamilton, of Bloomington, State Senator and Republican candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, addressed a large meeting in the City-Hall to-night. A torch-light procession previously took place, composed of several local companies, which made a brilliant display.

OAKLAND.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribuna.

OAKLAND, Ill., Oct. & This place, usually very quiet and unaccustomed to crowds, was the scene to-day of the grandest Republican demonstration in either Coies or Douglas County this campaign. Early, farmers' wagons came in loaded with people; bands from adjoining towns marched in at the bead of large delegations; and it seemed that the entire population for miles around was in procession, marching, cheering, and making entiresisted demonstrations for their party principles and leaders, Long before the speaking commenced the Wigwam was so crowded that an immense crowd resigned

clamorously demanded songs from the Glee Club, and compelled the Club to sing every campaign song in their repertoire. If any club assists the Republican cause, this one surely does

At night the crowd had been increased by Democrats who were afraid to be seen by the lash-swingers of their party "aiding and abetting" the Republicans with their presence. The crowd formed into a torchlight procession, and marched through town, showing that their enthusiasm was unabated. The assemblage was addressed by Thomas E. Bundy, of Tuscola, our candidate for the Legislature. His address was an able one. He began by passing an eloquent eulogy on Mr. Cannon, and then discussed the most important issues involved in the present contest. This neighborhood furnished a great many soldiers, many of whom never returned. When the speaker adverted to Wade Hampton's sueech at Staunton. Va. and then in eloquentand pathetic terms asked his audience how those galiant souls whose dust lay ir unknown Southern graves would vote were they present, tears filled the eyes of those who mourned for their kindred who died for their country. The speaker was in

next November.

FIFTEENTH ILLINOIS.

Special Correspondence of The Calcage Tribuna.
PARIS, Ill., Oct. 4.—I see a paragraph in The Tribuna of Friday last, stating that Col. J. W. Filler, one of the Democratic candidates for Congress in this (the Fifteenth) district, had withdrawn from the race, and left the field to John R. Edea, under promise from the Democratic Campaign Committee that they would recommend Filler for a clerkship in one of the departments at Washington. Such is not the case. It is well known here that, after resorting to every other subterfuge to get Filler off the track, Eden made a visit to Springfield to consult the Democratic Central Committee in the premises. He misrepresented the facts in regard to the Newton Convention, and succeeded in making the Central Committee believe that he was fairly nominated by a majority of the delegrates at that Convention.

Having "set up things" to his satisfaction with the Central Committee, he returned home and addressed a letter to Col. Filler, in which he agreed to leave the question as to who should withdraw to said Committee. Col. Filler pelled to his letter, taking the ground that it was not the province of the Central Committee to interfere with matters that pertained only to the voters of the Fifteenth District; that they were the proper tribunal to which such matters should be referred for settlement. Filler proposed to Eden, some time ago, that he would withdraw if Eden would, and refer the matter back to the people to settle the question; but Eden refused.

There is a bitter feeling against Eden in the district, and especially in this county, where he will not poil over 100 votes. He has been a bitter opponent for several years of the claims of R. N. Bishop, of this city, for the candidacy for Congress; and betrayed another candidate for the same honor,—A. J. Hunter,—standing in the way of the latter for the nomination when he (Hunter) was a candidate. This has engendered a hearty hatred for Eden on the part of Bishop, Hunter, and their friends,

JUDGE NELSON.

JUDGE NELSON.

JUGGE William E. Nelson, of Decatur, addressed the Democracy at the Court-House in this city last Thursday night. This gentleman served one term as Circuit Judge in this district, and was a candidate for another term, and might have been elected had it not been for his Democratte friends. detective manded Anarvell, formerely on the sended to have discovered a plot to All Mr. Hayes, and provailed on these inforested at Columbus to let him come out here and ride to Washington in the President's car and proverly reard him. Upon inauguration-day Menoral Management of the President's carriage and keep a look of the President rewarded him for this and in the regular raws. Soon side houses man, The President rewarded him for this and in the regular raws. Soon side houses are resident to the look of the President rewarded him for this and the thing of the president rewarded him for this and the thing of the president rewarded him for this and the regular raws. Soon side houses are resident to the resident raws and the result in president the wastried and found as me period to keeper different persons, and was tried and sendenced to an imprisonment which he is now serving out.

CONNECTICUT.
The TOWN REGIONS.**
New Havras, Conn., Qct. S.—Of 148 towns heard from, seventy-five are carried by Bapailleans, affry-five by Democratis, and through the president rewarded the president of the president raws. The Democratis, and through the president raws and the result has little point in most towns, and the result has little point in most towns, and the result has the point of the president raws. The president raws are carried by Bapaillean, affry-ke Democratic, and fifteen required to the president raws and the president raws and the president raws and the result has the president raws and the result has the president raws and the result has a president raw of the president raws and the president raws and the president r

ANOTHER DEMOCRATIC MISSTATEMENT,
Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribuna.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5.—Disputches
were received here to-day stating that the
Democrats are circulating in Ohio and Indiana a circular pretending to have been issued
by the Republican Congressional Committee,
urging claim-agents to contribute to Gar-

A GOOD OUTLOOK final survey of the ground, the hopeful. They take that the progen. Grant with the Boys in Riprominent Republican speakers, in g days of the campaign, will heffect. The fact, too, that in necticut town elections there he Republican gains, is taken very hopeful indication by the Refor its effect in Indiana and Ohio, a for its influence in Connecticut its Democrats, however, are endeay

Mr. McPherson, Secretary of the an Congressional Committee, ha turned from Pennsylvania. He sar Democratic claim to be able to State it absurd, as it is certain to field a majority of from 20,000 Sensible Democrats in Pennsylvania anadones. PENNSYLVANIA.

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 5.—The

CONGRESSIONAL.

THIRTEENTH DISTRIC Special Dispatch to The Chicago BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Oct. 5.—I fight is growing hotter and notice

campaign is to be held in Bloomington the 20th, when either Conkling or Blains at Logan, will speak. The Arsenal Band of Louis will be present, and there will be torchlight procession, participated in by a the uniformed companies within fifty mile of the city.

SECOND WISCONSIX.

SPECIAL Dispates to The Catego Tricks.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 3.—A letter in Jefferson to-day says that the Democrate the Second Congressional District have a foot a scheme for the election of J. Gregory over L. B. Caswell. It is the instation of 1,500 or 2,000 laborers to work at the new branch of the Chicago & Northweern Road who can be depended upon to we the Democratic ticket. Col. W. I. Vilas is attorney for the Northweern Road, and he is a warm permanded political friend of Gregory. That it Vilas would lend himself to such a project ic politicians about Madison and Jeffens sufficiently unscrupnious to perpetrate in fraud. If the Republicans are not extremy vigilant the fight in the Second District whe bitter and desperate, Gregory, the Descratic nominee, being the local attorney the St. Paul Company and having its intence; but unless extensive frauda are pritted Caswell is sure of a majority.

SIXTH WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 5.—The Greenbackmathe Sixth District to-day nominated L. Stwart, of Berlin, for Congress.

SIXTEENTH PENNSTLVANIA.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Oct. 5.—The Democrate the Thirteenth District thave nominated L. Stwart, of Berlin, for Congress.

THEFTENTH NEW YORK.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Oct. 5.—The Democrate the Thirteenth District have renominated the Thirteenth District have nominated the Thirteenth District have nominated the Thirteenth District have nominated the Thirteenth District have renominated the Beach for Congress.

FIRST MASSACHUSETTS.

MIDDLEBORO, MASS., Oct. 5.—The Democrate Congressional nomination in the Fig

BOSTON, OCT. 5.—Leopoid Morse has seen the nomination by a portion of the delegate the Fourth District Congressional Conversion which William A. Gaston was also nominated the control of the delegate the control of the cont

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

A RED-HOT CAMPAIGN.

Special Correspondence of The Calcase framers are turning their attemption of State, the farmers are turning their attemption of the State, the farmers are turning their attemption of the Eighteenth District, and heating. Our people and speakers are dead earnest, and telling blows are bridge and are seen to the from press and orators are doing their attemption of the seeming pressure which the Democrated in the public mind immediately lowing Hancock's nomination has died before the sober second thought of the ple, and desperation seems to have upon the Democratic local press and earn incident of the desperate means to when the ple, and desperation seems to have upon the Democratic local press and earn incident of the desperate means to have allowed the sober second thought of the ple, and desperation seems to have upon the Democratic local press and the An incident of the desperate means to when the sundown and light, the figures "329" were planted in the sundown and light, the figures "329" were planted in the brush perhaps an inch in dimean the leaders of the public mind was the leaders of the Democracy had pated; instead of inspiring the wealens it had the contrary effect if disgusting driving them from the support of a that would resort to so low and contains a campaign trick as the defacting of the walks, walls, porches, and doorways whole town, in the vain attempt to red down the throats of their more hones lowers the Credit Mobilier lic and upon Gen. Garfield, which their local and orators, after persistent efforts to lish, were forced to abandon by the presort engage and contains and orators, after persistent efforts to lish, were forced to abandon by the presort engage and contains and orators, after persistent efforts to lish, were forced to abandon by the presort engage and contains and orators, after persis EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

On the other hand, Republicans a MORE EARNEST AND ENTHUSE Hampton's "Solid South"; Bell Rebel General Pension-Commits man's opposition to pensions; double record of Gettysburg and so, the general setting down of Confederate Congress upon Union and the further face, established in mind, that the old Rebel Pro-Slaverals are bent on taking possession affairs as they did in '80, with "Sta as the rock of their faith, provides the President, which, acc Toombs, means Hancock, are salarm to the sturdy, thinking massesple, who are not yet ready to ta Salp of State over to its enemites fer the ills we have rather than they know not of. The party that country has their sympathy, as you han November comes, in Souther Capt. Thomas,

em sister counties of the North no fears but that the Repu-"Exypt" are alive, and will a creased Republican majorities, offset to the Solid South.

HEBELS TEI.

THE UNION PLAG NOT ALLOWED AT HUNTINGTON, W. V.

Special to Cincinnati Commerce
HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Oct. 4.—
erats, numbering 200 or 300 stro
jambored on Third avenue on
hight, and were addressed by Jac
their candidate for Governor.
speech was full of the Rebel rin
ginning to end. He declared if
Garfield should be elected it was
tion of the Republican party to

NOTES.

NOTES.
THE PEACEFUL SOUT
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5.—
ing telegram from Atlanta. Ga.,
by the Internal Revenue But
The body of armed men who
cred the property held for vic
United States Internal Rever
Palton Friday night last wore
and gowns, and their horses
with sheets. I have visited De
tained some evidence. The in
progressing favorably.

REGISTRATION IN NEW
NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The total
to-day in this city was 73,570.

THE PRESIDE

Presidential Party Wars
by the People of That B
PORTLAND, Orc., Oct. 4.—The
party to-day left Vancouver's
Wide West, and proceeded up
River to Dalles. Along the riverted the party in a cordiain
Cascades the President was greet
and Common Council of Dalles.
The meeting of the President's
tee of officials and citizens fro
apper cascades was informal,
were made. The party was so
Hassale, brought down by the
tee, who had decorated the ste
and flowers. At the lower
cades large crowds which
were streeted by the President's
were reseted by the President's
februge of the Cascade C
vited the President and mem
works. The Hassalo steamed
the whole party. The Presiden's
interested, and asked many qu
proposed improvement, and is
liver commerce and the into
Cregon. The novelty in the we
thirty-seven resounding blast
succession by workmen at the
sage up the Dalles was without.
The wharfboat at Dalles and
diately back of it were crowde
to reached her landing cheer
stiven as the President, Gen. Sh
were recognized. The Presiden's
for a speech, but simply than
their cordial greeting, and int
launsey, who made a talk of fi
Bherman was then introduces
fromer visit to Oregon. Mrs
for and bowed her response.
The party immediately be
waiting, and moved off am
planta. A stooppage was mad
the town where the former is
was reacted, and seven miles
train halted and the party w
harrows, where the waters of
in through a 200 foot channe
solid rock, and attempts to
were unsuccessfully made, j
were, making the best throw
It has been determined to
Thursday night, and the 'w
Walla-Walla to-right has bee
party will embark on the
Gueen and remain on bourd
to-morrow morroins they will
formaniny decorated her
draperies of bunting, and
brush. The night ride up it
ful. Under the loadership
party revolved into a choir,
at li o'clock the Queen the
walla-Walla, was Judge M
walla-Wall

PENNSYLVANIA

THE RECENT ELECTION. LE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 5.—The v

CONGRESSIONAL.

eros, Ill., Oct. 5.—The politic wing hotter and hotter in McLe and the Thirteenth Congression.

The Heretofore the canvass has seted free from personalities; but the sanction of Mr. 86

uniformed companies within fifty miles acity.

SECOND WISCONSIN.

SECO

WAUKEE, Oct. 5.—The Greenbackersol xth District to-day nominated L. A. rt, of Berlin, for Congress.

SIXTRENTH PENNSYLVANIA LIAMSPORT, Pa., Oct. 5.—The Demonstrated of the Sixteenth District nominated Kirk for Congress.

THIRTEENTH NEW YORK. GHKEEPSIE, Oct. 5.—The Democrated Litteenth District have nominated Ed-L. Gaul for Congress. SECOND MASSACHUSETTS.
ON, Mass., Oct. 5.—The Republicant
Second District have renominated B.
rris for Congress.

FIRST CONNECTICUT. FIRST CONNECTICUT.

TFORD, Conn., Oct. 5.—The Democration of the Period FIRST MASSACHUSETTS. DLEBORO, Mass., Oct. 5.—The Demo-congressional nomination in the First t is Charles G. Davis.

FOURTH MASSACHUSETTS.

ON, Oct. 5.—Leopoid Morse has accepted ination by a portion of the delegates of urth District Congressional Convention by William A. Gaston was also nominated.

GHTEENTH DISTRICT. A RED-HOT CAMPAIGN. ENEYVILLE, Ill., Oct. 4.—When ng about over in this portion of the farmers are turning their attention rnestly to politics. The campaign in the Eighteenth District, and s in the Eighteenth District, and siling arnest, and telling blows are being the Eighteenth Eighteenth

Movember comes, in Southern Illinois.

CAPT. THOMAS,
andidate for Congress, is making a
granvass of the district, addressing
sof the stalwart yomanary everywhere
a leaving strongly fixed upon their
the importance to the Nation of anRepublican triumph. His opponent,
artzell, the second choice of his own
labors under the impending certainty
leat staring him in the face, and is not
ently creating any stir among his

There is no doubt of Thomas' election, and ear sister counties of the North need have no fears but that the Republicans of "Exypt" are alive, and will roll up increased Republican majorities, worthy an offset to the Solid South.

AT HUNTINGTON, W. VA.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Oct. 4.—The Demo ering 200 or 300 strong, held a amboree on Third avenue on Saturday ight, and were addressed by Jacob Jackson, heir candidate for Governor. Jackson's peech was full of the Rebel ring from be-inning to end. He declared that if Gen. arfield should be elected it was the inten-Garfield should be elected it was the inten-tion of the Republican party to keep him there for life. He succeeded in arousing the old Rebel spirit to such a degree that after the performance some of them marched down to the river bank, cut and nauled down the ropes of the Republican flar-pole so that the flar cannot be elevated, and the banner-pole stands there to-day as a monument of Demo-cratic bate for the American flag.

Previous to this they tore down a neat flarfield pole, erected by a son of Col. E. E. Ward in front of his father's elegant resi-tence.

mag is allowed to float in the village. In 1872, seven years after the close of the War, the Methodist Episcopal Church put up a flag to attract attention to a festival going on in their hall. During the night the Rebels took down the flag and tore it into shreds.

Jackson left here Sunday rejoicing over the victory he felt to have achieved over the Republicans and over the spirit he aroused in is audience.

NOTES THE PEACEFUL SOUTH.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5.—The followgram from Atlanta, Ga., was received by the Internal Revenue Bureau to-day eued the property held for violation of the United States Internal Revenue laws at Dalton Friday night last wore black masks and gowns, and their horses were covered with sheets. I have visited Dalton and obtained some evidence. The investigation is progressing favorably.

REGISTRATION IN NEW YORK. New YORK, Oct. 5.—The total registration to-day in this city was 73,570.

THE PRESIDENT.

A Trip Up the Columbia River—The Presidential Party Warmly Received by the People of That Region.

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 4.—The President and party to-day left Vancouver's on the steamer Wide West, and proceeded up the Columbia River to Dalles. Along the river the residents received the party in a cordial mannar. At the Cascades the President was greeted by the Mayor and Common Council of Dalles.

The meeting of the President and the committee of officials and citizens from Dalles at the apper cascades was informal, and no speeches were made. The party was soon on board the Bassale, brought down by the Dalles Committee, who had decorated the steamer with colors Hassale, brought down by the Dailes Committee, who had decorated the steamer with colors and flowers. At the lower and upper cascades large crowds which had collected were greeted by the President with his accustomed cordiality. Maj. Powell, in charge of the Cascade Canal work, invited the President and members to visit the works. The Hassale steamed over and landed he whole party. The President seemed much interested, and asked many questions about the proposed improvement, and as to its effect on fiver commerce and the interests of Eastern Oregon. The novelty in the way of a salute was hirty-seven resounding blasts set off in quick succession by workmen at the locks. The passage up the Dalles was without incident.

mirty-even resounding blasts set off in quex succession by workmen at the locks. The passage up the Dalles was without incident.

The wharfboat at Dalles and the cliffs immediately back of it were crowded. As the Hassabo reached her landing cheer after cheer was liven as the President, Gen. Sherman, and others were recognized. The President was called on for a speech, but simply thanked the crowd for their cordial greeting, and introduced Scoretary sames, who made a talk of five minutes. Gen. Steman was then introduced and spoke of his femer visit to Oregon. Mrs. Hayes was called for and bowed her response.

The party immediately boarded a train in waiting, and moved off amid deafening applause. A stoppage was made in the centre of the town where the former scene of enthusials mas reacted, and seven miles above Dalles the train halted and the party walked down to the harrows, where the waters of the Columbia rush in through a 200 foot channel between walls of solid rock, and attempts to cast rocks across were unsuccessfully made, the President, however, making the best throw by several foet. It has been determined to return to Portland hunday night, and the attempt to reach walls—walla to-finght has been abandoned. The land the marked of the party will embark on the steamer Harvest Guene and remain on bourd all night, and early bemorrow morning they will take the train at Umatilia and reach Walla-Walla at 10 in the forencon. They will return to Dalles next vednosday, and hold a recognition there is the steamer.

wednesday, and hold a recoption there in the treening.

UMATILIA, Oct. 5.—At 3 o'clock yesterday the Presidential party left the care at John Day's liver and took passage on the steamboat flarvest Queen. The officers of the boat had elaborately decorated her with banners, and draperies of bunting, and festoons of sage brush. The night ride up the river was delightful. Under the leadership of Mrs. Hayes, the party resolved into a choir, and spent two hours or more in a concert performance.

At 11 o'clock the Queen tied up till morning. She arrived here s. 5:45, when a committee from Walla-Walla, with Judge Mix at its head, was in waiting with a special train. The dock here was crowded, and as pecial train. The dock here was rowded, and special train. The dock here was crowded, and special train. The dock here was rowded, and special train. The dock here was crowded, and special train merely following.

WALLA WALLA, W. T., Oct. 5.—The passage of the Presidential party from Umatilla to this dity, fity-sive miles, was made without special incident, the train arriving shortly after 11 o'clock. Pive companies of mounted treops were in waiting at the depot, drawn up in order,

FIRE RECORD.

MINE FIRE.

Denves, Colo., Oct. 5.—The Republican's Leadville special says: "A fire started at 5 o'clock yesterday morning in the shaft-house of the old Vulcan shaft, in the Chrysolite Mine, caused by a sick miner dropping a candle. The building was consumed, and the burning débris feil into the shaft, setting it afire. The Vulcan connects with the Chrysolite, Little Chief, Ame, Climax, and Little Pittsburg Mines by levels at a depth of 120 feet, all of which filled with earbonic acid and smoke, driving the men from their work of constructing buikheads 620 feet away. Twelve men were overcome by smoke and barely saved. After great trouble the buikheads were built, preventing the fire from speeding, and the stames are now confined to a radius of thirty feet from the Vulcan shaft, and are completely under control. All the shafts are hermetically closed to exclude draughts, and will remain so for four days. Work will be suspended in all the mines for a week and persups longer. Nobody was seriously hurt. The damage is about \$20,000. MINE FIRE.

kitchen, took fire at 10 o'clock this r

in this city, and almost instantly thereafter the compartment was filled with flames. The employee in the mill had hardly time to get out of the burning building before the flames had gained such headway as to be unextinguishable. The loss is estimated at \$35,000; insured for \$16,-

AT GRANT, N. Y.

ILION, Herkimer Co., N. Y., Oct. 5.—A dispatch from Grant, in this county, announces the destruction by fire there of the tannery and the grist-mill of T. J. Woodruff, the machine-shop

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune, La Chosse, Wis., Oct. 5.—The sawmill of C. H. Nichole & Co., at Onalaska, a few miles above here on I ack River, was destroyed by fire to-night, the fire catching in the engine-room. The mill was ralued at \$20,000, and was insured for \$6,000. Considerable lumber was destroyed, but is covered by insurance. The mill will probably be rebuilt

AT WATERBURY, CONN. WATERBURY, Conn., Oct. 5.—Two of the largest buildings, comprising the Holmes, Booth & Hay-den works, containing many costly machines and tools, burned (his evening. Estimated loss, \$200,000; well insured.

AT GEORGETOWN, S. C. CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 5.—A fire at Georgetown, in this State, yesterday, destroyed several buildings. Mrs. Easterling, in whose house the fire began, perished in the flames.

THE EPIZOOTIC. Its Increase in New York City.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

New York, Oct. 5.—The epidemic now raging among the horses is spreading to all the animals in the stables of the car and stage companies. It is estimated that nearly 4,000 car-horses, two-thirds of the stage-horses, and many of the animais in use by large express companies, are now suffering from the disease, and a large propo tion of all the other borses in the city, including tion of all the other borses in the city, including some of the best trotters in private stables, are also affected. No fatal cases have been heard of as yet, and this is accounted for by some by the supposition that the disease has not yet reached its hight. Alarming symptoms have not yet developed themselves, but there are many horsemen who argue that it is only a question of a few days, at most, before the disease will have a good hold, and then the epidemic will equal that of 1872. On the other hand most of the superintendents of the larger stables say that the animals are only afflicted with a very light form of the disease, and no serious results need be anticipated if the proper remedies are promptly administered.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 5.—The epizoötic is prevalent in the city. There have been some fatal cases.

CANADA.

Cruel Treatment of a Prisoner.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. &—A case is to be submitted to the American Consul which charges that James Montgomery, a citizen of the United States, at present in the Central Prison, has been treated with great cruelty. The case states that the prisoner, for refusing to work owing to illness, was sentenced to seventy-two hours in a lark cell, and the next morning the Doctor ordered him out, as he was suffering from heart-disease. The Warden then ordered that he should be given thirty lashes. Mont-gomery refused to strip or put himself in a position for flogging. Six prison in a position for flogging. Six prison officials then overpowered him, and the Warden frequently struck the man when he was down across the head with his walking stick, and when at length he was stripped and strapped to the triangle, one of the guards struck him in the face with his closed fist, blackening both eyes, and after receiving fiteen lashes, the unfortunate man fatured, and when he recovered by dashing water in his face, he was given nine lashes more, when he again became losensible. The Warden wanted to continue the punishment but the Doctor interfered, and the prisoner was remanded to bis cell, and pext morning was ordered seventy-two hours in the dark cell, during twenty-five of which he was chained up to the cell in a painful position. Montgomery is now undergoing punishment, and it is likely that Mr. Howels, American Consul, will either demand an investigation or lay an information for assault against the Warden of the Central Prison, so that the matter may be looked into.

HANCOCK JUMPS A CLAIM.

His Early Exploits with the Bayonet

In Los Angeles.

Letter to Sun Prancisco Chronicle.

As I am not fully reported in this morning's issue in the statement I made concerning Gen. Hancock's actions when he was a Quartermaster and stationed at Los Angeles in 1880, and that there may be no mistake concerning the facts, I give you the following:

In 1859-80 George Gilbert formed a copartnership with Charles Hosmer, then a merchant of San Francisco, for the purpose of distriling the naphtha found if the "brea," or asphaltum springs upon the public domain near Los Angeles. Mr. Gilbert set up his laboratory in the hills, and hauled the liquid brea to his works. Upon examination in the United States Land Onice and finding that it was vacant public land, Mr. Gilbert located a preemption claim upon it, and a Mr. Reynolds located on an adjoining tract. A house was created by Gilbert, and he took up his residence in it. His experiments proving to be a success, a rival company was formed, consisting of Capt. W. S. Hancock. J. Lancaster Breat, Dr. Welsh, and others, who were determined to wrest the possession of the land from Gilbert and Reynolds. Hancock sent out men who were in the employ of the Quartermaster's department, or who had been recently discharged, armed them with revolvers, and took forcible possession of the land and put up a fence around the springs. These men for several days did duty as sentries. Mr. Gilbert called upon me and took me out in a burger to see the condition of things. I found it to be as stated, and the men were still on guard. A few days after Gilbert and Reynolds armed themselves,

CRIMINAL NEWS.

A PHENOMENAL CRIME.

ROBBED BY CONDUCTORS. purchasers to leave Denver on a certain train, thereby taking them through to Kansas City under the supervision of the three conductors engaged in the conspiracy. The amount stolen

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

HOPKINTON, In., Oct. 5.—Mr. Tappin, late landlord of the Central House, at Hopkinton, has been arrested and placed in jall for the crime of incendiarism. A morgage on his hotel was foreclosed a year ago, and the time for redemption was to expire on the 29th of Sep-tember. On Wednesday he told one of the ser-vant-girls to seek other quarters, as the hotel would be burned that night. After the fire Tappin disappeared, and was discovered in an old building and arrested. He is well known in Delaware County, O.

LYNCHERS WANT HIM. LYNCHERS WANT HIM.

SEDALIA, Mo., Oct. 5.—The Democrat has a special saying: Mrs. A. G. Byler, wife of a iswyer living a mile from California, Mo., was brutally ravished this morning by a negro tramp, who went to her house and beggeff for victuals. While she was handing him something to eat he knocked her senseless, accomplished his design, and fled. The country is being scoured by clithans, and if the brute is caught he will be lynched. Mrs. Byler is in a critical condition.

THE INDIAN MURDERER. LAKE CITY, Colo., Oct. 5.—Neither the name for fate of the murderer of Sapahanor late of the murderer of sapana-naro's son isyet known. All is quiet at Los Pinos, but the situation is crit-ical, and fears are entertained that there may ret be trouble. Agent Bearry and Commissioner Meacham have so far held the Utes in check, and will probably continue to do so if sustained by prompt action on the part of the Govern-ment.

SHOT BY TRAMPS. Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribuna, FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 5.—A Wabash Railway conductor named Whittaker attempted to put tramps off his train last night, near Wavery, and was shot in the arm and head, receiving FATALLY SHOT.

olittie fatally shot P. A. Golden, a se of the Denver & South Park H caused by a quarrel about an old shanty which the section-men had been sleeping in. CHARGED WITH POISONING.

Como, Colo., Oct. 5.-Yesterday morning John

HARRISBURG, Oct. 5.—Robert Maril, colored, has been arrested charged with attempting to poison his wife, three children, and stepfather, at their home in Charlestown, W. Va. DEATH SENTENCE. ELMIRA, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Joseph Abbott, on trial for the murder of a fellow-convict at the Re-

INDICTED. TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 5.—The United States Grand Jury has indicted Charles H. Voorhees member of Congress, for embezzling moneys of the Hackensack Bank.

EXTRADITED. QUEBEC, Oct. 5.—Judge Caron to-day gave an order for the extradition of Zink, alias Brooks, barged with forgery in Columbus, O.

CASUALTIES.

A FALLING ARCH. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
IBSON CITY, Ill., Oct. 5.—This city was Grison City, Ill., Oct. 5.—This city was shocked this afternoon by the most appalling accident that has ever occurred bere, and one which has bereft one family already and has east a deep gloom over the community. At the the factory of Spalding & Eggleston men have been at work some time, engaged in erecting a new tile-klin. This afternoon the arch had been completed, and six men went under it to remove the supports on which it had rested until the keystone was inserted. They worked steadily and unsuspicious of danger, a large number of persons watching them, until the last support was knocked out, when, without a moment's warning, the ponderons arch gave way and the six men were caught as in a trap, completely buried by thousands of brick. Those standing near gave the alarm, and in a few moments citizens seized implements and quite soon had removed the brick and debris from the crushed men. Three of the men were dangerously injured, being cut, bruised, and bloody. One was slightly injured. Frederick Hummell and Thomas Nelson were taken out in an unconscious condition and taken to their bomes. In less than two hours Hummell was dead. He was fearfully crushed and manugled about the bead and body. Nelson is believed to be mortally injured. It is thought he cannot live until morning. One or two of the others are in a precarious condition. Hummell was married and leaves a family. There is much wonder as to the cause of the accident, as the arch was believed to be of perfect construction.

POISONED BY INOCULATION. CRESTLINE, O., Oct. 4.-Frank Hatfield, clerk for, and now managing, C. A. Spencer's drug-store while Mr. Spencer is visiting in Connectiout, at 5 o'clock this morning broke astrychn bottle, the giase cutting a fliger until it bled. He neglected to wash it off for twenty minutes, and the poison was taken into the circulation of the blood. Drs. Jenner, Bennett, and Booth are doing all that medical skill can avail to save his life, but it now looks as though he must die.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

Ottawa, Ill., Oct. 5.—A man supposed to be Thomas Meivin, of New Haven, Conn., received fatal injuries from a passing freight train on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad inst night, from which he died this afternoon. He was intoxicated at the time the accident occurred. An inquest was held this evening, and the verdict exonorated the railroad company from all blame. He was E years of age.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 5.—While two bro Kansas Cirr, Mo., Oct. 5.—Welle two brothers named Hyers were hunting near Liberty, in Clay County, this afternoon, one of them was accidentally killed by the discharge of a gun in the hands of the other. They were shooting ducks in a marsh, and while wading through some brush the weapon went off, blowing the back of Jacob Hyers' head from his shoulders. Death was instantaneous.

IMPALED IN A WELL. BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 5.—While Max Walter was going down into a well to clean it his foot dipped, and he fell to the bottum and was im-

BITTEN BY A DOG.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 5.—Frank Church
san, a prominent bunker, had his left han
adiy mangied by a vicious dog this afternoon
he animal is kept at the bank for protection
ad suddenly seized Churchinan upon the latter's
spearance in the bank court at the close of
miness. Serious results are not apprenended

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. &—Thomas J. Hill, son of J. M. Hill, a prominent merchant of this city. was run over and killed by an out-going train on the Charleston Railroad this morning.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 5.—By the explosion of gasoline three children of William Clark, a leading business-man, were fatally burned. His wife is not expected to recover.

LOCAL CRIME.

FRAUDULENT WATCHMAKING.
Mr. W. H. Rickhoff is in a trouble quite as sous as it is complicated. From the record on it. Justice Hammer's, he has been in the beautiful.

EMBEZZLEMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS MISCELLANBOUS.

John Brnbaker is locked up at the West Mad son Street Station charged with robbery by Jacob Freiler, a young and very green yout who recently came to the city from the country locking for employment. The boy positively identifies the prisoner as the man whom he me in a Canai-street saloon, and who, under pretence that he would get him a good situation with a butcher, led him to a burn in the vicinity and there brutally assaulted and robbed him of 4 cash,—all the mopey he had.

David Burke, 21 years of age, whose parents

wealth was concealed, and that at his first opportunity he would help himself to it.

H. H. Alvord, of No. 3833 Cottage Grove avenue, was arranged yesterday before Justice
Wallace at the Armory Police Court on the
charge of selling liquor to minors and also allowing minors to play pool and dice in his
saloon. On the first charge he was sheld over to
the Criminal Court under bonds of \$300, and on
the second charge he was fined \$15 and costs.

D. Bacigalupe, of No. 374 Cottage Grove avenue, and Henry Manse, of No. 337 Grove street,
arrested on the same charges, took a change of
venue to Justice Summerfield, and had their
cases continued until Saturday.

cases continued until Saturday.

Ann Bodec and Mrs. S. M. Harper are at the Madison Street Station charged with arson by a family named Gough, who live on the second floor of a three-story brick tenemeni-bouse at No. 39 Desplaines street. Monday afternoon at 4:25 o'clock, and again at midnight, fire was discovered in a small closet in the building, but in each instance it was extinguished with small damage. The closet was filled with straw and corn husks, and the fire was plainly enough an incendiary one. The Gouchs have some evidence against Mrs. Bodec, and it is current talk in the neighborhood that she and Mrs. Harper know more about the origin of the fire than any one else. Mrs. Bodec had been ejected from the building, and had made threats, it is said, to get even.

SOUND IN HIS FAITH.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 5.—At a meeting of the Presbytery of Philadelphia Central to-day, the Committee in the case of the Rev. Walter Q. the Committee in the case of the Rev. Walter Q. Scott presented a report. It states that, in view of the facts, the judgment of the Committee was that the Professor's character as a Presbyterian was unimpaired, and his docternal soundness could not be impugned. They therefore did not see why a judicial process should be entered upon. The report was adopted by the Presbytery. Scott was Professor of Moral Science and English Literature in the Wooster University. Ohio, which position he resigned under rumors of hereay. The Professor stated to the Presbytery he was a better Presbyserian now than he ever was, and was not conscious of any defection in doctrine or polity. QUINCY'S OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

QUINCY'S OUTSTANDING DEBIS.
QUINCY, Ill., Oct. 5.—At an unusually ful
meeting of the Board of Commerce held this
evening to discuss city affairs, a resolution was
unanimously adopted declaring it to be the
sense of the Board that all manner of repudiation should be discountenanced, and that all
outstanding obligations against the city should
be promptly and honestly met. YELLOW-FEVER.

NEW OILLBANS, Oct. 5.—There was one death from yellow-fever at No. 400 South Liberty street, last night. The premises were properly disintected, and deceased buried immediately. All means to prevent the spread of the fever were promptly adopted.

TEAS.

TEA FORMOSA
TEA IMPORTING OO.,
The following SWORN certificates of PURITY of
Teas sold by the above Company are from leading
physicians and analyses of files imperial Japanese Majesty.
SAN PRANCISCO, Jan. 28, 588.
I hereby certify that the Tea marked "is. P. M.,"
packed by L. P. Moore, Yokohama, and submitted to
me, is, in my opinion, a pure, unadulterated, and natural leaf.
Signed
(His imperial Japanese Majesty's Consul at San
Francisco.)

"SAN PRANCISCO, Jan. 11, 1889. Prabelso.)

"San Phancisco, Jan. II, 1889.

"L. P. Moore—Dear Sir: Having read the result of the analyses of various brands of Japan Tra, we consider No. II, marked L. P. M., sacked by your firm at Yokohama, the ONLY B. OFFILT WELVE. Sold the training the property of the property of the constant of th WILL OPEN SATURDAY, OCT. 2

SCALES
OF ALL KINDS.
PAIRBANKS. MORSE & OO.
111 & 113 Lake St., Chicago.



Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago,

Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains

and Aches. No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Ort. safe, sure, simple and cheep External Remed trial entails but the comparatively triding outs f 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain have cheap and positive proof of its claims. Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE. A. VOGELER & CO.,



UNLIKE

PILLS

Usual Purgatives, Is Pleasant to Take,

And will prove at once the most patent and harmless System Renovator and Cleanser that has yet been brought to public notice. For Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Piles, and kindred ailments it is incomparably the best curative extant. TROPIC-FRUIT LAXATIVE is sold by all druggists.

(Packed in bronzed tin boxes only.) J. E. HETHERINGTON, Prop'r, 84 Park Place, NEW YORK

INMAN LINE

Ocean Steamships, Carrying the British and United States Mail: New York and Liverpool, via Queens.own. Tickets to and from the principal English. See lah, French, German, Italian, and Scandina These steamers carry no live stock of any kind.
These steamers carry no live stock of any kind.
FRANCIS C. BEGUNT, Gen. Western Assent.
EF DRAFTS on Great Britain, Ireland, and the
onlinent for sale. NORTH CERMAN LLOYD.

New York.

Seamers sail every Saturday from New York for Southampton and Bremen. Passengars booked for London and Paris 2 towest rate.

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OFFICE OF The Silver Islet Consolidated Mining and Lands Company, 52 Broadway,

N. R.—Remittances for Contributions should be companied with the Certificates of citock, that panent may be acc.nowledged thereon, but where is impracticable or inconvenient, receipts will be urned for attachment to certificates on which panent is made. Direct all registered mail matter No. 33 Broadway, N. Y.

The above notice is issued pursuant to a Resolut of the Directors passed July E, "To provide me for operating expenses at the mine"; and, inasms as the prospective product of the rick mineral of discovered examos he realized in time to provide water supplies, etc., it is deemed inexpedient to for the call. EDWARD LEARNED, Presiden New York, Sept. 15, 1839. DREGON RAILWAY & NAVIGATION COMPANY Onnasau-er., New York, Sept. B. 1890.—The So of Directors have declared a quarterly dividend TWO (3) PER CENT, payable Nov. I at the office the Farmers' Loan and Treat Co.. 29 Exchange-pin New York; also a scrip dividend of TAN (3) and CENT, payable as the same time and place, both pable to stockholders of record Sept. B. For the pose of preparing for a special meeting of the significant payable and the property of the significant payable with the period of the significant payable with the preparing for a special meeting of the significant payable with the period of the significant payable p

REGON RAILWAY & NAVIGATION COMPANY In compliance with a ruling of the Governing Comition of the New York Stock Exchange the translocks of the Oregon Kallway & Newigation Compared Frederick Compared Co

GEO, T. WILLIAMS, See

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAILBOAD TIME-TABLE.

Mail (vin Main and Air Line) ... 710 am 650 a vew York a Boston Ex (dairy) ... 10 am 750 pecial Now York a Boston Ex ... 10 pm 100 pm 1

(Cincipnati Air-Line and Kolomo Line.) corner o. Clinton and Carroll-sis. West St.

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Grand Opers-House, reet, between Randolph and Wast int of T. W. Keene. Afternoon, enice." Evening, "Bichellen."

Hooley's Theatre.
h street between Clark and La Salle.
of Lawrence Sarrett. Afternoon, "
Evening, "Julius Casar."

Haverly's Theatre. treet, corner of Monroe. Engages blough. Afternoon, "Lady of Lyc miet." McVicker's Theatre, street, between State and Dearborn. In of Denman Thompson. "Joshua White Remoon and evening.

Olympic Theatre. between Lake and Rand Afternoon and even

Academy of Music-listed street, between Madison of a Life " and variety entertainment

White Stocking Base-Ball Park, signs avenus, opposite Washington street, between the Lake View and Chicago Clubs at

SOCIETY MEETINGS. PERIA LODGE, NO. 411, P. & A. M.-M. re hereby notified to steend a Regular Communication of the Lodge to be held at their Hall, corner of species and Hallsted siz. on Wednesday even us 0st 5, at 7:20 o'clock. Representatives to the brand Lodge and all other Master Masons in good sanding are cordially invited to be present and wit asso our work.

JAMES SMITH, W. M. CHAR, H. BRENAN, Secretary.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1880.

The triennial elections throughout Fran iii be held on the 7th of November.

CHARLES H. VOORHIS, the Congre m the Fifth New Jersey Die

YESTERDAY was the first day for the regis-ration of voters in New York City, and 72,570 ames were registered. This is a large increase wer the number who registered the first day in

BECAUSE of a reduction of 10 per cent in their wages the operatives of the A. W. Sprague Manufacturing Company's mills, of Natick, R. L., have struck work, and the mills have shut

By the explosion of a gasoline lamp the bree children of Mr. William Clark, a leading usiness man of Jacksonville, Fia., were burned o death yesterday. Mrs. Clark is not expected

GREAT distress prevails in the interior provinces of Russia in consequence of the fail-ure of the crops. The granaries are almost ex-hausted, and the prospect before the people is anything but pleasant.

ROBERT MAGILL, of Charlestown, W. Va., seed to poison his wife, his three children, and is stepfather at his home in that city. He has seen arrested at Harrisburg, Pa., to answer for is diabolical scheme.

Two or the largest buildings of Water-bury, Conn., consisting of Holmes, Booth & Haydon's machine works, with a large quantity of costly implements, were destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is estimated at \$200,000.

The Ohio River is picketed with Republican watchers. Republican detectives are employed in nearly every city to look out for repeaters, and, should they be able to prevent fraud, Judge Porter will certainly be elected.

COURTNEY, the oarsman, won a race yesterday. He had no competitor. Riley, who had agreed to row against him, failed to put in an appearance. Courtney had no appearance of sickness this time. To-day he will try to beat the best time on record, three miles in 20:14%.

A DEATH from yellow-fever is reported to have occurred at No. 409 South Liberty street, New Orleans, Monday night. The premises were thoroughly disinfected yesterday, and the deceased was buried immediately. Every means to provent the spread of the infection were immediately adopted. Considerable excitement exists at New Orleans over the matter.

RESSMAN LEOPOLD MORSE has acc CONGRESSMAN LEOPOLD MORSE has accepted the nomination of the bolting faction of the Fourth Massachusetts Democrats. Ex-Gov. Gaston, who was nominated by the other faction, will probably accept and make the race also. This insures a solid Republican Congressional delegation from the Bay State. Morse is the only Democrat in the present delegation.

Mr. meeting at Westminster, which was Monday night, and at which resolutions a passed, after considerable opposition, proing against England's action in the East, not of any considerable proportions, and no con of any considerable note attended or part in the meeting. The Tory organs d to create a feeling in favor of the meeting, need to create a feeling in favor not to no purpose, as it seems.

THE President of the Molders' Union, of lbany, N, Y, is foremen of the molders emoyed in the stove works of Rathbone, 8ard & o., in that city. He was recently fined \$5 for clating the by-laws of the Union, but he re-used to pay the fine. The men asked the firm citcharge him, and on being refused \$37 of sem quit work. This action will throw 600 resons out of employment.

THE "moonshiners" who forcibly took seesion of the property seized by the United ates revenue officers at Dalton, Ga., Friday sht, wore masks and gowns, and had their rece covered with sheets, so as to preclude all sability of identification. Notwithstanding see precautions the United States officers we already obtained such evidence as will do to the conviction of the ringleaders of this selections and the Killy care. the conviction or the convicti

Mn Landers, Democratic candidate for Governor of Indiana, admits that the prospects of his election next Tuesday are by no means hopeful as he would wish them. Mr. Isinders blames Bill English for all his trouble, and swears that if he is defeated to the mean of the mea

English has not take am is on the ground, b

About three days ago the cable man an ounced that Bismarck advised the Prussian underrath to protest against the modifications.

According to a St. Petersburg paper it was resolved at the last meeting of the British Cabinet to ask Russia to define clearly its position with regard to the Eastern question. Russia has not yet replied. The probability of a misunderstanding between the Powers as to future operations grows daily. This is what Turkey hopes for. The dilatory maneuvres of the Sultan may not be fruitless.

Work has been suspended in several of the Leadville mines in consequence of a fire breaking out in the Vulcan Shaft of the Chrysolite Mine Monday night. This shaft communicates with the other mines by levels at 120 feet, and the meu cannot work in consequence of smoke and carbonic-acid gas generated in the burning shaft. The fire has been brought under control. The damage to property is estimated at \$20,000.

A PARISIAN journal says it is the inten A PARISIAN journal says it is the intention of the French Government to close the churches of all unanthorized religious controgations to morrow. The matter of expelling the individual members of the congregations has been indefinitly postponed. If their churches are closed it is supposed that they will soon leave. They may live on, however, in expectancy, in which case they may become dangerous enemies to the French Republic.

THE Republicans of the Sixth Senatorial District, consisting of the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Eighteenth Wards, yesterday nominated Mr. George W. Adams for Senator, and Gen. H. H. Thomas and Mr. N. M. Plotke for members of the Lower House. Mr. Adams is a lawyer, a man of ability and integrity. Gen. Thomas has served two terms in the Lower House, and has been Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, Mr. Plotke is a young lawyer of good parts. Mr. Plotke is a young lawyer of good parts.

A NEW English colony called Rugby we A NEW English colony called Rugby was formally established yesterday in Tennessee, about 220 miles south of Choinnati, on the Cincinnati Southern Railroad. The religious services were conducted by Bishop Quintard, of the Episcopal Church. Mr. Thomas Hughes delivered an address, which we print elsewhere. Some Tennessee gentlemen spoke on the occasion. The proceedings were wound up by the company singing "God Save the Queen."

THE epizoötic is spreading in New York. About 4,000 horses belonging to the street-car companies, two-thirds of those belonging to the stage companies, more than half of those belonging to the express companies, as well as many trotting horses, have been aiready attacked. No fatal cases have occurred as yet, but the veterinary surgeous predict that the distemper will assume a more virulent form, and that the loss among the equines will be very large.

GEN. WEAVER was in Chicago yesterday GEN. WEAVER was in Unicago yesterday. He is still as hopeful as when he was predicting the success of the Greenback party in Arkansas and Alabama. He has great faith in Indiana now. He says the Greenbackers of that State will poil an enormous vote pext Tuesday, and will astonish the Republicans and Democrats. After Indiana Gen. Weaver will pin his faith to Michigan. Gen. Weaver is a very hopeful man, and he possesses a Mark Tapleyish cheerfulness.

THERE were 10,000 persons at a meeting which Mr. Parnell addressed at Kilkenny last Saturday, and, euriously enough, among those on the platform were several Catholic priests. The Roman Catholic Bishop of the district where the meeting was held is the Rev. Dr. Moran, who some months ago denounced the Land-Leaguers as Communists. Parnell announced at the meeting that as soon as the Land-League organization was perfected there would be a general strike against rent-paying on the part of tenants of extortionate landlords.

YESTERDAY was the last day on which exnator Christiancy could have filed an answer pending between them. The answer was not filed, and Mrs. Christiancy's counsel will now ask that the failure shall be taken as a confesask that the failure shall be taken as a confes-sion of the truth of the charges brought by his wife against the aged ex-Senator, and that she be granted a divorce and suitable alimony. It is said in Washington circles that Christiancy forwarded the answer from Peru to the cross-bill, but that it was of such a nature that his lawser refused to file it. lawyer refused to file it.

RETURNS from 160 out of 165 Connecticut RETURNS from 160 out of 165 Connecticut towns in which elections were held Monday have been received. The constitutional amendment giving the Governor power to appoint the Judges of the State Supreme Court was adopted by about 2,000 majority. Righty-nine of the towns went Republican, and fifty-six went Democratic, and fifteen are divided. Of the five towns not heard from four went Republican in 1876. In that year eighty-five towns went Democratic, sixty-mine went Republican, and eleven were divided. The change tells largely in favor of the Republicans, and indicates that the Land of Steady Habits tends steadily towards Garfield and National Union. and National Union.

and National Union.

It is reported that the Democratic leaders in the Second Wisconsin District have a scheme on foot to import 1,500 or 2,000 Democratic laborers into the district, in order to assist in the election of Mr. Gregory, the Democratic Congressional nominee, Gregory is Attorney for the Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company, and the men to be imported will probably be employed on the Company's roads. Congressman Caswell defeated the Democratic nominee in 1878 by 3,100 votes, and, even were the Democrate permitted to carry out their scheme, which crats permitted to carry out their scheme, which they will not be, there is not the slightest prospect for Mr. Gregory's election.

THE Democratic leaders are now devoting considerable attention to Ohio, and are gathering Democratic repeaters from Kentucky and Pennsylvania into the State. The intention seems to be to vote the repeaters in the Ohio counties bordering on Indiana, and then to transport them into the latter State that they may get in votes for Leaders. The Republic

counties bordering on Indiana, and then to transport them into the latter State that they may get in votes for Landers. The Republicans have been apprised of the scheme in time, and will take such measures as the occasion and circumstances require. Some thirty-two Philadelphia thugs who arrived at Columbus a few days ago are being watched, and should they attempt to vote they will be immediately arrested.

A LABOR Democratic meeting was held at Lancaster, O., Monday night. Sam Handall, who presided, delivered the principal speech. Some twenty-seven car-loads of simon-pure Democrats went from Columbus to the meeting. They filled themselves with Lancaster "forty-rod" and becan fighting on the train as they were returning. Several persons were stabbed and otherwise bruised. The seats in the cars were broken to pieces. Two of the Columbus women of the town, who accompanied the Bourbons on the trip, were stabbed in several places. The employés of the raitroad company had to fumigate the cars yesterday.

As was anticipated in these columns some weeks ago, the Democratic rally at Indianapolis yesterday was made the occasion and the cover for importing a number of the worst shoulder-hitters, plug-ugites, and blood-tubs in the country. They came from New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, St. Louis, and not a few of the Chicago gang went down. The thugs did not all go to Indiana; many of them dropped off by the way. The Republican detectives were on the lookout, however, and will be able to keep the crooked gentry well in view. All those who remain in Indiana after to-day will be arrested and jugged as vagrants.

vagrants.

THE Rev. Joseph Wassall has been pronounced by his ecclesiastical superiors to be unfit for the pastorate of the Congregational Church of Nors, Ill., because he does not believe in eternial punishment of the wicked. The Rev. Mr. Wassall holds that punishment for eins is not endless, but that all the wicked will be restored after they have undergone a certain amount of punishment. He also holds that certain amount of punishment.

will endeavor to induce the Albanians building to Mantenegro. He proposes frontier line for Greece, promises to careforms in Asia Minor within three mand in European Turkoy as soon as pract and as far as "compatible with the integrate the Turkish Empire." He also promises a measure of financial reform as will mee the approval of those who hold the bon Turkey. The Porte, as a condition of reforms, insists that the Powers abandon the naval demonstration. The Lo. Daily News, the organ of the English Libes commenting on the Porte's propositions, they are desired reasonable nor practicable. refers to the whole note as a thinly-disguidefiance of the authority of Europe. This undoubtedly the way it is looked on by English but whether the control of the surface of the authority of Europe. defiance of the authority of Europe. undoubtedly the way it is looked on by Europe but whether this view is held by the Powers has not yet been made known.

GRANT THROWS LIGHT ON HANCOCK The light thrown by Gen. Grant upon the history, of Hancock's famous "Order No. 40" is a revelation of the true inwardness of the man that will surprise the whole country, even in these days of startling discov eries. It now appears that there was no less than a scoundrelly steal of \$7,000,000 behind Order No. 40, and that to the firmness and integrity of Gen. Sheridan and Gen. Grant were due the defeat of one of the most scandalous attempts at public robbery that ever disgraced even State Government in Louisi

It will be remembered that his Accidency Andrew Johnson appointed Provisiona Governors for the conquered Rebel States who practically reestablished the Rebel States Governments as they existed during the War Congress at last provided for dividing thos conquered Rebel States into five military di

tricts for purposes of reorganization on a freedom basis, and one of these dis-tricts was composed of Louisiana and Texas. The military commander was by law invested with power to remove and appoint all persons perform-ing civil duties. The President had the power to appoint and remove the military mmander of any district. Gen. Sherida was appointed to command that district of Louisiana and Texas. The Confederate Legislature of Louisiana had voted an issue of State bonds to the amount of \$7,000,000 for alleged levee purposes. The law, however, limited the sale to not less than 30 cents on the dollar. But the bonds could not be sold for more than 40 cents. The Confederate Governor and the Commissioners found that they could borrow 35 cents on the dollar by putting up the bonds as collateral! Gen. Sheridan, to prevent this evasion of the law and sacrifice of the bonds, removed the corrupt Governor and the corrupt Commissioners and appointed other and more hones persons in their place. This proper proeding produced the greatest constern tion among the thieves and conspirators and Andy Johnson was appealed to by them Instead of sustaining Gen. Sherbian and in orsing his action, as he was in duty bound to do, the dirty pro-slavery scoundrel re-moved Gen. Sheridan in September, 1867, leaving Gen. Mower in temporary occupancy until November, when he appointed Gen Hancock as Military Governor of Louisians and Texas. The interval had been consum in searching for a facile tool for the bond thieves who would permit the corrupt transaction of spouting the seven millions of bonds at 35 cents on the dollar, and would play into the hands of the pro-slavery con-spirators in Johnson's reconstruction business known as "my policy." We will let the General of the Army relate the rest of the ex-General of the Army relate the rest of the extraordinary story. Here is his statement:

For some reason, the removed were very anxious to be reappointed. They employed Reverdy Johnson and another lawyer to work for them, agreeing to pay them \$20,000 if they were reinstated. This is a great deal of money for four men to pay for positions, unless there is some special gain in the case. Reverdy Johnson came to me, but I was so stupid and stubborn that I could not be induced to reappoint them. He then went to Andrew Johnson and made his case, and Andrew Johnson and made his case, and Andrew Johnson sent for me and asked me to reinstate these men. I refused to do so. He said: "Reinstate them, even if it is only for one day; I will promise that they will resign." I thought Johnson might not know of the motive why they were so anxious to be reinstated, and, thinking I would do him a great service in keeping him from a great blunder, I told him "one hour would do these men as well as one day," and I unfolded their intent. But Johnson insisted on their being reinstated. I refused and excused myself.

Johnson then removed Gen. Sheridan and appointed Gen. Hancock. He cailed Hancock to Washington to instruct him in defeating the laws of Congress concerning reconstruction. As soon as I learned that Hancock was in town I cailed at his botel, instead of sending for him. I wanted to see him privately in his own room. I found him in his room, perhaps before he had his breakfast. I said:

"General, you and I are soldiers,—army officers. We have life positions; we serve under successive Administrations without regard to party. It is our duty to enforce the laws of Congress congress bears that responsibility. We simply enforce them."

He said: "Well, I am opposed to nigger domination."

I said: "General, it is not a question of nigger domination. Four millions of exslaves, without education or property, can hardly dominate 30,000,000 of whites with all the education and property. It is a question of doing our sworn duty."

He said traordinary story. Here is his statement:

He said: "Well, I'm opposed to nigger domination."

I saw that my only chance to influence him was by the remnant of authority left in my bands. He was determined to please the Democratic party and the South. He went South and removed the Government and Commissioners that Gov. Shoridan had appointed. I instantly telegraphed not to appoint to office any men who had been removed, and give his reasons by mail for removing the men. He telegraphed in a long reply, costing the Government \$250, his reasons. He again telegraphed about the same points, only not quite so long, costing only \$150. He telegraphed that if he could not have freedom to not, his "usefuliness would be destroyed," and that he would have to ask to be relieved. I telegraphed him to revoke his order. He asked Johnson to relieve him, as no one else could. That is the inner history and spirit of his colebrated Order No. 40. This order resulted in the loss of many lives. I know of cases, and can give thom. His statement that the civil authorities are supreme, is a truth admitted by all in time of established peace; but I can demonstrate that the did not subject the military power to overthrow the civil.

Let this recital of facts be considered by the country. The acting President, Johnson, was informed of the corrupt purposes of

was informed of the corrupt purposes of these Democratic State officers; he knew why they were removed; he removed Gen. Sheridan because he would not restore the robbers; and he selected Gen. Hancock because he agreed to restore them, "even for a day." That Hancock entered upon the duties of his office with a full knowledge and understanding of what was expected of him. and with a full purpose to comply with the

corrupt demand, is shown by his subsequent Order No. 40 was, it is now evident, prepared at Washington by Andrew Johnson, or by Reverdy Johnson and the other lawyer, who were to receive the \$250,000 bribe for having these corrupt officers restored long enough to enable them to rob the State by hypothecating the seven millions of dollars

of levee bonds.

Hancock within three days after he took command at New Orleans issued orders re-moving officers appointed by Sheridan, and his proceedings in this way were only arrested by an order from Gen. Grant, who super-seded these orders and forbade him to appoint any persons who had been removed by Sher-idan. Hancock protested against this inter-ference with his military supremacy! He

pleased "his usefulness would be de-stroyed," and, finding that he could not carry out the dishonest and rascally purpose out the dishonest and rascally purpose which he had been appointed,

the restoration of the thievish Levee Commissioners, he applied to President Johnson to "relieve" him.

The whole swindling scheme had falled through Gen. Grant's firmness, and Andy, having no further use for Hancock, "relieved" him from duty at New Orleans, and he went direct to New York.

he went direct to New York, where he, a few weeks later, thrust himself forward as a candidate before the Democratic Convention for its nomination for President!

The flattery of Andy Johnson and the influence of the two Democratic lawyers who had a fee of a quarter of a million of dollars dependent upon his action in New Orleans, and who crammed him with the clap-trap phrases of Order No. 40 evidently were too hrases of Order No. 40, evidently were too much for a man whose vanity was already "superb." Somebody had given him one vote in the Democratic Convention of 1864, and forever after he had the Presidential bee in his bonnet.

in his bonnet.

Gen. Grant's course towards Hancock had always been kind and generous. It was on Grant's nomination that he was made Brigadier in the regular army, and subsequently Major-General; but Gen. Grant is forced to the conclusion that "He is crazy to be President. He is ambitious, vain, weak."

Gen. Grant's disclosure of the "inner history" of Order No. 40 reduces that document to the mere level of a spurious card played in a desperate game, where the money at stake was counted by millions, and the purpose to rob the public. Hancock played his disreputable card boldly and promptly, and that it did not win to the great profit of the conspirators was due not to any failure the conspirators was due not to any failure on his part, but to the fact that the fraud was known to Gen. Grant, who put his foot on the consummation of the villainy.

The country will stand amazed at these re-

markable revelations, and every honest man not besodden by partisan feeling will turn away in sorrow and disgust at the part played in this corrupt business by the "Superb" Hancock.

THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY NOMINATIONS. The action of the Republican County Con-vention yesterday was highly commendable, vention yesterday was highly commendable, commendable because of the nominations that were made, and also because of many it refused to make. The selections of candidates for the judicial offices were generally fortunate. Messrs. Hawes, Anthony, and Gardner are lawyers of long experience and of established and recognized ability. They are gentlemen of high personal character, and are of that class of persons especially adapted to securing and retaining the respect and confidence of the community. Mr. Willamson is a resident of one of the northern towns, and was vouched for and urged by many of the country members. He has a law office in the city, and enjoys a considerable practice derived chiefly from the districts. He is a man of good private character and fair legal abilities; he represented his district in the State Senate a few years

Gen. O. L. Mann, the candidate for Sheriff, is the present efficient and popular Coroner, and his selection will be acceptable to every man of business and among all classes who desire the laws enforced honestly, promptly, and fearlesly.

The renominations of Luther Laffin Mills for State's-Attorney, and of Maj. Brockway, for Recorder, and Jacob Gross for Clerk of the Court, by substantially unanimous votes, were merited compliments to these faithful

Mr. Canute Matson, for the office of Coroner, is a capital selection. At present he fills the office of Justice of the Peace. Mr. Matson is deservedly a leader among the Scandinavians, and has the confidence and respect

The selections for County Comm are men of good character, experience, and intelligence. Mr. Knopf served a term as Alderman of the Thirteenth Ward with credit to himself and benefit to his constituents. His votes and actions were always on the side of the taxpayers. Mr. Albright, of the dry goods firm of Albright & Keenan, is a well-known merchant. Mr. John O'Neill resides in the Eighteenth Ward, is a manufacturer, and is highly respected by all who know him. The fourth candidate from the city is Mr. John C. Ender, a merchant doing business on South Water street. The candidate selected for the Hyde Park district is Mr. John Farren, a foreman in the Rock Island Railroad workshops, and a most reputable gentleman.

These are the candidates nominated by the Convention, and as a whole it is a very strong ticket, and will command the respect as it deserves the support of the people of this city and county. No better list of candidates for the offices for which they are named has been nominated by any Convention of any party in this county for many years.

THE DEMOCRATS AND THE AMENDMENTS A document has been revived in Indiana which ought to awaken all the old-time interest of Republicans to defeat a party which has been the stubborn and unscrupulous opponent of the progress and reform that were born of the War. At the time the Fifteenth Amendment (providing that no citizen shall be excluded from the right of suffrage by reason of race, color, or previous condition of servitude) was submitted for ratification, the Republicans were in a majority in the Indiana Legislature, but had not the two-thirds necessary to a quorum. In order to defeat ratification in that State, the Democratic members resigned in a body The managers of the party counseled and approved this course, which was subsequent-ly neutralized by able Republican management, and the following Democratic members of Indiana's Congressional delegation sent the following dispatch from Washing-

sent the following dispatch from Washington:

WASHINGTON, March 5, 1800.—To the People of Indiana: It is the highest right of the people to yote upon every proposition to change their Constitution or to revolutionize their domestic policy. The question of suffrage has never neretofore been submitted to the people of Indiana. The resignation of the Democratic members of the Legislature, in order to give the people a chance to determine this great question at the ballot-box for themselves, is an act of self-sacrificing patriotism deserving the himiration and support of the whole people.

T. A. HENDEICKS, W. E. KIBLACK, W. E. KIBLACK, W. E. KIBLACK, M. C. KERR.

There was a deliberate and frandulent conspiracy to prevent the ratification of this

spiracy to prevent the ratification of this mendment in Indiana by the same party and under the direction of the same men, in the main, who are now endeavoring to carry the State next Tuesday as the first step towards the possession of the General Govern-ment. The attempt was fraudulent because the Legislature represented the people, and because the Constitution of the United States provides that it may be amended by the votes of three-fourths of the Legislatures, and not by direct vote of the people. But the action of the Democrats at that time has a special significance now, because it is known that the reconstruction of the Supreme Court is among the Democratic projects, with a view to setting aside the constitutional amendto setting aside the constitutional amend-ments as null and void, on the ground that they were never legally utified. The frand-ulent action of the Democratic members of the Indiana Legislature, approved then and now by Hendricks, Williams, McDonald, Holman, and other present leaders of the

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1880-TEN PAGES. rty, will be used as one of the ev fied. Gen. Hancock gave in his cor ned. Geu. Hancock gave in his cordial approval of the Democratic platform of 1868, which denounced as "unconstitutional, null, and void" the very acts which led up to this amendment, and, if elected President, he will scarcely withhold his Executive approval of the scheme to increase the number of will scarcely withhold his Executive approval of the scheme to increase the number of Democratic Judges on the Supreme Bench in order to put this Democratic theory regarding the amendments into operation. It is for the American people to determine whether the preservation and enforcement of the constitutional amendments can be safely intrusted to a party and its leaders who took such a course in regard to them at a time when it was a question of their adoption, and who now contend that they were not legally ratified.

HANCOCK OFFERS STEAW BAIL FOR HIS PARTY'S BEHAVIOR.
Senator Conkling, in his speech at Richmond, Ind., referred to the Hancock letter on

Southern claims in the following suggestive

een. Hancock comes out in a letter in whe says he will veto bills passed by a Democrangority to pay Rebels money out of the Tury for damages inflicted by the War. Chink of a candidate going bail for his part hat way. Gen. Hancock comes forward to goal for the Democratic party that it will be peace now. Think of it a moment ury for damages inflicted by the War. On this way. Gen. Hancock comes forward to give that way. Gen. Hancock comes forward to give the peace now. Think of it a moment. The peace now. Think of it a moment. The peace now the pea

The above is a very just and very striking picture of the attitude which Hancock has assumed toward his party in the matter of southern claims. It implies (1) that the Democratic party cannot be trusted of itself to withhold the bounties of a grateful Government from the people who sought to de-stroy it, and (2) that Gen. Hancock desires to dvertise himself as superior in virtue to th earty which is running him for President He tells the country, in effect, that He, with a big H, will go upon the bond of the Dem ocratic party to guarantee its good behavior The comparison to a ball-bond for a turbu lent, vicious desperado to keep the peace is an apt one, but it does not tell the whole story. When an accused person, law-breaker, or vagabond is brought before a tribunal for nisbehavior, it is customary to accept a man of good character and responsibility as or good character and responsibility as surety of future appearance to answer the preferred charge. In such case, however, the person who furnishes the bail is required to offer some tangible pledge, to be forfeited in case of bad faith on the part of his evil-minded friend. In the case of Gen. Hancock, no forfeit is offered,-nothing bet ter, in fact, than straw bail. He merely vouches for the good behavior of the Demo-cratic party and promises to see that they be-have themselves. Four years' occupancy of the President's office, the nominal control of the patronage attached thereto, and a salary of \$50,000 a year are sufficient to warrant hi going on the bond of the Democratic party, perhaps; but wherein shall the people look for indemnity in case neither the Demo-cratic party nor Gen. Hancock shall keep faith? Hancock's guarantee is no bette

than "straw ball." The parallel becomes still more striking when it is remembered that Gen. Hancock goes bail for the Ku-Klux Democracy with a selfish interest. He is an accomplice, so to trial. What would be said of a Judge who should accept as surety in a criminal proceeding a person who was suspected of complicity in the alleged conspiracy against the public peace or welfare? Gen. Hancock admits virtually that there is a widespread apprehension of public danger from the Democratic party. Otherwise he would not have written his reassuring letter to the public. Even it he did not admit this, the evidences are ample to warrant the sus-picion. But he himself has been conspicuously associated with this Ku-Klux and Copperhead party. He has been a standing candidate for President during all the recent Democratic raids upon the Government. He has explicitly indorsed the various platforms which the party has put forth. He has approved all the Democratic schisms and excesses. He is a party in interest,—a particept criminis. Is it prudent to accept a ball bond from a person holding such a relation

to the accused?

There is still another view to be taken the case. Two parties are competing for the honors and emoluments that pertain to the administration of the General Government. One of the questions in issue is, whether or not there is danger that the Governme Treasury will be depleted to make good to the Southern people any of the losses and injuries they sustained while engaged in waging war against the Government. There is an absolute certainty that, if the Bapublic-an party be intrusted with the mission, no danger will threaten the people. If, on the other hand, the Democratic party, whose caucus and councils are controlled by the dement formerly in rebellion, shall succeed in acquiring the power to indemnify the ex Confederates, there is at the very least a danger that they will be tempted to use this power for the benefit of its own people. Is

it prudent, then, to accept an individual, ir responsible guarantee as a warrant for tak-ing a risk which there is no need to take? Viewed in any of these lights, Gen. Hancock's bail is not desirable. It amounts to nothing more than the word of a man who himself has not been tried, but who, for selfish reasons, desires the American peo-ple to take a risk which may be avoided altogether. Nor does the "straw bail' which he offers cover the case in hand. Even if his bond were good, it does not extend to projected appropriations for Southern im-provements, nor to the refunding of the cotton tax, nor to the payment of State claims, nor to public grants and bounties, nor to any of the manifold ways in which it will be possible for the Southern leaders to reach the United States Treasury for the special benefit and reimbursement of Southern losers by a war of their own making. It may be that Gen. Hancock is as much better than his party as he pretends to be, but it is not necessary for the American people to intrust their Government to a party which must be watched and restrained, nor to throw them-selves upon the mercy of a veto which may possibly fail at the critical moment.

THE Confederates know Hancock. They are sure of their man. They know the stuff he is made of. The "Solid South" took his moral measure when he went to New Orleans in November, 1867, to aid the Democratic Levee Commission to spout seven millions of Louisiana bonds at Scents on the dollar, and to help Andy Johnson restore slavery in Louisiana and Texas. The "Solid dollar, and to help Andy Johnson restore slavery in Louisiana and Texas. The "Solid South" has urged him for the Presidency since 1863, when he left New Orleans after his failure to restore the thievish Levee Com-missioners. His vanity and his weakness

a man whom they could control, and who would be more subservient to them in the Executive chair than even a Southern man would is. In their effort to seize the Government and take control of all its bra a vain, weak, ambitious man, ignoran political questions, and fond of pe adulation and show, was just the man come their instrument in reaching the great end they have in view,—the plundering of the National Treasury and the placing of all brenches of the National Government in the hands of the same men and the same interests which twenty years ago sought the destruction of the Union, the dismemberment of the Republic, and the erection of a slave aris-tocracy on this continent.

Hancock is showing up in a remarkably "superb" light on the Louisiana bond matter. He falled to induce Gen. Grant to permit him to restore the thievish Levee Commissioners "even for one day" in order that they might spout seven millions of 7 percent State bonds at 35 cents on the dollar. He then telegraphed to Grant that "If he could not have freedom to act as he pleased his usefulness would be destroyed." The two Democratic lawyers who had secured his appointment would lose their contingent fee of \$250,000, and the Democratic Levee Ring of thieves about three millions of plunder. Hancock's "usefulness" to these gentlemen was destroyed by the perversity of Grant. None was destroyed by the perversity of Grant. None of them bagged their expected plunder, and Hancock left New Orleans in anger at Grant for foiling the ring of thieves, and he has never liked him since, and has repeatedly shown his dislike to Grant on public occasions. The reason is now known. What contingent fee had Hancock at stake? How much was his share of the steal to be? Is it much was his share of the steat to be? Is it probable that he consented to be the instrument of the conspirators in the plotted robbery of the State gratuitously, and that he soiled his uniform for the simple pleasure of it, or merely to accommodate Andy Johnson, Reverdy Johnson, and "one other lawyer"? These are questions now past thro the minds of millions of men.

STATE officers and members of the Legislature will be chosen in Georgia to-day, but members of Congress will not be elected till November. The new Legislature will elect a United States Senstor to succeed Joseph E. Brown (filling out the unexpired term of Gen. Gordon). The real contest is between Colquitt and Norwood (both Democrats) for Governor. The State Convention failed to make a nomination, a two-thirds wate being required, and each is running separately. The present State Treasurer, John W. Henfroe, who decided not to go before the Convention, on the ground that no urer, John W. Heafrpe, who decided not to go before the Convention, on the ground that no nomination for the head of the ticket had been made, is an independent candidate for refilection. Unsuccessful efforts were made in the Republican Convention to secure the support of the party for Colquitt or Norwood, but the Convention decided to make no nominations. The Prohibitionists decided not to nominate a State ticket, on the ground that the Legislature during the last three or four years "has obserfully ing the last three or four years " has obe passed all reasonable temperance meas The candidates now before the people are

The candidates now better to the condidates now better to the condidates now better to the condidates of the conditates of the condidates of the condidates of the conditates Rep. Dem. Total. *18,474 50,887 *128,987 211.(50,446 130,088 180,584 70,6 34,116 109,811 143,987 75,6 46,475 104,539 151,014 55,4 46,643 109,529 150,172 56,8

THE Campbellite Church has a large H bership in Indiana,—some 35,000,—half or more of whom are said to be Democrats. One of its most influential members is the Hev. Dr. Burgess, of Indianapolis, President of the Butler University. Recently Dr. Burgess declared publicly his intention to vote for Garfield and Arthur, and against Hancock and English, as he had a perfect right to do; whereupon the Indianapolis Scatter that Democratic State or

he had a perfect right to do; whereupon the Indianapolis Scatinei, the Democratic State organ, has opened a fire of bilinaryate upon him, of which the following is a sample:

This Rev. Burgess, whose title biasphemes religion and insults Christ, professes to be an educator, a place for which he is as well fitted as Hell is for a powder-house.

The bigotry of Burgess is of the most infermal character. If corrupts his voice to a tiger's growl. It lights his eyes with the tires of Hell. Like the influences of a den of Louisiana liars, it blunts his perceptions of right or wrong; it develops his brutish nature until he appears more like a hyena than a human being. Prudence disappears under a load of impudence, and from the rotten wreck of a priest is born a monstressity so hideous, so tattooed with the verydogs bark at him. Burgess! The Rev. Mr. Burgess! What a caricature of humanity—what a burlesque upon religion!

Says the Cleveland Herald: "A prominent business-man of this city was approached by a well-known and eminently respectable Democrat a few days are, with the request that he contribute to the Democratic campaign fund.

"But," said the merchant, "I am a Repub-

" Are you not a Roman Catholie? saked the "'Yes.' "Well, I supposed all Catholics were Demo-

"'You are mistaken. How much did you "You are mistaken. How much did you think I ought to give? asked the merchant.
"Well, you ought to let us have about \$500."
"My dear sir,' said the business man, 'from a purely business standpoint alone, I would give my check for \$5,000 to elect Garfield, rather than give \$500 to further Hancock's interests."
"The begging politician left the merchant with an entirely new view of the political situation."

An eccentric old Hoosier, Ricketts by name. An eccentric old Hoosier, Ricketts by name, who many years ago was suddenly and unexpectedly confined in a lunatic asylum on some good or false pretense, appeared among his ancient haunts in Indianapolis soon after the present campaign began. Although a Democrat, some previous relation with Mr. English had apparently dissatisfied him with the beauty of that gentleman's character, for, being bantered one evening by some friends and asked by them to explain why he ever came to be confined in a mad-house, he replied in a quaint falsetto tone, which made his jeer the more effective: "Why, don't you know? All there was of it was that I wanted to build a monument in the Circle Park here and make it 400 feet high, the Circle Park here and make it 400 feet high, and make it come out to a fine point, and put a gold dollar on top just so the edges would gitter, and see William H. English climb for it, and [here the old gentleman's voice rose to a shriek] they thought I was crazy."

THE sentence of flogging passed upon a London ruffian by Mr. Justice Stephens recently struck terror to the heart of the criminal. He had robbed and attempted to murder a fellow-olerk in a car of the Underground Railway. The Judge said it was "the most cowardly and brutal outrage ever brought under his notice." He mark ed his sense of horror, as well as made the sontence a wholesome caution to all other likeminded desperadoes, by prefixing thirty lashes to the twenty years' imprisonment. The prisoner would not have winced under the sentence of imprisonment, but when he heard that he was to be flogged he screamed aloud and was carried out of the court-room in a fainting condition. There never was better testimony to the usefulness of flogging as a punishment for brutal and criminal violence.

EX-SENATOR SIMON CAMEBON Ex-Senator Sinon Cameron conceived the idea of having Grant, Logan, and Cameron visit Gen. Garfield at Mentor. The subject was broached at Warren when the venerable Pennsylvanian had the triumvirate comfortably in a corner. The conversation is thus reported: "We think a great deal of Garfield and must do all we can to secure his election," said Cameron. "True enough," replied Logan. "Grant, Conkling, and I will go and call on the General." Grant plainly coincided with the views of Cameron.

rammatically in his con fowler, when he said: " He was a very fair commander it took almost very came over into the West for office ever even suggested Honook for the be received that vote in 1864 be had his bonnet," and share the bonnet, and shaped everythin bonnet, and shaped everythin bornetic and Southern faver ched, and planned, and waited, til received the Democratic nominat South?" the South?"
"He is crazy to be President with wain, and weak. They will

of the Superior Court without his part. He did not ask for vent for ward delegations. He and his friends did no trading. Convention insisted on having thing was, he was elected by a h ran far ahead of his ticket. I

In connection with the trem ceratic argument for a camp sists in marking 329 on the 1 New York Tribuns is remind story: A queer old lady namused to live in Providence, keeping was a little ecce caller who came one day was out scrawled in large let upon the top of a table the word "sint." A few days latt on the street, and said: "I on the street, and said: "I called the day, but you were out." "Yes," replie "I know you was there, for I saw y

change the unvarying practice of Conventions in this county for years. He abnounced that "the C mittee had put in nomination for C Eugene Cary, of the Third Ward." in the history of all the Co sional Conventions of the Republic this county an instance of such a before. Mr. Singer perhaps feit that a "vindication," and he got one. T ally not important, one ertainly no harm was don

DISPATCHES like this will be from the country towns before the west "Our Democratic citizens were surprisannoyed this morning to find chalked o doors, fences, and sidewalks the cabalisticand figures:

"'Superb L. L. B.@35."

"' 35 sat down on; usefurant to be relieved.' "
What will it all mean?

EMERY STORES has written to the l EMERT STORMS has written to the delphia Press that he "claims the r plagiarize from himself." It is a complit the intelligence of the people of Chicago. Mr. Storrs has lived many years and many times, that he has not thought is while to print a card here in his defenseing what he is capable of, and what he peatedly done in public and private, no of Chicago who knows Mr. Storre at all him to be under the necessity of bortowithings.

The Oneida Community in New 1 State has taken a decided step lately town integration. The former organization has dissolved, and in its place a joint most pany with \$600,000 capital has been for Members who brought as much as \$1.00 to old Association get \$500 worth of stork as rata, and there is a certain alloisant to children. Wages will be paid on the equitable basis. But the main idea of Society is gone.

THE steamer Great Eastern was in port of New York Sept. 9, 1867, being the algred to the firm of William T. Colem The big ship could not be used profitab direct New York trade, and if she show the Gulf of Mexico it would be only as apeculation. Nobody would care to the ground floor of that enterprise. I ble with the Great Eastern is not so raize as faulty construction.

A PERSON named Bliss from the ond Ward attempted to mar the lof the proceedings yesterday by refurmake unanimous one of the nominate Judge. Mr. Bliss evidently has a great account of the Presidential fight. He reflect that it is characteristic only of minds to cherish resentments; and the good Republican this year can afford to up old quarrels.

WILL a Presidential candidate who himself a tool of "Beverdy Johnson as other lawyer," who were earning a corrupt \$250,000, have the honesty and virtue in Democratic War claims when passed the Congress by the Solid South? Not more won't. If he did he would quickly discoushis "usefulness was destroyed," and he sask to be "relieved" and make room as English.

THE "Grant on Hancock" dis

THE exposure of Hancock's going .
New Orienns in 1867 to assist the Ring is seven millions of levee bonds at 35 cs steal the proceeds will kill him deader amelt with every honest and decent man ANY man might be proud of the comment that Luther Ladin Mills received reday. Few lawyers in this city could serve years as State's Attorney and be put up second term by acclamation.

HANCOCK says: "When the Re cruabed the heresy of Secession in every and incident went down forever." But Hampton says: "These are the principal which Lee and Jackson fought."

WAS Hancock the "one other law referred to by Gen. Grant, who was to the \$250,000 corruption fee in the sevent Louisiana levee-bond swindle in case in

THE first effect of a Republican next week would, in the judgment of cinnati Commercial, be the removal English from the Democratic tickot. BEFORE the next Judicial Conwill probably be an exodus of able the country towns.

THE renomination of Maj. Brock deserved recognition of his great fid executive ability. He has made the 2

HANCOCKERY: Louisians pouted at 35; saf down on by G stroyed; demands to be religious for No. 40 to its fate. How MUCH of Reverdy John

contingent corruption fee to have in case he restores even for one day "? WE'LL know more about ter next Tuesday.

WHAT do the Democrats Superb" now? THE Superb's usefulness de

Ir is a ticket good enough to PERSONALS. Mr. Carlyle is daily becoming his complete restoration to health be only a matter of time.

A Pittsburg critic says the son "is beyond criticism." The timation that Mary had remove "Pansy O'Rourke"—Your to Maud." cannot be used. Mr. turned Maud out for the winte see has lines enough.

The old question, "Is lifting," still continues to be discreding a description of the new hir in New York society circles, that it was.

The New York Post is printications on how to preserve authorite treatment of weirdly-fascin from which newspapers general Post takes the cookie.

"Is swinging healthy?" sak
young lady. It is, under some
But if the gate-hinge breaks,
not only unhealthy, but dange
swars glad to extend to the yo
perisoned the knowledge attain
experiences. A New York doctor has d

A New York doctor has d nervousness is an imaginative will be cheering news to young frequently thought themselves, when the sire of the beautiful be end of the sofa stuck his head and remarked that it was time but burglars to be in bed. The the unpleasant feeling is pu will be a great consolution, and even more prolonged vigila. You kissed me! My forehead on your breast. on your breast.
With a feeling of shelter and in
While the holy emotion my

speak hed up like a flame from a check! Your arms held me fast; oh! you Heart beat against heart in my eyes, is the sun draws the mist fro skies; And your lips clung to mine They might never unclasp fro

wiss.

W. H. English.

One evening while the able Editor sat at his table

Thinking of the fall elections and Maud S.

In came a nobby fellow,

His gloves and necktle yellor and who locoked as if his miss to be caressed.

"I have for you an item, The a poem about fly-time, and I hope that you will print umes on the mora.

It was written by my Mabel, And she certainly is able To discount every poet—saving not born."

The editor so able, Reached undernead tinged with human gore.

"I will let you live, young fel
But full off I've beaten mel
Men who drop in here with post
on the other abore."

THE WEATHER THE WEATHER
OFFICE OF THE CHILF SIGNAL
INGTON, D. C., Oct. 6—1 a. m.—I
the Ohio Valley, clear or fair we
to northwest winds, alowly r
and stationary or alight rise in t
For the Lake region, southw
winds, rising barometer, station
in temperature, and clear
weather, preceded by local rei
portion.
For the Upper Mississippi an
Valleys, clear or fair weather.

LOCAL OBSERVA Time. | Bar. | Ther. | Hu | Win 6:18s. m. 25:912 of 5 77 8 W. 16 m. 25:906 of 5 77 8 W. 17 8 W Maximum, &; minimum, G. QEREBAL OBSERVA CHICAGO,

Valleys, clear or fair wea shifting to east and sout falling barometer and sligh

Ther. Ther. 2:23 9:39 p. m. p. m.

TELEGRAPHIC
Maw Yonk, Oct. 8.—John
past few years agent of the
sociated Press, has resigned
sible position on the Denver
Montracat., Can., Oct. 8.
dicts snow between the 7th
NEW Yonk, Oct. 8.—The 8
society proposes to erect a Society proposes to erect as Capt. Nathan Hale, upon the langed by the British Sept. Catamorra, N. C., Oct. 18 kings Mountain begun to the States. To-morrow the states. To-morrow than and American forces. 18 and disection of the battle as fought and American forces. 18 and disection of the battle as fought and Army. A great may peop. dista community peop ny. A great many peop

OCEAN STEAMS.
NEW YORK, Oct. & Arrivama, from Glassow; Canaort, from Harburg; Deno Quiessyows, Oct. & Arbilladelphia.

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try Stores has written to the Phi a Press that he "claims the right a rize from himself." It is a compliment a cliligence of the people of Chicago, when orra has lived many years and spoken times, that he has not thought it worth to print a card here in his defense. Knowat he is capable of, and what he has rely done in public and private, no resident ago who knows Mr. Storrs at all believes be under the necessity of borrowing good.

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carson named Bliss from the Security at the harmony proceedings yesterday by refusing to manimous one of the nominations for Mr. Bliss evidently has a gradge of the Presidential fight. He shoulthat it is characteristic only of small o cherish resentments; and that no publican this year can afford to raise numerels.

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Grant on Hancock" dispatch came night to THE TRIBUNE that we had no make editorial comments thereon recording. It came so late that only only contemporaries had the enterprise tinto a "Second 5 o'clock edition."

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proceeds will kill him deader in every honest and decent man.

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E the next Judicial Convention that ably be an exodus of able lawyers try towns.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP NEWS.

IORE, Oct. 6.—Arrived, the State of Alarom Giasgow; Canada, from Havre; Gelm Hamburg: Denmark, from Londonmsrows, Oct. 5.—Arrived, Indiana, from

model of its kind; has paid its exp ned over money to the City Treaming that none of his predecessor

WHAT do the Democrats think of their

THE Superb's usefulness destroyed; wants

Ir is a ticket good enough to win.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Carlyle is daily becoming crosser, and his complete restoration to health is believed to be only a matter of time.

A Pitisburg critic says that Mary Ander-tion "is beyond criticism." This is the first in-tination that Mary had removed to New Jersey. "Pansy O'Rourke"—Your poem, "Lines o Maud." cannot be used. Mr. Vanderbilt has arred Maud out for the winter, and, besides,

see has lines enough.

The old question, "Is life worth liv-ins," still continues to be discussed. After reading a description of the new waitz so popu-lier in New York society circles, we should say

The New York Post is printing a series of

You kissed me! My forehead dropped low on your breast, With a feeling of shelter and infinit rest,

-W. H. English.

One evening while the able

In came a nobby fellow,
His gloves and necktie yellow,
And who loooked as if his mission

"I have for you an item.

on the other shore."

Editor sat at his table inking of the fail elections, Kelly's poems and Maud S..

"Tis a poem about fly-time,
And I hope that you will print it in your columns on the morn.
It was written by my Mabel,
And a hope containly is able.

To discount every poet-saving those that are

The editor so able, Reached underneath the table, And produced a monstrous ball-club slightly

inged with human gore.

"I will let you live, young fellow,
But full oft I've beaten mellow
Men who drop in here with poems—now they're

THE WEATHER.

IHE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASH-INGTON, D. C., Oct. 6—1 a. m.—For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, clear or fair weather, southwest to northwest winds, slowly rising barometer, and stationary or slight rise in temperature.

For the Lake region, southwest to northwest winds, rising barometer, stationary or slight rise in temperature, and clear or partly cloudy weather, preceded by local rains in the eastern portion.

portion.

For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri
Valleys, clear or fair weather, northerly winds
shifting to east and south, rising followed by
falling barometer and slight changes in tempera-

Time. | Bar. | Ther. | Hu | Wind. | Vel | R'n. | Weather

TELEGRAPHIC NOILS.

REW YORK, Oct. 5.—John A. Sleicher, for the sat few years agent of the New York State Associated Press, has resigned, to accept a responshle position on the Denver (Colo.) Tribuns.

MONTERAL, Can., Oct. 5.—Prof. Vennor predicts snow between the 7th and 10th of October. NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The New York Historical Society proposes to erect a suitable memorial to be a suitable of the response to erect a suitable memorial to be a suitable of the response to erect a suitable memorial to be a suitable of the response to erect a suitable memorial to be a suitable of the response to erect a suitable memorial to to er

MEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The New York Historical lociety proposes to erect a suitable memorial to lapt. Nathan Hale, upon the spot where he was singed by the British Sept. 22, 1776.
Chamorre, N. C., Oct. 5.—The ceremony at times Mountain begun to-day with a reunion of the States. To-morrow there will be an illustration of the battle as fought between the British and American forces. It will be under the immediate command of Gen. Hunt, United States Army. A great many people are encamped on

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

GENERAL OBSERVATION 8. CHICAGO, Oct. 5-10: 18 p. m.

Ther. Ther. 2:18 19:28 Wind. Rn Will'r p. m. p. m.

The Contents of the Last HANCOCKERY: Louisiana 7 per cent bonds ed at 35; sat down on by Grant; usefulnessed; demands to be relieved, and leaves Note from Turkey to the Powers.

How MUCH of Reverdy Johnson's \$250,000 contingent corruption fee was the "Superb" to have in ease he restored the levee robbers eyen for one day "? Will Cede Dulcigno to the Montenegrins, the Albanians Consenting, WE'LL know more about the Presidency after next Tuesday.

And Desires a Very Decided Modification of the Greek Frontier Line.

FOREIGN.

Turkish Troops to Be Allowed to Occupy the Balkan Range.

These Sacrifices Dependent on the Powers Foregoing the Naval Demonstration.

The Italian Government About to Suppress Newly-Arrived French Jesuits.

Weekly Review of the English and Continental Breadstuffs Markets.

TURKEY.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The European fleet is assembled in Tevdo Bay, forming a line two and one-half miles long, Admiral Seymour's flag-ship being ten miles from Cattaro.

Plet takes the cookie.

"Is swingung healthy?" asks a West Side young lady. It is, under some circumstances. But if the gate-hinge breaks, the pastime is not only unhealthy, but dangerous. We are sways giad to extend to the young and inexpensed the knowledge attained by years of A correspondent at Menna hints that the negotiations between Admiral Seymour and Prince Nikita and the fiegotiations between the Ambassadors and the Porte are not quite harmonious. It is possible that there will be a change of plan with a view of securing harmony. A New York doctor has discovered that serousness is an imaginative disease. This will be cheering news to young men who have frequently thought themselves to be nervous when the sire of the beautiful being on the other and of the sofa stuck his head finside the door and remarked that it was time for everybody but burgiars to be in bed. The knowledge that the unpleasant feeling is purely imaginary will be a great consolation, and nerve them to ever more prolonged vigils.

ANTI-CORRCION.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—A public meeting of the inpabitants of Westminster was held last night, at
which resolutions were passed, not without oposcition, protesting against England's action in
the East. No influential persons were present.

THE PORTE'S LAST NOTE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 5.—The note communicated to the Ambassadors yesterday states the Porte, in yielding to the continued pressure excreised by the Powers, has resolved to deal with all the pending questions, and will endeavor to induce the Aibanians to surrender Duleigno. As regards Greece, the Porte proposes a frontier line running north of Velo and south of Larissa, Motzopo, and Janini, and terminating at the mouth of the River Arta.

The reforms aiready promised to be introduced in Asia Minor in three months.

The reforms in Europe will be carried out as far as compatible with the integrity of the Empire. Foreign bondholders will be invited to send delegates to Constantinople to arrive at an arrangement by which certain revenues may be assigned for the payment of interest on bonds. The Porte, as a condition of these reforms, insists upon the abandonment of the naval demonstration.

Sr. Perensuum, Oct. 5.—The Novoe Vremus re-ports that, af the last meeting of the English. Abluet, it was decided, in view of a possible misunderstanding among the Powers in regard to the naval demonstration, to ask Russia to in-form England of her future plans in the East. Russia has not yet replied.

orm England of her future plans in the East-tuesia has not yet replied.

THINLY-DISGUISED DEFIANCE.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The Dady News, in a leading ditorial article this morning, says: "We un-terstand a Turkish note was presented to the Ambassadors yesterday, which contains no rea-sonable or practical proposition, but is merety a thiply-disguished defiance of the authority of

ADMIRAL SETHOUR. LONDON, Oct. 5.—Admiral Seymour has re-turned from Cattaro. The Turkish frigate and yacht continue landing arms and provisions along the coast.

CANNOT BE ACCEPTED.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—The opinion here is that the terms offered by the latest Turkish note cannot be accepted, as they make the cession of Dulcigno dependent upon conditions already rejected.

CETTINUE, Oct. 5.-Two battalions of Ni

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The Times, in an editorial, says: "The Turkish note concludes by demanding the demolition of the Danubian fortresses and the Turkish occupation of the Balkans." The Times condemns the note as wholly unsatisfactory.

THE GOVERNMENT'S PROGRAM.

St. PSTERSBUEG, Oct. 5.—A periodical entitled the "Annals of the Fatherland" publishes the internal program of the Government for the next seven years, as communicated by Gen. Loris Meilkoft, Chief of the Executive Government, to the editors of the St. Petersburg press. The chief measures of the program are to secure the stability of social institutions by giving the people free scope to avail themselves of the rights they already possess; to investigate the wants of the population, for which object Senators are already appointed, and to give the press the liberty of discussing the Government measures. THE GOVERNMENT'S PROGRAM.

CHINA. It is believed here that the Government in-tends to reopen negotiations with Marquis Tsing, the Chinese Ambassador.

DEATH AND POVERTY.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 5.—Reports of death and poverty fill the Russian press from all parts of the interior, particularly from the Governments of Tver, Viadimir, Samara, and Sarator. The granaries at Taganrog are rapidly emptying their stores for consumption in the interior of the country.

GERMANY.

THE PROGRESSISTS.

BERLIN, Oct. 5.—The Progressists are doing their utmost to strengthen the party all over the country. The new laws respecting workings will strengthen their ranks.

BISMARCK WILLING.

BERLEY, Oct. 5.—Bismarck, instead of objecting, as announced, in fact recommends the Bundesrath to sanction Belgium's proposed modification of the shipping dues levied at Antworp.

20th inst.

Sr. VALLIER.

Berlin, Oct. 5.—It is now certain that Count de St. Vallier, French Ambassador, will return here soon. This is regarded as convincing proof that the relations between Germany and France are as cordial as ever.

MEXICO.

EXECUTION—EBTRAYAL OF A REVOLUTIONARY CHIEF.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 5.—A private letter from Mazatian contains the intelligence that ex-Gov. Rubl, who was captured at the battle of San Vicinte, has been shot by order of the military authorities. It is also stated in the same letter that Col. Ramirez, chief the Cinalona revolution, had entered Mazatian in disquise with the evident intention of taking the first steamer bound for San Francisco. His guide betrayed him, but he managed to escape to the woods, about five miles distant from Mazatian, where at last accounts he was surrounded by soldiers to prevent his escape. His capture is expected every moment, and it is believed that when caught he will be shot.

AUSTRIA.

AUSTRIA.

THE CONSTITUTIONALISTS.

VIENNA, Oct. 5.—Owing to the interference of the authorities the meeting of the Bohemian Constitutionalists at Carisbad has become a State affair. This interference is likely to give fresh strength to the agitation to promote a general party meeting in Vienna, and may even extend the agitation into Parliament. The meeting at Carisbad was densely crowded. The interdicted resolution was not proposed, but a resolution declaring that complete harmony among the Germans of Bohemia, and their union with other Germans of Austria, is not only urgently needed, but that such union really exists. A resolution was also passed in reference to holding a general party meeting in Vienna. When copies of the original resolution were about to be distributed at the meeting the police interfered. This caused the fear that if the resolution was not modified the meeting might be stopped.

ENGLISH GRAIN TRADE.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The Mark Lane Express says: During the past week the weather has been mostly favorable for securing the remainder of the outstanding grain. It must be two or three months before English wheats are in a condition favorable for thrashing. This

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1880-TEN PAGES.

and the disappointing nature of the yield have made holders confident of the immediate future. The market closed firm Priday with an advanceling of a shipper quarter on Monday states. The leading provincial markets were very firm at the close, partly in consequedce of a demand for sowing and there was an advance in some instances of two shillings per quarter. Trade, though firm at the enhanced rates, was not netive. Though actual imports are smaller, large millers, sware of the large available extrancous supply, contine their operations to present needs. On Friday in foreign, old red winters and fine whites advanced a shilling per quarter, and other sorts a sixpence to temponce. Maize and round corn were a shilling higher on the week. Mixed American closed at 55c. closed frm.
Saies of English wheat the past week, 49,845 quarters at 40s ld per quarter, against 15,183 quarters at 47s ld per quarter the corresponding week last year.
The imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending Sept. 25 were 1,301,788 hundredweight of wheat and 230,646 hundredweight of floor.

FRANCE. FRANCE.

WHY A MESTING WAS NOT HELD.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—The Communists Bianqui, Pyst, and Rochefort were to speak at a meeting that was to have been held at the Cirque Fernando on Sunday last, to protest against intervention in the East. The Government refused permission for holding the meeting, on the ground that whereas peace is in no degree imperiled, the public would have regarded the meeting as proof of the existence of fears of war, and, as the Government's license was necessary, the Government would have been held partially responsible for whatever would have been uttered there.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—The Ecole Europees announced that the international syndicate has signed documents relative to carrying out the Panama Canal scheme.

The triennial elections throughout Francave been fixed for the 7th of November.

The RELIGIOUS PECKERS.

The Greete de France says: "We have reason to believe the Government has resolved to close the chapels of all unauthorized religious associations on the 7th inst., deferring indefinity the expulsion of members of the confraterni-

ITALY.

WAR ON THE JESUITS.

ROME, Oct. 5.—The Italian Minister of Justice is preparing a circular to the Procurators General, and the Minister of Interior is preparing another to the Prefects, recalling into vigor the legal dispositions regarding the Jesuits, which forms part of the bill for the suppression of religious orders, passed in 1873, and which has been allowed to fall into disuse. These measures have been taken in consequence of the French Jesuits taking refuge in Italy.

FOR HIS HEALTH.

It is now stated that Gen. Garibaidi visited Genos because the health of his family was unsatisfactory at Caprera.

GREGAL Oct. 5.—Gen. Garibaidi to-day visited Maj. Canzio in prison. He was followed on the way to the prison by an immense crowd. He said to Maj. Canzio: "You have been right not to ask pardon, and I shall not ask it for you."

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Oct. 5.—Parnell addressed a meeting of 10,000 persons at Kilkenny on Saturday last. Mhe members of Parliament and fifty Catholic priests were present. Parnell announced that, as soon as sufficient information had been collected the Land League would organize a great sected, the Land League would organize a great strike against paying rent on the estate of every rackreating landlord.

GREAT BRITAIN. LONDON, Oct. & Frederick Wilkinson, yarn-pinner at Heywood, has failed. Liabilities, 25,000. RES.000.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Henry Brittain, Jr., a mer-rhant of Birmingham, Bombay, and Calcutta, has failed. Liabilities, £150,000.

VARIOUS. PLOODS IN BENGAL, CALCUTTA, Oct. 5.—Heavy rains have caused disastrous floods in Robilcund, Bengal. Many lives have been lost, and the crops are much in-

HUNGARIAN PINANCES. PESTH, Oct. 5.—The Finance Minister has introduced the Hungarian budget for 1881 in the Lower House of the Diet. It shows a deficit of 24,765,381 florins, for covering which 7,600,000 florins or rentes not yet issued are available.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 5.—The relieving forces have crived at Mohaleshock and dispersed the Ba-

Sutos.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 5.—The Basutos of Grigua, land east, have joined the rebellion.

BOILER BURST.

MADRID, Oct. 5.—The boiler of a steamer in the harbor of Bilbao burst. Fragments were carried a hundred metres. Two men were killed and several injured.

DEAD.

MADRID, Oct. 5.—The papers announce the death of the famous Carlist Chief Ramon Tris-AYOUB KHAN.

CANDAHAR, Oct. 5.—It is reported that Ayoub
Khan has arrived at Herat, and the Heratees are
willing to return to strack the British.

WASHINGTON. The Magnitude of the Pension Business A Statement from the Commissioner of the Bureau-General Washington

of the Bureau—General Washington
Notes.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 5.—The Democrats in some of their campaign speeches have charged that pension cases were purposely delayed at the Pension Office. The Commissioner of Pensions, in a letter which he had deemed expedient to send to a number of persons who have inquired why their claims were not adjusted, says: "At the time of the passage of the 'Arrears act' there were 100,000 unsettled claims. Besides these there were 80,000 on the files which had been rejected. Among these claims which were in the files and had not been admitted were about 45,000, which were counted as dead claims. The 'Ar rears act' not only brought in new original claims at the rate of 10,250 per month for the whole period of seventeen months—from Feb. 1, 1879, to June 30, 1870, while the average from July 1, 1878, to Feb. 1, 1879, was only 1,567 per month, but it revived of 10,250 per month for the whole period or seventeen months—from Feb. 1, 1879, to June 30, 1880, while the average from July 1, 1873, to Feb. 1, 1879, was only 1,597 per month, but it revived from 30,000 to 40,600 old cases in the rejected files. The letters, additional evidence, and other mail matter amounted during the last year to nearly 800,000 pieces, while for the year ending June 30, 1878, there were only 355,183 pieces. The inquiries by members of Congress alone during the last year were nearly 40,000, while for the year 1876 there were 9,000. By filing the letters of inquiry with the papers in the case to which they respectively relate, and giving them attention when the case was taken up, the office has during the last year allowed 15.537 original pensions, not including these for the War of 1812, a greater number than have been allowed in any year since 1871, in spite of the vast amount of other work with which it has been crowded. An attempt to have answered the letters promptly as received would have prevented a great many of these statements, because it would have left little time which could have been devoted to the work of settling the cases. There are about 20,000 original claims remaining unsettled, and new claims continue to come in. There are also several thousand claims for increase."

Mrs. Southworth, the novelist, near whose house a Rebel flag is reported to have been flying, has telegraphed her agent hore to immediately purchase a large American flag, and to erect it on the highest part of her grounds overlooking the location of the Rebel flag.

Most of the Indiana and Ohio clerks started for the West to-day, having obtained leave of absence from the departments for ten days, and, having secured low-rate tickets, a great many of the Ohio clerks will go to Indianapolis to attend the meeting of the Boys in Blue. The division of the Boys in Blue of the District of Columbia have been instructed to meet at the Dennison, Indianapolis, Thursday, the Th.

Capt. James E. White, of Chicago, is he

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5.—The colunge of sliver at the United States mints the last fiscal year foots up about \$28,000,000. Adding the net exports of sliver bullion and probable consumption in the arts, etc., the production of sliver for the year will probably be about \$28,000,000,—28,000,000 less than the previous fiscal year.

The collision near Norfolk about two years

pilots.

To-day was the last day upon which Ministe Christiancy could have filed an answer to hi wife's crossbii for divorce. He did not do so and Mrs. Christiancy's counsel will move to pro confesso. It is understood that the answor prepared by Christiancy in South America is a his lawyer's, but is of such a nature the latter refused to file it.

AMUSEMENTS. HAVERLY'S. and both in reading and in manner he conveys the rusged simplicity of the soldier. In the entiler scenes the magnanimity, the virtue, the stalwart goodness of the character is well shown. His meeting with Dedemona at Cyprus is full of tender protectiveness, his intervention in the brawl between Coasto and Montano, his solicitude for the peace of the island, his command to lago to tell the cause of the quarrel, his expression of regret to Casso, and his delivery of the line, "But never more be officer of mina," were fine examples of elecutionary effort and intelligent acting. In the third act McCullough displays in his management of the situations, in the scenes with Deademona, in the portrayal of the conflicting emotions aroused by the serpentine poison of lago, admirable method, fine imagination, and truthfully deplets the intensity of tragic path. Here, where jealousy takes root, the growth of distress is skillfully and minutely marked. There is no overstraining in action, speech, or gusture. The whole scene is masterly in its detail, brilliant in its execution, and fairly deserves the highest praise. For its rendition he was called twice before the curtain. In the last act his display of passion, pathos, and feeling was excellent and judicious. Considering the number of plays the tragedian appears in during the week, the piece was rendered generally well. Mr. Warde's 1890 shows improvement since he last played the part in this city. His performance is a mooth one, in which there is much subtle acting. The chivalrous Casso was rendered by Mr. Lane, and rarely have we seen the character better played. His depiction of the various stages of drinkenness, his regret upon the entrance of the Mor, his seene with Deademona, could scarcely have been bettered. Miss Kate Porsyth's Deademona was "the soul of grace," affectionate and loving. Mrs. Angusta Foster rendered the part of Emilia in a creditable manner. The audience was a very large and an enthusiastic one.

M'CULLOUGH TO TOM KEENE.

M°CULLOUGH TO TOM KEENE.
TREMONT HOUSE, CHIDAGO, Oct. 5.—My Dear
Tom: I am delighted to hear and read of your
success. You are a good fellow, and deserve all
the best things in this world. Keep yourself
well in hand, and be patient with your company
until you get them in good working order. Don't
get overexcated, and be sure to have your full
rest, so you will be up to your work. I congratulate you with all my heart. God bless you, my
dear boy. Yours always, John McCullough.
T. W. Krene, Esq.
The above characteristic and thoughtful note
was sent to Keone yesterday morning before
that gentleman had breakfast.

DRAMATIC NOTES. "Julius Cassar," with Barrett as Cassius, dur-ing the week at Hooley's. The performance at McVleker's this aftern will make the two hundredth of "Joshua W

"Lady of Lyons" this afternoon at Haverly's, and "Hamlet" in the evening, Mr. John McCui-lough appearing as Cloude and as Hamlet. Mr. Tom Keene again packed the Grand Opera-House last night. "Standing room only" was hung on the outer wall as early as 1:30. This afternoon be will appear in "The Merchant of Venice." The east will be: Shy-lock, Thomas W. Keene; Gratianto, Frazer Coul-ter; Bassanto, Frank Roche; Dube of Venice, H. Mason; Antonio, W. J. Hurley; Lorenzo, Harry Thompson; Salarino, Frederic Warner; Solanio, W. C. Cowper; Old Gobbo, Charles Webb; Loun-ciel Gobbo, J. B. Everbam; Tubal, Charles Kent; Lonario, G. W. Hill; Balthaar, Eugene

ceiot Gobbo, J. B. Everbam; Tubal, Charles Kent; Leonardo, G. W. Hill; Balthazar, Eugene Moore; Stephano, Hunter Smith; Portia, Miss Henrietta Vaders; Jessica, Miss Agnes Koene; Nerlsao, Miss Grace Both. In the evening Mr. Keene will appear as Bichelies in the play of that name, the cast being: Bichelies in the play of that name, the cast being: Bichelies, Thomas W. Keene; Adrien de Mauprut, France Coulter: De Baradas, Frank Roche; Louis XIII., W. J. Hurley; Gaston (Duke of Orleans), George W. Hill; Joseph, J. B. Everham; Sicur de Beringhen, W. C. Cowper: Francois, Harry Thompson; Courtier, Frederic Warner; First Secreatry, Eugene Moore; Second Secretary, Hunter Smith; Third Secretary, H. Mason: Captain of Archers, A. J. Dunbar; Julie & Mortimer, Heurietta Vaders; Marion de Lorme, Miss Agnes Keene.

TRADE AND LABOR.

ALBANY. ALBANY, N.Y., Oct. & —Six hundred hands in the stove works of Rathbone, Sard & Co. were thrown out of employment by the strike of 238 molders. It appears the President of the Molders' Union is a foreman in the works. He was fined \$5 for violation of the rules of the Union. He refused to pay. The men then demanded his discharge, which the firm refused to do.

MILLS SHUT DOWN. PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 5.—Owing to the 10 per cent reduction in the wages in the mills of the A. & W. Sprague Manufacturing Company Natick, the operatives have struck, and the mills were shut down.

DUBUQUE TAILORS. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

DUBUQUE, In., Oct. 5.—The tailors of Dubuque

are on a strike for higher wages.

A BIG OPERATION.

A BIG OPERATION.

Casting of a Trip-Hammer Weighing 160 Tons.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Pritsbung, Pa., Oct. 5.—The heaviest casting ever attempted in the United States was made at the Black Diamond Steel Works of Messrs. Park Bros. & Co. to-day. It was an anvil block weighing 180 tons. The preparations consumed several months of labor, and were of the most elaborate kind. These consisted in the building of five cupola furnaces sixty feet high and eight feet in diameter, lined with fire-brick, and the vital breath of which to fuse the metal was furnished by five Sturtevant blowers. These blowers revolved at the rate of 2,000 revolutions per minute, giving a pressure of twelve counces per square inch, and; drove about 6,000 cubic feet of air into each furnace per minute, each pipe giving a total of about 255 pounds of pressure. A channel runs facing the cupolas, into which the metal was tapped, and gathered into two troughs or fountains, whence it was run into the huge moid; this latter built up on heavy oak foundation timbers by means of bricks girded by heavy iron bands. The inside dimensions of the moid were, of course, the exact size of the desired block of, iron, its bottom dimensions being eleven feet by eight and ten feet thick. The greatest care was taken to thoroughly dry the moid and all its surroundings, since the great source of accident in large castings arises from the presence of moisture and consequent development of steam. Everything having been in readiness for several days past, it was decided upon by Mr. James Park to enter upon the casting process this morning, and secordingly at 5 o'clock the first metal began to flow, this being of the fineat quality, as it was to form the top of the anvil. The charging and emptying of the furnaces progressed steadily until towards 15 o'clock (neon), when the whole fluid mass of iron, weighing over 180 tons, lay in its bed. No accident of any kind occurred. It will be ix weeks before the ensity will be ood enough to move, and it will be fo

MRS. JESSE R. GRANT.

A Grand Reception Tendered Her by Mr. and Mrs. Perry H. Smith.

autiful House Pilled with the Richly-Dressed Society Ladies of Chicago.

foot, Mrs. Wyeth, Mrs. A. M. Gibert, Mr. Mrs. P. P. Oidershaw, Miss Gould, Miss Nee Warren, Mrs. A. A. Poole, Mrs. E. G. Asay, B. Crawford, Miss Fleetwood, Mrs. Fred Fake, M. H. Wheeler, Mrs. Dangier, Mrs. William Barn sanc N. Arnold, Miss Arnold, Mrs. Norman Villiams, Mrs. Judge Dunlevy.

solitare.

Miss Emma Smith was attired in a costume of blue satin, covered with tiny pink rosebuds, with Breton lace about the throat. It was a very rich and dainty costume, and attracted much attention. The costume of Mrs. Gen. U. S. Grant was another marvel of beauty. It consisted of pearl broade embellished with large fern leaves. About the corsage and collar were peacock-blue velvet with point lace. Her confure was exceedingly plain, being simply puffs from the back of the head. Her ornaments consisted of diamonds. of diamonds.

Mrs. Jesse R. Grant attracted as much attention by the beautiful simplicity and elegance of her costume as by her winning manner. Her robe was made of a delicate blue brocade satin Very fine Breton lace formed the neck garniture. Her hair was dressed in puris, and she was discorded as a fine of the same description.

ber costume as by ber winning manner. Her robe was made of a delicate blue brocade satin. Very fine Breton lace formed the neck garniture. Her hair was dressed in puffs, and she wore diamond earrings.

Mrs. Col. Fred Grant had on a dress of great taste and richness. It was of dim brown velvet, trimmed with old gold satin, and support earrings, cross, and locket of diamonds.

Mrs. Gen. Phil H. Sheridan was also elegantly dressed in a handsome robe of black silk trimmed with rich brocade, black bonnet, and large diamond ornaments.

Mrs. E. G. Asay was conspicuous in a magnificent robe of blue velvet, with a white and gold apron front, point lace trimming, and hat en suite. Her ornaments were diamonds.

Mrs. Harmon Spruance was dressed in a light brocade trimmed with wine-colored satin, and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Crawford wore a rich robe of old gold brocade silk, with ornaments of diamonds.

Miss Fleetwood was attired in a dress of wine-colored satin trimmed with velvet, and her ornaments were diamonds.

Mrs. Henry Wheeler attracted attention with a beautiful black embroidered satin dress, and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Dangler was clad in a gold and brocade silk, white hat, with diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Honry Wheeler attracted attention with a beautiful black embroidered satin trimmed with elegant black velvet robe, and ornaments of diamonds. Mrs. William Barnes was very attractive in a robe of black satin trimmed with jet. Mrs. Norman T. Williams wore a rich black velvet robe trimmed with jet. Mrs. Norman T. Williams wore a rich plack velvet robe trimmed with jet. Mrs. Norman T. Williams wore a rich plack velvet fole of black silk brocade velvet with jet timming, and displaying diamond ornament. Mrs. A. N. Eddy looked charming in a robe of beliotrope satin set off with iridescent beads, and diamond ornaments. Miss Emily Campbell were a robe of dainty cream-colored satin, with white selegant black satin robe, fresh from Paris, loaded with jet, and mave hat. Miss Chetiain was very plaining and black welves, with

Monods.

After the reception, Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Smith entertained Gen. and Mrs. U. S. Grant, Gen. and Mrs. P. H. Sheridan, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse B. Grant, Col. and Mrs. Freed Grant, Gen. and Mrs. Myers, Mr. J. Russell Jones and daughters, Mr. H. Campbell and daughters, and several other intimate personal friends at dinner.

SAGINAW SALT.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribuna.

RAST SAGINAW, Mich., Oct. 5.—During the month of September there was inspected in this State 299,579 barrels of sait. The product for the year to date is 2,150,557 barrels, about 500,000 barrels in excess of the product for the same time last year. The estimated product for the year is 2,700,000 barrels.

To the Consumptive.—Wilbor's Com-pound of Cod-Liver Oil and Lime, without pos-sessing the very nauseating flavor of the article as heritofore used, is endowed by the Phosphate of Lime with a healing property which renders the Oil doubly effections. Remarkable testimo-nials of its effects can be shown. Sold by A. B. Wilbor, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

No wonder the name of Burnett is a well known; ask for the best flavoring extract in any part of the world and Burnett's are handed you. At last the foreigners are finding this out.

The public will beware of a fraudu ient imitation of Dobbins' Biectric Scap new is ing forced on the market by misrepresentation it will ruin any clothes washed with it. Insi-upon having Dobbins' Electric. MUSLIN UNDERWEAR!

WEST END DRY GOODS HOUSI Madison and Peoria-sts.

Manufacturer's Sale

We will place on sale THURS. DAY MORNING one of the handsomest and best lines of Ladies' Underwear to be found in this country, at less than one-half cost

NOTE PRICES.

50 doz. Ladies' Walking Skirts at 75e 40 doz. Ladies' Night Gowns at 65c. 1 lot Extra Night Gowns, trimmed all down the front, 70 and 75c each. 400 doz. Ladies' Night Gowns, Chem-

ises, Drawers, Corset Covers, Walking Skirts, all on one ta-ble, to be sold for

American Corsets to be sold cheap.

CARSON, MALT BITTERS.

UNFERMENTED MALT BITTERS TRADE MARK Mall Bitus form pomy MALT AND HOPS

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.—The purest, and exist poverful restorative in medicine may be found in MALT BITTERS, prepared without termentations from Causdian BARLEY MALT and HOPS. This matchless Nutrient is richer in Bone and Muscle Producing Materials than all other forms of malt or medicine, walls free from the objections urged against malt liquors. It nourishes, strengthens, vitalises, and purities every organ and fluid of the body. It dissolves and assimilates every kind of food. It loads the blood with life-giving principles, refreshing and invigorating the mind and body, and arresting mental and physical decline. For Difficult Digestion, Loss of Appetite, Sick Hendache, Bronchitis, Consumption, Emscation, Dropsy, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Want of Sleep, Ulcerative Weaknesses of Females, Exhaustion of Nursing Mothers, of the Aged, and O Delicate Children, this perfect Renovator is truly wonderful.

Ask for Malt Bitters prepared by the Malt

Chas. Gossage

Brussels, Calais, and Paris. The Largest and Choicest & ever brought to this mark

Novelties!

In "Point," "Thread," "Duchesse," ", plique," "Real Spanish," "Old Point Venice," "Crochet," "Tatting," and M ese Lace.

Scarfs, Gillets, Vests, Collarettes, Barbes, Handkerchiefs, Fichus Colffures, Flowers, & Bows.

Old Irish Point Laces !

The most elegant Laces me

Spanish Lace Scarfs And FICHUS in all sizes

Many Rare Bargains is Real and Imitation Laces.

8,500 Children's Real Lace COLLARS, 25 cents Each,

Worth 60 cents to \$1.25 Each. "A Bargain Worth Noting." Chas. Gossage & Co.,

State-st. Washington-st BAKING POWDER THE CONTRAST



has been kept ENCHANGED in all of its originally and wholmomentees. The heat criticates ITN SAPETT, REALTHFULDERS, PUBLIT, or EFFECTIVENESS, is THE FACT of its being as to-day, from North to Soutin, from Boot to Work, the bonnes of the rich and poor, where it has been and for the last 15 years.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.

STEELE & PRICE

A Wonderful Vegetable Pro SPECIFIC CURE DISEASES OF THE SKIN

CATARRH. UNIAIKE other preparations in the marces, fartill LON contains neither RINERALE or ACID, but I LON CONTAINS NEITHER AND FROM Y NEITHAND FROM THE ACID AND THE RINERALE OF ACID AND THE RINERAL OF THE ACID AND THE RINERAL OF THE ACID AND THE RINERAL OF THE ACID AND TH

VAN SCHAACK, STEVENSON & CO.

AGENTS, 95 and 94 Kake-st.



HOREHOUND & TAR

UBHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROATS LUNG and all BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS.

A Cough may be fifly termed the preliminary magn of a maledy of which HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHO TAR is the surest known preventive. Therefore, delay make this CERTAIN SPECIFIC. CHILDREN derivation its soothing properties, when suffering with Comp a Cough. PRICES: —50c. and \$1. Large Blue Cough.

of Delicate Conferent, in a person of the Male truly wonderful.

Ask for MALE BITTERS prepared by the MALE BITTERS COMPANY, and see that every bottle bears the TRADE MARK LAREL, duly signed and inclosed in wave lines as seen in out.

MALT BITTERS are for sale by all Druggists. HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR.

The wonderful achieve necess of Hale's H Horchound and Tar

CAUTIONI

The Honey of the Plant Horehound scotters at SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Table Balance CLEANSES and HEALS the threat on air passages leading to the lungs. Five additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist, and in healths action.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop'r, New You

LOCAL POLITICS.

Meeting Yesterday of the Republican County Convention.

Exceptionally Strong Ticket the Result of Its Deliberations.

Hawes, Anthony, Gardner, and Williamson Selected for Judges,

Gen. O. L. Mann for Sheriff, and Justice C. R. Matson for Coroner.

mination of Recorder Brockway and State's-Attorney Mills.

ge W. Adams Selected for Senator in the Sixth District.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

city and county. The body of the hall served for the delegates and the active

nnounced that he had been nate Mr. Eugene Cary, of the

regular and entitled to seats; and one representative from each contesting delegation was allowed live minutes in which to present his plains to the Convention.

Ald Janssens, in behalf of the Seventeenth contestants, mounted the platform, and said that the ward primary was a disgrace to the barty. Good Republicans were denied an operationity to vote, and Democrats who never coted and never expected to vote the Republican ticket were allowed to vote just as they leased. Over 1,000 votes were cast, when in not there were not more than 600 Republican of the ward.

Mr. Sundelius, of the Seventeenth Ward, representing the "regular" ticket, replied to Mr. nussens. He said he agreed with that gentican; the primaries were a disgrace, especially Mr. Janssens' friends. The delegates were guilarly elected, and should be scated.

The Sundelius delegates were declared to be utiled to seats in the Convention.

NO SPEECHS.

Cohp H. Clough made a motion cutting off seches in nominating candidates, limiting ar friends to the bare mention of the candites names.

speeches in nominating candidates, limiting their friends to the bare mention of the candidates' names.

Col. Scribner opposed the motion, and thought reach candidate should be properly indorsed. It would lend to secure good nominations.

After some further debate, three minutes were allowed for the nomination of each candidate. Bone discussion followed on the question of the order of nominations, during which "Rosolution" Burke said it was impossible for the Convention to nominate bad candidates for County Commissioners.

Aid. Dixon—Are you a candidate? [Laughter.] Mr. Burke—No; but if I were I would carry more than my own ward. [Vootferous cheering; during which the Alderman subsided.]

Mr. Dixon urged the nomination of County Commissioners immediately following the Judges.

It was finally decided to follow the order of the call for the Convention.

STATE'S ATTORNEY.

Nominations for State's Attorney now being in order, Mr. B. H. Bliss, in a highly culogistic speech, presented the name of Luther Laffin Mills, and the nomination was made unanimous mind continued bursts of applicate.

In response to loud calls, Mr. Mills stepped to the front, and in the following admirable little speech returned his thanks:

GENTLEMEN OF THIS CONVENTION: Four years ago, in this hall, an untried man, a very young man, I was honored by a Republican Convention with the nomination for the office of State's Attorney. I then pledged myself to do all in my power by labor, by day and by night, to serve the public and the people of this community with fidelity. Nominated so magnificently, I renew most solemnly this pledge, and promise you all and this great community to do the best I know how. I thank you.

Mr. J. H. Burke moved that the four candidates for Judges be nominated so as to give one to such division of the city and one to the county towns.

The proposition was received with groans and howls of disgust.

The proposition was received with groans and howls of disgust.

Mr. Pence moved that each judicial candidate be voted upon simply,—one at a time, and the first ballot to be informal.

Col. Abner Taylor offered a substitute that the Judges be voted for four at a time, the four lighest to be the nominees of the Convention.

After some debate the substitute was lost, and Mr. Pence's resolution prevailed.

The following gentlemen were then nominated: Ira W. Buell, H. B. Hurd, Kirk Hawes, George W. Stanford, R. S. Williamson, Elliott Anthony, stichard S. Tuthill, John Lyle King, Hiram Barber, Jr., D. S. Shorey, William H. King, E. F. Allen, George W. Gardner, E. A. Otts, F. Q. Ball, Thomas Dent, Frank J. Crawford, and Col. L. W. Perce.

A delegate from the country would like to have read the legal directory of the city.

The delegate from New Trier said the nomination of B. M. Munn would meet with the approbation of the county towns.

Ad. Clarke, of the Fourth Ward, nominated Consider H. Wilett.

A delegate in the rear of the hall—I nominate Charloy O'Malley. [Roars of laughter.]

L. D. Condee, of Hyde Park, withdrew Mr. Wilett's name.

Noninations having been closed, the Convention proceeded to an Informal ballot, which re-

The Democrats Admit that the Nominees Cannot Be Beaten.

There were then put in nomination heriff Potter, Matt Benner, Frank Dr Ianchett, Ernest Hummel, and C lateon.

O'Neill.

Schaffner.

Cannon.

Mr. Ender's nomination was made unanimous.

A second ballot was had for a second choice, but before the result was announced Mr. O'Neill's nomination was made unanimous.

The delegates from the Sixth Commissioners' District, comprising the Towns of Hyde Park, Calumet, hornton, and Worth, went to an anternom and organized as a convention to nominate a Commissioner from that district. The following nominations were unade: John Farren, T. W. Johnson, And. Reimer, James H. Bowen, and C. F. Lind. Fifteen ballots were had before a nomination was made, and on the last bailot John Farren received 5. Lind I, Reimer 3, and Mr. Farren was declared the nominee.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The following County Central Committee was elected to serve for the ensuing year: First Ward—Arthur Dixon.

Second—E. R. Biiss.

Third—D. H. White.
Fourth—J. H. Gilman.

Fiftb—John Raber.

Sixth—William Ludwig.
Seventh—B. J. Meeney.

Ninth—J. M. Smith.

Tenth—J. H. Burke.
Eleventh—A. J. Stone.
Tweifth—K. N. Eastman.
Thirteenth—Courad Folz.

Sixteenth—C. Probst.
Seventeenth—P. L. Sundelius.
Righteenth—W. S. Seribner.
Second Commissioner's District—Seth Hanchett.

Third—F. J. Filbert.

and George E. Adams. also of the Fifteenth, were put up. The informal ballot resuited: Adams 14; Sittig, S. The formal ballot gave Adams 13, Sittig 9.

The choice of Representatives then followed. Gen. H. H. Thomas, of the Eighteenth Ward, and N. M. Plotk e, of the Fifteenth Ward, were unanimously selected as the candidates.

The following Senatorial Committee was appointed: Eighteenth Ward, F. W. Puschek; Sixteenth, Henry Severance; Fifteenth, H. D. Cook. Gen. Thomas, Mr. Adams, and Mr. Plotke all made speeches of thanks.

Mr. George E. Adams is an attorney by profession, and at present employed in a bank, and well known throughout the North Division, and he will make an acceptable Senator. His reputation for respectability, capacity, and integrity is admirable.

Gen. Thomas is well known as a legislator, this being the third nomination he has received, having served two terms in the House. He has been Chairman of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Plotke is a lawyer in fair practice. He is a German and a Hebrew, is well liked, and is a man of considerable strength and ability. He is a prominent and popular member of the sharpshooters' societies. He is not a politician. If elected he will no doubt serve his constituents faithfully.

FIRST DISTRIOT.

The Republican Senatorial Convention for the First District meets this morning at No. 221 West Madison street. It is to nominate two members of the House of Representatives. The West Side wards have not as yet put forward any candidate. Mr. Simeon W. King is believed to have the delegation from the First Ward, and will, if his delegates to the Third Senatorial Convention, to be held to-morrow evening. The attendance was unusually large. A rule was adopted not allowing any one to vote who was not a member of the Club, which had the effect of prolonging the meeting until a late hour. Two tlekets were before the gathering, one in favor of George Krul for Representative, and the other in favor of E. E. Wood for the same position. The Krall delegates were elected, and were a

workingmen.

John Farren is a master-mechanic at the Rock Island shops at Fiftieth street. He resides in Hyde Park, where he is the owner of considerable real estate.

IN GENERAL. REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS nly topics discussed in political day, and on all sides they were

T. S. Albright, of the firm of Albright & Kee-

ouarters, Judge Tuley presiding. It was de cided to hold the primaries Monday from 4 to p. m., and the Convention at the Palmer House at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning. The apportion ment was fixed on the basis of one delegate for every 100 votes and one delegate for every 100 votes and one delegate for every fraction over fifty votes east for J. R. Doolittle, Jr., in 1878. As several of the wards were not represented, the voting-places were not completed. M. W. Puller and Dr. Wickersham will be the prominent candidates, the latter being actively pushed by the "tarriers" in the First Ward. South Water street. He also is a stanch Republican.

John O'Neill is one of the old residents, and for many years was engaged in the business of house building. He is now the Secretary of the North Side Planing-Mill Company. In former years he was a Democrat, but, becoming disgusted with its corruption and bypocrisy, abandoned it to its fate. He is well known throughout the city, and has hosts of friends among the workingmen.

be the prominent candidates, the inster being actively pushed by the "jarriers" in the First Ward.

ENGLEWOOD.

The Veteran Club held a very interesting meeting Monday evening. Five new members were voted into the Club, among whom was Matthias Eisle, of South Englewood, who has voted the Democratic ticket ever since the War. There was great rejoicing among the members when it was announced that he had made up his mind to desert the rotten ship and join his old comrades and the Republican party. A number of applications for hembership were laid over under the rules.

The Committee on Lectures and Entertainments reported progress on the arrangements for a camp-fire to be held Saturday evening at the Rock Island car-shops. It was decided that the Club should meet at the bose-house, and go down in 'buses, which would be provided. An interesting program of martial and vocal music, bugle calls, and short speeches by old soldiers, has been arranged. A monster genuine camp-fire in the grove at Sixty-seventh street is talked of in a few weeks, at which a big turn-out may be expected. Special trains from all parts of the town and city will be arranged for.

The Gartield and Arthur Club will hold a ratification meeting Thursday evening at their headquarters. Prominent speakers will be present and address the meeting.

The Third Ward Garfield and Arthur Club met at No. 188 Twenty-second street last evening for the purpose of organizing a marching company. The roster was signed by fifty-sevent, and the following officers were elected: Captain, Deits E. Hall; First Lieuteant, D. H. Glie; Second Lieutenant, A. B. Halleck.

Hyde Park, where he is the owner of considerable real estate.

General Satispaction.

Numerous Republicans, representative men, whom a Tribune reporter interviewed at the close of the Convention, expressed their unbounded admiration of the manner in which the Convention performed its duties. The ticket, said they, is one that cannot be attacked. The nominations are all eminently respectable, and what gives it its attractive shape and bright color is the fact that the candidates are free from bummer connections and "gin-mill" associations.

Leading Democrats were disappointed at the result. They looked for the nomination of a weak ticket, and they were fearfully deceived. This many of them admitted in private conversation yesterday, but their party shackles will not admit of such a declaration.

In the language of an old attendant at Republican Conventions: "It is the best ticket, all in all, the party has ever put in the field in this county."

SENATORIAL.

THE SIXTH DISTRICT REPUBLICANS.

The Republican Conventions of the Sixth Senatorial District, comprising the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Eighteenth Wards, met last evening in Lower North Side Turner-Hall. Eugene A. Sittig called the Convention to order, and Walter C. Larned was selected as the Temporary Chairman. There were no contests. The selection of a candidate for State Senator was then gone into. Nobody seemed to be auxious either to nominate or be nominated. Finally Eugene A. Sittig, of the Fifteenth Ward, and George E. Adams. also of the Fifteenth, were put up. The informal ballot resulted: Adams, 14; Sittig, 3. The formal ballot gave Adams 13, Sittig 9.

following officers were elected: Captain, Delos R.-Hall: First Lieutenant, D. H. Glie; Second Lieutenant, A. B. Halleck.

The Chicago Democratic Club held their regular weekly meeting last evening at the Tremont House. There were about fifty present. The subject of holding a meeting to be addressed by Col. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, was again brought up for consideration, but it was thought best to defet the matter and regulate the character of the meeting by the result of the Indiana election.

The Democratic County Central Committee held a meeting last evening at the Palmer House. The principal business of the session was a legal discussion between Jo Mackin and W. C. Goudy on the subject of proxies, in which Chesterfield routed the lawyer, the result being the ordering of an election in the Second Commissioner's District, to be held at the Palmer House Saturday at 2 p. m. William H. Skelly, of Lemont, and John I. Kane, of Palos, were elected to fill the vacancy in the County Committee from the Sixth Commissioner's District, no election having been held there.

The Eighth Ward Republican Club held a rousing meeting yesterday evening in the hall on the corner of Harrison and Halsted streets. John Stephens, President of the Club, in the chair. Routine business having been disposed of, the Club listened to a couple of stirring speeches by Mr. Henry Herz, ex-candidate for Coroner, and Mr. Parrish, nominee for Representative from the Fourth Senatorial District, who eulogized the county ticket, and urged the Club to go on with the work they had begun so successfully, and help to elect it by a handsome majority. The meeting then adjourned until next Tuesday evening.

A SHLLY BET.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribuna.

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—Last Friday evening a Republican and a Democrat, citizens of the Fifteenth Ward, entered into an agreement that, should Garfield be elected President at the next election, the Republican shall have the right to put a chain around the neck of the Democrat and lead him, monkey-like, with a red cap on his head, to the tune of a hand-organ, around the block in the neighborhood where the parties are living; and, should Hancock be elected President, vice versa.

Each of the contracting parties is a judge of election. Can they be judges of election under such an agreement?

(ROPS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

CROPS.

CROPS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

CEDAR RAPIDS, In.—Sect. 5.—The crop yield has exceeded the most sanguine expectations. Reports from over 100 railread points in Central and Eastern Iowa indicate a general increase of about 25 per cent in corn and 20 per cent in oats, and the wheat yield is considerable better than was indicated before thrashing. There a large increase in flax also.

A gentleman's smoke, the Richmond Straight-

THE RAILBOADS.

The Officers of the Chicago & Western Indiana Not in Contempt.

The New Route to the Pacific-An Important Consultation.

The Burlington and the Wabash-What Gould Is Striving For.

WESTERN INDIANA Judge Tuley yesterday morning decided the notion to attach the officers of the Western In

> THE NORTHERN PACIFIC. your correspondent's article dared Sept. 8, published the 17th, and signed "Bear Butte."
>
> It is too full of bitterness and unfair representation to be permitted to sleep, as most articles written in a similar apparent spirit, and therefore deserves to be noticed and corrected by me one who thinks it his duty to do so.

cumstances, therefore, the rule would have to be discharged against all the respondents. Judge Lawrence assured the Court that when he advised his client he could lay tracks on the land cust of Clark street, he had no idea there was an injunction covering that land or he should not have given such advice.

The rule was then discharged.

THE WABASH. THE WABASH.

The managers of the Burlington, Alton, and Illinois Central Railroads held a conference yesterday afternoon to consider the best means to be adopted to meet the Wabash's competition and encroachments. After a full discussion of the subject, it was decided not to take, any concerted and decisive action until the Wabash had

and encroachments. After a full discussion of the subject, it was decided not to take, any concerted and decisive action until the Wabash had more fully shown its band, when it will be time enough for its competitors to take active steps for their protection. It was the general opinion of those present at the conference yesterday that the Wabash is bound to make trouble, and that a war will result.

The Wabash managers claim that the "Private Circular" about cutting rates to competing points was issued without the knowledge of the General Manager and General Preigat Agent, and that it has been withdrawn. The managers of competing roads, however, take no stock in this explanation, and claim that no subordinate would dare to issue such a circular without the knowledge of his superior officers. They also claim that contracts have been entered into with the leading merchants of this city in accordance with the terms named in the private circular, and that those contracts are binding and will have to be carried out. The feeling against the Wabash among rival lines is very bitter, and there are but few railroad officials who believe that a war with that road can be avoided.

Nearly everybody is of the opinion that Jay Gould is the guiding spirit of the Wabash,—although he claims that he is no longer interested in this, property,—and that he is directing its affairs in such a way as to force an issue with both the fowa and Southwestern pools in order to break their terminus at Omaha, and that he is directing its affairs in such a way as to force an issue with both the fowa and Southwestern pools in order to break their terminus at Omaha, and refused to run the Union Pacific to Council Bluffs to connect with those roads there until compelied to do so by the Courts. He now thinks that running the Wabash direct to Omaha will compelied to do so by the Courts. He now thinks that running the wabash direct to Omaha, also, if he could succeed in accomplishing this, it would be worth millions to him, and result in a correspond

THE TOLEDO, PEORIA & WARSAW.
Mr. A. L. Hopkins, Receiver of the Toledo,
Peoria & Warsaw Railroad Company, filed reports yesterday for the mouths of May. June,
July, August, and September, which are in brief

SHORT LINE TO DEADWOOD.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company announces that by Nov. 1, 1880, it will have the track laid on its Deadwood extension to Pierre, Dak., on the east bank of the Missouri River, opposit Fort Pierre, and from that date this Company will have in operation a through.

THE END OF GOULD'S MONOPOLY leave this morning. The fact of these officials making the trip together at once convinced This TRIBUNE man that something of an important nature was to be transacted. And sithough he could not gain much information from them re-

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

BISNARCK, D. T., Sept. 28.—I have to-day read

of nearly two miles per day, and will to do so until about the 1st of Decembe the track will be laid to Glendive, on

City, M. T., is aiready under contract (a distance of about 100 miles), and graders are now at work, and will continue the grading during the winter so that the track may be laid to Miles City early next summer.

It is true that in 1873, owing to Jay Cooke & Co. 'a failure, this great National enterprise, that will doubtless eclipse all others as a transcontinental thoroughfere, connecting the waters of the Pacific Ocean with those of the Atlantic, and which will furnish the most direct, speedy, and economical transit from Hong Kong and Yeddo to Boston and Liverpool, was suspended until 1878, when the financial disaster which created this suspension of operations on the round having terminated, the management resolved on a resumption of the work of construction, and without any "finanting of banners and blare of trumpets" the work has progressed in an economical and sensible manner.

During the last winter (1872-80, which was extraordinarily severe all over the United States, and particularly so in this section, there was some obstruction and detention in the running of trains; but the prevariention of your correspondent, "Bear Butte," is made manifest when he asserts that "during the winter of 1879-80 for three months, owing purely and solely to mismanagement, three trains only reached Bismarck from the Hed River country," and "had Bismarck from the Hed River country," and "had Bismarck from the Hed River country," and while the world than they were." The truth is, that during January, February, and March lee trains, february, thirty-one trains; and March lee trains, february, thirty-one trains; and March lee trains, the trains and departures of trains to and from Bismarck; January, minety five trains, february, thirty-one trains; and March lee trains, the trains and departures of trains to and from Bismarck; January, minety five trains; february, thirty-one trains; and March lee trains and the community and trains, and which will be finished between the Little Missouri to the Veilowstone, about fity miles mor

IOWA RAILROAD MATTERS.

IOWA RAILROAD MATTERS.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribuna.

Des Mornes, Im., Oct. 4.—The Grinneil & Montezuma Road, which has heretofore been operated in the interest of the Chicago & Rock Island, has been turned over to the Central Iowa, and will hereafter be managed by Mr. Pickering. Gov. Merrill and his brother, and J. B. Grinneil, with a silent partner in the East, are building an extension of the Grinneil & Montezuma from Grinneil to State Centre, which will be finished this fall. The first half the distance is aiready graded and the iron is being put down. The objective point of this extension is not yet made apparent, but the "silent partner at the East," indicates that the Wabash combination have a hand in it. I am told that large holders of Central Iowa stock have recently been unloading to Cate, the President, who is evidently securing a controlling interest which will enable him to do with the road as he pleases. He has been making observations the past week in the northern part of the State, and it is understood the main line will be extended north from Northwood, while the Grinneil & Monteauma branch is to be pushed on northwest, and that there is a big bar I at the bottom of these projects from which the money can be drawn to push them through. The hand of Jay Gould is quite conspicuous to a close observer in these matters. And right here let me say that last Saturday I saw a letter dated Sont. 22, signed by a man well known inchicago, whose individual eleck for \$20,00,000 would be cashed by any bank in Wall street, in which it is stated: "We are going to build at once a double-track steel-rail road from — (a. point on the Eric Canal). 200 miles to Build at once a double-track steel-rail road from — (a. point on the Eric Canal).

AN INTERESTING DECISION.

FREIGHT DISCRIMINATIONS.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribusa.

Speningrield, Ill., Oct. 5.—The Railroad of Warehouse Commissioners met to-day. In the case of Ira F. Palmer against the Illinois Cetral, the Company was given two weeks to Bits answer. An action will be taken in the ordenoe aiready in if it is not then filed, and, if the evidence is found to justify it, proceedings will then be commenced. The Board meets at Circago to-morrow, Rock Island Monday, and lack sonville on the 12th. The meeting at Rock Island is to consider the petition to have the Board from the fifth class to the first, in order to low the maximum rates it is allowed to charge.

The General Passenger Agents of the roads west from this city and St. Louis will meet here Thursday to take action regarding a proposed land-buyers' excursion on the 9th of November to the land-grant roads west of the Missouri River.

River.

Mr. G. A. Jones announces his appointment is Receiver of the Cleveland, Mount Vermon 5 Delaware Railroad, and that he has taken possession of the road and is operating it. All the officers, agents, and employes heretofore in the employ of the Company will be continued in their several positions for the present.

Mr. B. S. Henning, General Manager of the Indianapolis, Bloomington & Western Railroad has just issued the following circular: "Mr. I. D. Barton having resigned the position of Septintendent, the office is hereby abolished. Mr. G. Henderson is appointed Assistant General Manager, to take effect this date."

Mr. Kremer, of Paris, has sent to The Tab

R. Henderson is appointed Assistant I Manager, to take effect this date."

Mr. Kremer, of Paris, has sent to Tru Truber with his compliments a copy of a very visuable publication for Continental tourists, exitted "Kremer's Graphic Railway Guide for Great Britain and the Continent." It south maps of all the principal European railway lines, and is full of valuable information occerning hotels, excursions, sight-seeing, suring-places, pleasure resorts, and other matter valuable to European tourists. It is one of simplest and most attractive additions to kind of literature lately published, and teams a good shilling's worth of geography.

Mr. C. M. Levey, the efficient and popular sperintendent of Telegraph of the Chicago Inlington & Quincy Railroad, and private eatary of General-Manager Potter, left for an lington last evening in a special cart ocarry a highly important consolidation schema. Levey while residing in Burlington woo the fections of Miss Kate Bailey, an accomplish belie of that city, and this evening they will united to make the journey together hereafter the wedding will be one of the events of telty. After the ceremony Mr. Levey and my will be gone about two weeks. They will treature and make their permanent home in the city.

will be gone about two weeks. They make return and make their permanent home in city.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railry sesterday awarded the contracts for the exision of its Mount Ayr branch from Rethand Albany, seventeen and a half miles. The tension will connect the Burlington via newly sequired St. Joe & Des Moines, Marchand Rough Road, and gives it a new and short fulling to St. Joe and the other Missouri points. The St. Joe & Des Moines, which is miles long, runs from St. Joe to Albany, the intention of the Burlington to make narrow-gauge road a standard one as soo possible, so as to secure another through rof uniform gauge from Chicago to St. Joe and via the Kanssa City, St. Joe & Council from that point to Kansas City.

Mr. T. Adams, Gereral Manager of the Le ana Western Railroad announces the contion of his road from Orange, Tox., to Venionville, La., a distance of 112 miles, making ali-rail route in connection with the Tox. Wew Orleans and Morran's Louisians & R. diroads, from New Orleans, La., to Hourses H. Adams, Assistant General Manager of the Railroad for the management of the following the Charles H. Adams, Assistant General Manager of the Railroad for the sequentian of the following the control of the sequential for the following the sequential for the sequential for the Company at Lake Charles, La.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribust.
SprainGrinich. Ill., Oct. 5.—The Secretar
State Issued license to organize to the Rose
Electric Light and Power Company.

\$20,000, and the Monarch Lightning Saw
pany, Chicago, capital \$10,000.

THE AMERICAN

The New English Colon Planted Yesterday Tennessee.

Rugby Fame, Deliv Address,

Setting Forth the Object of the Present Asso

eches and Other Inte ses-What the Com

NGINNATI, Oct. 5.—According to made by the Board of Aid

good, and with care that he mor beauty is neglected. A rule we may start with this, it ample provision for all publics. We have here two which will be a delight fored which we have here two which we have reservarious widths along the will remain common prowhich we hope to see carefully laid out, and it the municipal authorities. We a rough way, made a begin ride along the banks of White Oak streams. Then vations for parks, garde grounds. In the present been made for these purpose. Hill, the highest point, froview of the whole surroun few towns in the old or This also will be common progrish gardens, laws tennis, as What, if anything, more is may consider and determine assure you that the proprie anxious to consult with and those who propose to make wish is to preserve the may ince for the people who I make them a constant mea eye and mind.

"Next comes the question hear we must bear in min fact, or should be, the exported, and stone of the transported with the property of the exported with consist, in the first insuch of the exponent of the exported with consist, in the first insuch of the exported with consist, in the first insuch of the exported with the order of the exported with the exported

"We have all of us a nun wants which must be provide day by day. We want food, and a great variety of things nurture and culture have "to us. These must all either by each of us for h mon machinery. Well, w. done best by a common ma-should like to see every have a commissary all have used that word ratidicate our own wishes an missary is especially a pwish is to make this coupply, and that every wish is to make this come supply, and that every as every householder here, sho ber and part owner of it, which this can be done is to England, and here also. If it price of establishing the pre it stands, will be divided in 26 each, so that the poorest inconvenienced by the outh Every one will get whateven his own consumption, and the directed and superintended cil chosen by the members way, again, we shall heve and common property, and our own daily wants shall fiber suffers, all suffer; if one in this way, too, if we pionce for all of the evils whittrade into a keen and anxidishonest scramble in older adultoration, of false protes of bankruptcy.

LAND HOME

"There is another direction on action may be taken pany will for many years land round the town site will and round the town site will be on the same lines a cated with respect to the chas been settled, therefore the capital will be required to on the most favorable on the most favorable will be invited to subscrib such sortion as they pie will be taken by the comberd will be minaged by by the shareholders. It is siderable difficulty may clarge herd in this country, can be made gradually beard are ready to give

lls. and thence to Cle red to is a combination

ILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Total Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

FFIELD, Ill., Qet. 5.—The Railroad and use Commissioners met to-day. In the Ira F. Palmer against the Illinois Cencompany was given two weeks to die er. An action will be taken in the evicady in if it is not then filed, and, if the as found to justify it, proceedings will commenced. The Board meets at Chimorrow, Rock Island Monday, and Jackson the Eth. The meeting at Rock Isleonsider the petition to have the Bock Mercer County Railroad transferr. d. fifth class to the first, in order to lower mum rates it is allowed to charge.

eneral Passenger Agents of the roads in this city and St. Louis will meet here to take action regarding a proposed ers' excursion on the 9th of November and-grant roads west of the Missouri

A. Jones announces his appointment as of the Cleveland, Mount Vernon & Railroad, and that he has taken positive road and is operating it. All the gents, and employes heretofore in the the Company will be continued in tral positions for the present.

S. Henning, General Manager of the College in the tral positions for the present.

S. Henning, General Manager of the Dis, Bloomington & Western Railroad, saued the following circular: "Mr. I. having resigned the position of Supert, the office is hereby abolished. Mr. C. rson is appointed Assistant General to take effect this date."

mer, of Paris, has sent to The Temple to take effect this date."

mer, of Paris, has sent to The Temple compilments a copy of a very valuation of Continental tourists, encremer's Graphic Railway Guide for tain and the Continent." It contains all the principal European railway is full of valuable information contoles, excursions, sight-seeing, water, pleasure resorts, and other matters of European tourists. It is one of the most artractive additions to the creature lately published, and teached ling's worth of geography.

Levey, the efficient and popular Surent of Telegraph of the Chicago, Burrell of Telegraph of the Chicago Burrell of Telegraph of

is about two weeks. They will make their permanent home in this imake their permanent home in this cago, Burlington & Quincy Raifroad awarded the contracts for the extended of the contracts for the extended of the contract of the categories of the contract of the categories of the contract of the categories of the Burlington with its user of the contract of the categories of the contract of the categories of the contract of the categories o

LICENSED TO ORGANIZE.

I Disputch to The Chicago Tribunte.

ELD, Ill., Oct. 5.—The Secretary of discense to organize to the Rockfordight and Power Company, capital the Monarch Lightung Saw Company, capital \$10,000.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 5.—According to arrangements made by the Board of Aid to Land Ownship, the formal inauguration of the entersise for planting a colony at Rugby, East Tensisee, on the line of the Cincinnati Southern tailway, 230 miles south of Cincinnati, took isce to-day. The religious services were consided by Bishop Quinford, of the Protestant hisdepal Church of Tennessee, assisted by the low. M. B. Snead, of Chattanooga. Then followed an address by Thomas Hughes, of Ensisted, well known author. In the course of his smarks

Planted Yesterday in East

Tennessee.

Mr. Thomas Hughes, of Old

Rugby Fame, Delivers an

Address, .

Setting Forth the Objects and Aims of the Present Association.

Speeches and Other Interesting Exercises-What the Community Is.

exchange our own for them.

OBJECT OF THE COMMUNITY.

"We are here to-day as pioneers, following, I hope and believe, as true an instinct, or, I should rather say, as true a call as any that has been leading our fathers across the Atlantic to his land of promise for the last quarter of a millennium. There seem to be as clear indicators now as in the carrly years of the seven-centh century in the political and social conditions of all the old settled nations of Christenium, and in none more than in our own Enjand, that this is a swarming time of the race, a line of great movements of population which no

treat it?

"Weil, in the first place, there is this lovely corner of God's earth which has been intrusted to us. What, as a community, is our first duty with regard to it? There can be no hesitation about the answer. It is, to treat it lovingly and reverently. We can add little, perhaps, to its natural beauty, but at least we can be careful to spoil it as little as possible.

LAYING OUT THE TOWN. rule we may start with this, that there shall be ample provision for all public wants from the first. We have here two beautiful streams which will be a delight forever to those who dwell here if they are left free for the use and enjoyment of ali. Therefore, in laying out the town we have reserved a strip out the town we have reserved a strip out the town we have reserved a strip out the town we have reserved as strip out the town we have reserved as strip of various widths along the banks which will remain common property, and slong which we hope to see walky and rides carefully laid out, and kept in order by the municipal authorities. We have already, in a rough way, made a beginning by carrying a ride along the banks of the Clear Fork and White Oak streams. Then there must be reservations for parks, gardens, and recreation grounds. In the present plans provision has been made for these purposes. There is Beacon Hill, the highest point, from which there is a view of the whole surrounding country such as few towns in the old or new world can boast. This also will be common property, and the English gardens, iswn tennis, and cricket ground. What, if anything, more is required. I hope we may consider and determine at once, and I can assure you that the proprietors are ready and anxious to consult with and meet the wishes of those who propose to make homes bere. Our wish is to preserve the natural beauties of this piace for the people who live and visit here, and make them a constant means of educating the cye and mind.

BUILDINGS.

institute to constitut with and most the winder of those who propose to make home been. Our winds in the past-deve the liver of the winds of the propose of the liver of the winds of the propose of the liver of the propose of the liver of the propose of the liver of the propose of the propos

THE AMERICAN RUGBY, the corporate feeling which is the main strength or all healthy communities. The New English Colony Formally

"I must take you yet one step higher, and then I have done. Hitherto we have been dealing with the outside only of our lives here, and questioning how far the idea of a community can be healthily realised in relation to those visible material things which we can see, and taste, and handle. But we all know, and confess to ourselves, if not to others, that no success in dealing with or handling these can satisfy us as mon,—or at any rate ought to satisfy us.—that we are one and all in contact with and living in a world in which we have to do with other things than those which rust and moth can corrupt. But here at once, it may be urred, we are fighting against the Zeit Gatet,—the spirit of our time, no where so strong and decided as here in America.—if we make any effort to deal as a community with the invisible. Here, at any rate, we may be told, experience speaks emphatically that men must be left free to follow the guidings of their own consciences. You may possibly succeed in supplying the material wants of all by one central organization started at once, but the spiritual wants you will leave, if you are wise, to find their own eatisfaction, and to develop in such directions and by such methods as chance may determine.

"Let me say at once and with emphasis, that there will be no attempt here to interfere with individual freedom. Every one will be free to worship in his own way, and to provide for whatever religious ministrations he requires, out of his own ideas. But, this being granted, is there not something which we may profitably at there not something which we may profitably at there not something which we may profitably at the provide for whatever religious ministrations be requires, out of his own is cannot agree well enough to use one building for their several acts of worship. In it I trust there will always be heard the Common Prayer of that Lifturgy, which both in England and America has proved itself the best expression through many generations of the joys, hopes, and aspirations of our shortcom

BISHOP QUINTARD

Then rend a poem by Mrs. L. Virginia Prench, of McMinnville, Tenn., after which there were brief addresses by Cyrus Clark, general manager of the colony; Judge Temple, of Knoxville; S. Dana Horton, of Pomery, O.; and Franklin W. Smith, first President of the Board. The services closed by singing "God Save the Queen."

TOO BROAD-GAUGED. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna, GALENA, Ill., Oct. 5.—Excitement runs high GALENA, III., Oct. 5.—Excitement runs high among the religious community of Nora over the action of the Ecclesiastical Council of Congregational clergymen, just closed at that place, in declaring the Rev. Joseph Wassall to be unfit for the pastorate of the Congregational Church, for the reasons that he approves the doctrine of the final restoration of all the wicked, and teaches that future punishment is reformatory and post engliss; that prophetion is reformatory and not endless; that probation is continued in the future state, and that some continued in the future state, and that some portions of the Scriptures cannot be reconciled with other portions.—for instance: that the 109th Panlm is incompatible with the Sermon on the Mount. Mr. Wassallis one of the most brilliant clergymen in Illinois, and was pastor for many years of the Baptist Church in this city. For two years past he has been preaching to a very large union congregation at Nora, occupying the Congregational Church in that place. A short time ago a majority of the mem-

to the church law, and that they had no legal right to the church property.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Special Dispatch to The Chicage Tribuna.

New York, Oct. 5.—A member of the World's Fair Commission informed the correspondent of The Tribuna to-day that within the past-five weeks the matter of subscriptions had been canvassed among the business-men of New York City, and that almost the entire amount of money required—\$1,000,000—had already been pledged. The subscription books will not really be opened until Nov. 10. It is believed that the entire sum will be subscribed within two days thereafter. This will not facilitate matters any, for, according to the act of Congress constituting the Commission, the subscription books must remain open sixty days, and no organization can be made until after the expiration of that time. It is believed that all the material obstacles to the great fair have now been overcome, and that it is an established fact. A vast amount of work has yet to be accomplished before the machinery goes into operation. A syndicate of capitalists has been formed who will subscribe the money, control the Commission, and select the site. It is believed that Morningside Park, a delightful spot, covering an area of some 300 acres, west of Central Park, has been determined upon. The selection of a site cannot, however, does not stand in the way of selecting the site in the manner indicated by the gentlemen who furnish the funds, and who thus become clothed with the power to control this important matter.

Bayard's Anti-Greenback Speech, Expecing Hancock's Hostility to the

MASONIC.

Annual Meeting of the Grand Lodge of Illinois.

Reports of the Various Officers and Action Taken Thereon.

Order of the Eastern Star-The

Scottish Rite.

THE GRAND LODGE. The annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Illinos, A. F. & A. M., was opened by M. W. Grand Master Gurney in the Central Mu-sic-Hall at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, nearly all the lodges being represented, the attendance

all the lodges being represented, the attendance numbering between 600 and 700. Besides the Grand Master the following Grand Officers were present: R. W., W. H. Scott, D. G. M.; E. W. Daniel M. Browning, S. G. W.; R. W., John F. Burrill, G. S.; R. W., John P. Norvell, G. O.; W., F. Hudson, Jr., D. G. S.; W., H. C. Cleveland, G. M.; W., James L. Scott, G. S.; W., M. R. Locke, G. S.; John P. Ferns, G. T.

Grand Master Gurney read his annual address, in which he announced a marked renewal of hopeful feeling throughout the jurisdiction. The lodges were more guarded in accepting applications for membership, and also entertained a higher regard for kindred responsibilities. Nothing had occurred during the year to mar friendly relations with other Grand Lodges. Only one new lodge had been organized. There were several applications for dispensations, but he was not impressed with the propriety of adding to the present number.

Under the head of "contributions for sectarian purposes," the Grand Master said:

"In May last I had a communication from a brother asking if it was proper for the brethren of his lodge, or for the lodge, to aid several brethren in the crection of a church edifice who had been dismissed from their religious associations on account of their Masonic relations. My only object in referring to this inquiry is to assure brethren that the lines of action in these directions should be so sharply drawn that an implication cannot be tortured from any act of ours that we as lodges do not closely adhere to our landwarks upon this subject. It appears that these persecuted Masons had determined to erect an ecledastical house in which they would be permitted to 'worship God according to the dictates of their consciences,' and not to be held amenable to any dictation touching other cherished opinions. Every generous mind will be in sympathy with brethren who are thus ostraclsed by a refuse of theological dogmatists, but we must not lose sight of the fact that a church organization implies a settled and avowed be

ished opinions. Every generous mind will be in sympathy with brethren who are thus ostracled by a refuse of theological dogmatists, but we must not lose sight of the fact that a church organization implies a settled and avowed bellef in some doctrine or particular fase of theology. The glory of the orat rests in its freedom from all restraints or influences that contravene our right to pay that respectful homage to the Delity which personal belief enjoins. As persons we are at perfect liberty to aid these brethren, but as lodges, or in the name of Masoury, we cannot do violence to a fundamental law by the indorsement of this or any other enterprise that would suggest a presumption that the lodge is not entirely aliminated of sectarian bias.

With regard to "personal relations," he said: "There is an unwholesome, unmasonic dictum indulged by many brethren that the fact of iodge memberships, regardless of personal character, is the standard of claim of fraternal consideration. Our esoteric injunctions are too plain to be misapprehended. They clearly establish that personal judgment in governing, and that we do not rest under any command, direct or indirect, to indorse vice though borne for inspection by a craftsman. It is a great misfortune becomes a calamity when we fail to stamp if with disapproval, even to the rejection of personal intercourse with its victims. I do not wish to be misundershood. I agree with you that it is a duty we owe to the world as well as to the fraternity to interest ourselves in the redemption of a fallen brother, but this duty does not involve the necessity or propriety of associations that conveys to the profune the impression that the votaries of intemperance, lust, or dishonesty are not regarded with disfavor. When members of lodges take the position that peculiar fraternal regard only attaches to the 'worthy brethren,' it will be more potent in driving the victious from our ranks than all other influence or procedure combined."

Referring to the recent Triennial Conclave of the kin

opportunities are of rare occurrence, and will make an impress upon those present that time will not eradicate.

The following Special Committees were appointed:
Credentials—Samuel M. Martin, James R. Locke, and W. W. Patch.
Petitions—F. A. Halliday, Jacob Krohne, and D. J. Avery.
Obituaries—James C. Luckey, E. C. Pace, and J. M. Pearson.
Grand Master's Report—John M. Simpson, D. C. Cregier, and Henry Hamilton.
The following Standing Committees were announced:
Jurisprudence—Joseph Robbins, James A. Hawley, Dewitt C Creiger, Wiley M. Egan, Henry C. Ranney.
Appeals and Grievances—Joseph E. Dyas, Miles H. Wilmot, Monroe C. Crawford, John M. Pearson, G. M. Haynes.
Chartered Lodges—C. Kirkpatrick, S. S. Chance, John L. McCullough, H. G. Calhoun, Rowley Page.
Lodges U. D.—Charles H. Patton, Jacob Messmore, Joseph Holland, John C. Hall, Samuel

THE THIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

son, G. M. Hayles.
Chartered Lodges—C. Kirkpairick, S. S. Chance,
John L. McCullough, H. G. Calhoun, Rowley
Pare.
Lodges U. D.—Charles H. Patton, Jacob Messmore, Joseph Holland, John C. Hall, Samuel
Shannon.
Correspondence—Joseph Robbins.
Mileage and Per Diem—S. W. Waddle, E. S.
Mulliner, Haswell C. Clark.
Finance—John C. Smith, Gilbert W. Barnard,
John D. Fowle.
Grand Examiners—Edward Cook, A. T. Darrah, J. H. Fawcett, M. D. Chamberlain, W. B.
Grimes.
Grand Treasurer Egan submitted his report,
which showed the following: Receipts from late
Grand Treasurer: United States bonds, \$5,000,
cursency, \$784—\$5,007; Contingent Fund, \$1,943;
Charity Fund, \$212; interest, \$100; Grand Secretary, \$21,564; total, \$23,283. Expenditures: General Fund, \$2,288. Balances: United States bonds, \$5,000;
currency, \$19,545; Contingent Fund, \$11,730;
charity, \$312. Of the General Fund, \$19,480;
currency, \$19,545; Contingent Fund, \$19,480;
charity, \$312. Of the General Fund,
The financial part of the Grand Secretary's
report contained the following: Received from
dues, 1878, \$107; 1879, \$4,689; 1880, \$20,424; miscellancous, \$148; for Charity Fund, \$194; total, \$25,554. All had been turned over to the Grand
Treasurer.

At the afternoon session:

dues, 1818, 1819, 1819, 24,000; 1800, 220,231; miscerlaneous, \$148; for Charity Fund, \$194; total, \$25,564. All had been turned over to the Grand Treasurer.

At the afternoon session:

Bro. Henry E. Hamilton read the report of the Committee on Grand Master's Address. They congratulated the officers and craft upon the existing harmony, unity, and prosperity of Freemasonry in Illinois, and commended the views of the Grand Master in relation to new lodges. While the savantages of his policy—he had not sanctioned the establishment of a new lodge in two years—might not be apparent at once, they were confident it would ultimafely result in great good to the jurisdiction. Masonry was spread out over this great State, and in some places, to use a vulgarism, was decidedly thin. They thought the Grand Master had had no desire to deprive any of the brethren of the privileges of Masonry, but his alm had been to avoid planting seed which did not promise to mature into wholesome fruit, and to encourage the transplanting of lodges from some of the waste places and merge them with the more healthful organizations. As to "contributions for sectarian purposes," the remarks of the Grand Master bore the impress of the fundamental principles on which the institution was founded, and his views should meet the hearty amen of every true craftsman, since a failure to conscientiously observe them must destroy their claim to universality. Referring to the Grand Brocampment K. T., the Committee said: "We think the Grand Master has paid a dignified tribute to the late lamented Triennial Conclave. Your Committee is, in full accord with the sentiments of the Grand Master in saying the demonstration was without parallel in the history of such occasions, and that most everybody present was so amply impressed that time will not eradicate the memory thereof. We think the Grand Master is in the main correct, still we have great faith in fraternal forgetfulness, and therefore hope that the lapse of time, a change of heart, and a forgiving disposit

iai gathering, which c

THE SCOTTISH RITE. sent to different parts of the country, and to occasion will be an important and instructione. Van Rensseiner Grand Lodge of Perfettion wild confer orders for the fourth to the fourteenth degree this afternoon; Chica Council Princes of Jerusalem the fifteenth an sixteenth Thurday afternoon; Gourgas Chapt Rose Croix the seventeenth and eighteenth is ame evening; and Oriental Consistory S. P. S. the nineteenth to the thirty-second Frida afternoon. There will be a banquet at 6 o'cloc each day. Among the candidates are Senati John A. Logan, and many other promines Masons.

NO HANCOCKERY FOR AULTMAN.

No Hancockery for aultman.

What one of the Alleged Floppers Says—Another Bemecratte Gain Gone Where the Woodbine Twineth.

Special to Guestiand Herald.

Massillon, O., Oct. 3.—A few days ago a citizen of Massillon, Mr. P. G. Albright, received a letter from a friend in Allentown, Pa., asking if it were true that the Aultman interests both at Akron and Canton had gone over to the Democracy, and that Mr. Aultman was openly working for Hancock. The letter stated that such report was in general circulation in that section, and was being used by the Democrats for campaign purposes. Mr. Albright referred the matter to Mr. W. F. Ricks, who made inquiry direct of Mr. Aultman. Here is Mr. Aultman's reply: Canton, O., sept. 25, 1880.—W. F. Ricks, Esq.—Dear Sirs: I have just received yours of the 24th inst., calling my attention to the following statement, which, you say, is being generally circulated, and requesting me to reply to the same: "That the firm of C. Aultman & Co., of Canton, O., with their employes, had gone over to the Hancock ticket, and that C. Aultman was taking an active interest in the Hancock campaign."

In answer to the above, I ber to say that the stockholders of C. Aultman & Co., of Canton, and Aultman, Miller & Co., of Akron, with, I believe, two exceptions, are all earnest Republicans, and greatly interested in the success of the Republican ticket this year. About the employés, I can only say that, in my judgment, they will give a larger vote for Garfield and Arthur than they have ever given for any Republican, and could not think of deserting a party which took this country with the Treasury bankrupt and the Union broken into fragments, from the hands of the Democratic party on the 4th of March, 1861, and has given us both restored Union and unparalleled credit. I cannot leave the party which has brought a united Nation, which has done so much to encourage the growth and development of American manufactures, and protect the laboring man against the low wages of his foreign rivals; which has give

THE THIBUNE BRANCH OFFICEN.

IN ORDER TO ACCOMMODATE OUR NUMER—
I ous patrons throughout the city, we have established Branch Offices in the different Divisions, as designated below, where advertisements will be taken for the same perce as Charged at the Main Office, and will be received used it of clock p. m.

J. & R. SIMMA, Booksellers and Stationers, 125
Twenty-second-st.
West that the content of the cont

F. M. WILLIAMS & CO., Druggists, 678 Larrabee-st., corner Sophia.
LOUIS W. N. N. E. B. R. Printing and Advertising Agent, News and Stationery Depot. 435 East Division-st., between La Salle and Wells.

PRESONAL-IF THE PARTY WHO TOOK SILK umbrella from T Clinton-st., last Saturday evening, will address R is, Triburo office, stating where owner can recover same, will confer a great favor, and will be suitably rewarded; umbrella valued as a keeppeake. Reepeake.

PERSONAL—A YOUNG MAN OF 24, POOR, BUT sober and industrious, desires the acquaintance of a lady with some means to assist him to secure a good business, with a view to matrimony. Address R 71, Tribune office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST AND POUND.

POUND—TWO GOLD RINGS. INQUIRE AT LANDMEYER & KLASSEN'S, State-st.

JOST—CORNER STATE AND MADISON-STS., Or on Indians-av. car to Twentieth-st., selaskin pocketbook; owner's name inside; with two rings: also, two collar-buttons and a small sum of money. A liberal reward will be paid for same. If parties will return to C.W. & FARDRIDOE & C.O., or Hyman & Co., jewelers, corner of State and Madison-st.

JOST—ON MONDAY AFTERNOON, A LADY'S enameled gold pin, round in shape, with bar across, and four pears in centre. The inder will be rewarded by leaving it at Potter's jewelry-store. Tribune Building.

JOST—MONDAY AFTERNOON ON WARASH-Tribune Building.

JOST—MONDAY AFTERNOON, ON WARASH-AV. AV., near Twelfth-st., a lap-robe. Will gentleman who took is from ice-car's teamster return to N. K. FAIRHANK & CO.

JOST—ON WEST MADISON-ST. CAR ABOUT 5:30 pp. m. Oct. & a red moroceo portemonnate containing small amount of money, and papers of value only to owner. A liberal reward for return of same to 75 West Jacceon-st., or to C. L. B., South Clark-st.

JOST—CAMEO EAR-DROP, EITHER ON STATE, I Monroe, or Dearborn-sta., the Fair, Parisian Suit Store, or Halleck's restaurant. Please leave at 44 Wabash-av. and receive reward.

OTRAYED—FROM FOITY-THIRD-ST. AND Drexci-boster and, a tall rangy, black horse, rather thin in desh, right hind leg scarred on inside. A liberal reward for the return or information. S. A. LITTLE, barn rear 16 South Clark-st.

STOLEN—WILL PAY 20 FOR THE WATCH dress LITTLE, its La Saliest.

INSTRUCTION.

well improved residence property on West Monroe

PHILIP MYERS & CO., Room 18, 164 Randols

LOSS 445 Polices.

FOR SALE-I HAVE SOME GOOD BABGAINS IN BOUSES and lots near Oakland and Thirty-fith-Each 1988 bowlen-a.

FOR SALE-S FEET ON MADISON-ST., RAST of Haised; central business and large dock lots.

GEO. M. HIGGINSON, 114 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT-HOUSES. TORENT-FURNISHED HOUSE, NEAR STATION at Kenwood, corner Forty-seventh-st, and Lake-av. Apply on premises or to PIERCE & WARE, 16 modern improvements. Owner to reserve a suite rooms. Inquire of C. White, @ and Si Randolpher TO RENT-FURNISHED HOUSE OF IS ROOM Prairie-av., near Twenty-second-at.; rent take in board. For further particulars, address B.W. Training office.

TO RENT-FLATS. TO RENT-BLEGANT THERD PLOOR PLAT. 6 rooms, with all improvements. 45 North Clark-st., near park. B. HANECY, 105 Dearborn-st., Room 12. TO RENT-BOOMS.

South Side.
To RENT-HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED ROOM to gentlemen. IB South Chark-st., corner of Lake. Tront parlor, without board.

T and back parlors, singly or together; slegant hoster, Empire bed, marble-top set, plano, sto. Prices moderate. Its Bast Handolph-st., Room &

TO RENT-FINELY FURNISHED ROOM, LARGE Closets, running water. Also unfurnished parlor. 278 East Ohio-st., near State, TO RENT-STORES, OFFICES, &c. TO RENT-HALF STORE ON WEST MADISON-st. Address R & Tribune office. TO RENT-A STORE AND BASEMENT, MXXII

WANTED-TO RENT-FURNISHED ROOMS

Tribune office.

WANTEL TO RENT—A ROOM WITH OR WITHout board; must be within fifteen or twenty
minutes walk of corner of Dearborn and Madisonsite. References exchanged. Address with terms,
etc., B 57, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A HOUSE OF 10 OR 13
rooms, North Side, good locality, furnished or
unfurnished. Address R 4, Tribune office. WANTED-TO RENT-A FURNISHED HOUSE or flat in a good locality; prompt paying, reliable tenant. Send terms and carticulars to LEWIS J. ARON. Eed., 284 West Washington-as.

HARE CHANCE-END WILL BUY THE HI and one single draft norse; also all ginns of new and second-hand buggles, carriages and wagons, single and double harness blankets, lap-robes halters, and whips at unequaled low prices. JOHN MITCHELL, auction and commission house, 196 and 195 East Washington-st.

POR SALE-PHARTON-TOP BUGGY MADE TO order last year by best city maker; as good as new; cost \$80, will sell at less than half. Address G SI, Tribune office.

new; cost saily will sell at less than half. Address G. St. Tribune office.

FOR SALE—TWO CARRIAGES, IN GOOD MUNning order. Inquire of CHARLES DAFT, Sid?
Wabash-av.

HAVE ONE OF THE BEST SADDLE AND
driving horses in the city, and board him in one of
the best stables on the West Side. I would like to
find another about 15 hands high that I can ride or
drive by the side of my own, and would pay his board
for the winter for just enough use to keep him in
good condition. Address R& Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A WESTERN FACTORY—AN BASTERN MANUfacturing company, doing a large and successful
business desires to establish a Western branch, and
wishes to open negotiations with responsible parties;
a moderate amount of capital needed; apparatus is
on exhibition at the Exposition; the bast of rathuences given and required. Address R & Aribune
office.

A PARTY WITH \$500 CAN FIND GOOD INvestment in first-class manufacturing business
in Chicaro; established 15%; best suited to one experisoned in stoves, furnaces, and kindred line of
trade. Address R & Tribune office.

A RAHE CHANCE IS OFFERED TO MANUfacturers who want to rent water-power and
rooms for either large or small business by the Izdustrial Manufacturing Oo., Rock Falls, III.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-FIVE HUNDRED DOLlarg worth of boots and shoes; will sell them TOR SALE—TWENTY-FIVE HUNDRED DOL-lars' worth of boots and shoes; will sell them cheap for each or trade them for the same amount of ready-made clothing. Any one can see them by call-ing at 35 Blue Island-av., corner Fourteenth-st. ready-made clothing. Any one can see them by calling at 35 liue Island-av., corner Fouriesint-st.

FOR SALE—A PAYING CIGAR STORE ON PRINcipal street, South Side, at a seartfoct unusual
low rent: satisfactory reasons for seiling; an opportunity seldom effered; from \$1,200 to \$2,200 necessary.
Apply at Room 36 Major Block.

FOR SALE—FINE GROCKRY STOCK WITH
meat market attached; two horses and wagons;
splendid location, and on principal street. Address
M.S. Tribune office.

DESTAURANT PAYING \$7 A DAY, SPLENDID
It location, everything first-class; will exchange
for subsphean residence worth \$200 to \$1,000. Address
R. Tribune office.

THERE PARTIES WITH \$2,500 EACH WANT
three more persons, each with a like amount, to
join them in organising a company; interests will all
be equal; the operations of the company will be assafe as an investment in Gevernment bonds. Address R 67. Tribune office.

WANTED — A THOROUGH BUSINESS MAN
with \$20,000 cash in a strictly mercantile business
that will pay at least \$20,000 per year. B 27. Tribune
office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MY ELECTRIC, SULPHUR, VAPOR, BUSSIAN,
MY SELECTRIC, SULPHUR, VAPOR, BUSSIAN,
MY SELECTRIC, SULPHUR, VAPOR, BUSSIAN,
MY ANTED—A TRIBUTER HOUSE, BUSSIAN,
MY SELECTRIC, SULPHUR, VAPOR, BUSSIAN,

MY ELECTRIC, SCLPHUR, VAPOR, BUSSIAN,
and Turkish baths, Palmer House, are superior
in ventilation, privacy, escaped, and cleanliness.
Take only the best. A. B. MCCHESNEY, M. D. Take only the best. A. B. MCCHISNEY, M. D.

M. DLR. ABLONDARU IS NOT CONNECTEU
with the Chicago Suit Co. She can be found at
80½ Green-4.

R. ABLONDARU IS NOT CONNECTEU
All BOILT IS SUIT CHEAP TICKETS TO
All BOILT IS SOUTH CIRCLENGES.

WANTED-ROOM MATE FOR A YOUNG MAN,
Clark-st.

CAST-OFF CLOTHANG.

CAST-OFF CLOTHAING.

A LL THE LADISS AND GENTLEMEN WHO wish to sell cast off clothing, carpets, and bedding can get an offer from E. HERSCHELL, 68 State-st. I will pay 25 per cent more than any other dealer in the city. Remember the number. 68 State-st.

A GOOD PRICE WILL. BE PAID FOR CAST-OFF clothing at GELDER'S. 170 State-st. (old No. 86). Orders by mail promptly attended to. Established Ed. N. DREWS, pays the highest price for second-hand. 50 State-st.

CLAIR VOY ANTS.

A STROLOGER—MRS. DR. ELLIS, EVERETT House, 20 West Madison-st. tells correctly by the planets you were born under the past, present, and future, the result of all kinds of business, your success in all kinds of games of chance and speculaliations. Husiness attended to by letter; for terms send for circular. Call or address as above.

W ton, as the best adviser and counselor on love, marriage, and business stairs. 31 West Madison-st.

TO EXCHANGE.

WILL EXCHANGE MY HOUSE AND LOT, STrusted on South Le Saile-st. near Thirty-fifth, also principally shows on Thirty-third and Thirty-minth. Address B. SCHERMERHORN, S Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—GOOD FARMS AND LOT, STrusted on South Le Saile-st. near Thirty-fifth, also principally shows on Thirty-third and Thirty-minth. Address B. SCHERMERHORN, S Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—GOOD FARMS AND TOWN property; want grain elevator and stock of goods. Address A. J. MILLER, Milrord, III.

W ANTED-TWO A 1 BALESMAN FOR A wholesale jeweiry house. Must furnish bonds
Address B ff. Tribune office. WANTED-A DRUG CLERK: MUST BE GEI man, Apply at 257 West Twelfth-st, corner Haisted.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED RETAIL CLOTHing salesman for Topeka, Kas. References required. Apply in person at 201 Indison-st.

WANTED-A SWEDISH SALESMAN FOR A
COUNTY store in Lown, where fair wares will be
paid. Reference as to mailtentions and character re-

WANTED-YOUTH AS CASHIER; ONE WHO writes well; must be able to give security.

WANTED-SEVERAL MACHINE HANDS TO rou molding-machines, etc., as mill, West Fourteenth-st., near Stewart-av. WANTED-THREE GOOD CARPENTERS COR-ner Dearborn-av. and Division-st. WANTED-TWO CUSTOM TAILORS TO GO TO OTALL APPLY TO SHANK, GITARD-SA MAN AS SECOND COOK AT TO HER REST AGAIN-SA TO SECOND COOK AT TO SECOND SHANK AS SECOND SHANK SHANK AS SECOND SHANK WANTED-A TINNER-STEADY EMPLOYMENT for a good man. 300 State at WANTED-SECOND, OR ORDER COOK, AT ANDERSON'S dining room, 16 South Clark-st. WANTED-FOUR GOOD CARPENTERS AT MIN

Coachimen, Teamsters, do.

WANTED—A PIRST-CLASS MAN IN PRIVATE
family to take care of fine horses, and drive.
Apply at 65 North Desplaines-st.

Employment Agencies WANTED-00 KAILROAD LABORERS FOR Southern lows and Wisconsin; 50 for Missouri and Illinois: wars, IL-5 per day; free fare; 50 for sawnills, iron mines, farms, etc. CHRISTIAN & CO., 50 South Water-st. W ANTED—16 SAWMILL-HANDS; LEAVE TO-day: 500 for ratiroad in Missourt and Iowa; a rear's work: 50 teamulers; 50 bridge-carponiers; free faire; 500 for city and farms. E. A. ANGELIA, 652 West WANTED-ALL THE LABORERS I CAN GET for Southern lowar, year's work: 25 stonecutions, 30 quary men. 35 bridge carponiers, 10 terms, 10 t

ANTED-AGENTS EVERYWHERE FOR THE best thing out; you can make big money. Ad-WANTED-LIBERAL ARRANGEMENTS MADE
with good canvassers for life-insurance by W.
H. WELLS, Room 4 Howland Block, corner Dearborn
and Monroe-sta WANTED AGENTS—ENERGETIC MEN, WITH WANTED AGENTS—ENERGETIC MEN, WITH DAYING SO Weekly, on small capital. Call and fivestigate or send stamp for papers. MERRILL & CO., 7 and 20 North Clarkes. Chicago. WANTED-A WASHER AT CROSSMAN & CO.'S livery, 416 West Handolph-st. WANTED—A MAN TRAVELING IN THE watstingery and book trade to carry a few light samples that need take but liste of his time and prove profitable. R St. Tribune office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN RESIDING WITH his parents to do office work. Must have a good English education, and write a plain, rapid hand. Wages moderate. Address B St. Tribune office. WANTED-DINNER WAITERS AT 115 SOUTH

479 WABASH-AV.—ONE FRONT SUITE OF 481 WABASH-AV.-FURNISHED FRONT tiemen. Day-boarders taken. 1907 MICHIGAN-AF.—A LARGE SECON
Gur first-class day-boarders accommodated. Eaf-1921 CALUMET-AV.—DELIGHTFUL ROOM
to permanent party with Grat-class board
2007 WARSH-AV.—HANDSOME FRO
ruite with board for gentleman and wife

North Side.

7 NORTH CLARK-ST., NEAR THE BRIDGE-Board with rooms, \$3.50 to \$5 per week. Day board 12 PINE-ST.-GOOD BOARD CAN BE HAD

ers wanted.

29 PINE-ST.—GOOD BOARD CAN BE HAD
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PRELLA.

260 ONTAING-ST.—TO BENT, TWO SOUTH
PRELLA.

260 ONTAING-ST.—TO BENT, TWO SOUTH
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\$50,000 TO LOAN IN SMALL OR LARGE INGTO-SL

The Finance Committee or Professor was a finance of the Secretary and Treasurer were control of the Secretary and Treasurer and South Clarks. A LITTLE, He Secretary and Treasurer were control of the Secretary and Sec

WANTED-PEMALE H

WANTED-A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE WANTED—A PIRST-CLASS SECOND GIR Must come well recommended. German pierred. Apply a 2323 Michigan-av.
WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUS work. German preferred. 479 North Clark-WANTED-A COMPETENT SECOND GIRL AT

TITUATION WANTED - BY A FIRST-CLASS ASSESSMENT THOOTOGRAPH UNDERSTANDS the case of

250 Michigan-st., down-stairs.

250 Michigan-st., down-stairs.

District on the control of the c

The Action of the Commontaneous and the common and POUT YEAR' PETERSON.
SITUATION WANTED-BY A GOOD GIRL TO
do general honsework in plain family. Call as
G4 West Madison-st. Wednesday from \$ 50 f.

S good Sandinarian or German female belt can supplied ses. DUSKE'S office, Ex. Milwankee-47.

MUSICAL INDUCEMENT
A SPECIAL INDUCEMENT
TO ANY PARTIES WANTING.

We have been taking quite a number of the above in exchange for new instruments. Ind we are over stocked with them. They must be noted to make reest for other stock. We will sell on installments if required, as prices that day competing. IMBALLA Corner of State and Adams—S.

A GREAT BARGAIN—MYS DAUGHTHI HAB ADOR SANDERS AND ADDRESS OF SANDERS AND SA

D. LATSIROP, of New York, is at the

C. BAGLEY, ex-member of Congres

R. D. C. BROOKS, editor of the Omahou, is at the Palmer with his wife.

Sub-Treasury, paid out \$20,000 gold and silver, and received \$10,000 silver. DB. LOUIS C. STARKEL, Superintendent of the RD S. BRAGG, M. C., of the Fifth Wistrict, is registered at the Tremont N H. WASHBURNE, Vice-President of the Insurance Company, New York, is at the

ND Mrs. John H. Gran, of Bu Gov. and Mrs. Charles M. Cre Mich., are guests of the Pacific SIR EDWARD HUTCHINSON, J. S. and H. nithson, of Dublin, Ireland, and John Holl ay, of London, England, are at the Palmer.

p \$30,441, \$23,795 being for spirits, \$4, gars and tobacco, and \$1,535 for beer. CARLE, Vice-President of the Chloago, and & Pacific Haliroad, and John Allen it of the Peoria, Pekin & Jacksonville, are at the Pacific. s in the County-Building were all yesterday, the boys being called roles of the candidate crying aloud, cases in vain, for help.

a Harvay was the recipient yester-irst plug of plug tobacco ever man-in Chicago. Hitherto the manu-re been located in the East, but very se people have established a factory ken out the usual license to manu-

gon to act jointly with the Board pon to act jointly with the Board pon to act jointly with the Board pon to act jointly in their rooms in the slock. There failed to be a quorum, and the few members amused them cussing the propriety of amending the gon so to allow new members to be added to the rule that the enforcement of the rule that

ceting was to discuss the proposition of visiting adianapolis to-morrow. The Chicago & East-ra Illiniois Railroad offered to carry the veteras at \$2.50 each for the round trip. It was at rst decided to go to the reunion, but the action as reconsidered and it was decided that it was expedient for the Club to go as a body, alsough many of the members will attend.

The monthly meeting of the Board of Direct-sees of the Protestant Orphan Asylum was sid at the institution yesterday afternoon. The latron's report showed that there were 128 innates. Mrs. C. M. Blake reported cash subscriptons of \$200, and domations of articles valued at 236. Mrs. Peterson, the Treasurer, reported a manner of \$300 in bank Oct. I, but there was a coal bill of \$280 unpaid. A joint meeting of the adies and the Trustees was to have been held in at evening to talk over the matter of the proceed erection of buildings on Wabash avenue, but there was not a quorum present.

Dr. Murray Mirchell, a delegate from Scotand. to the Pan-Prebyterian Council, will visit Chicago on his way to San Francisco, from which both the sails for Japun China, and India, on he lith of this mouth. The learned Brahman, Narayan Sheshadra, who has recently visited his city, spoke with enthusiasm of Dr. Mitchell, through whose instrumentality he was converted to Christianity, and said no one should fail to hear him speak who had the opportunity. He will give an address upon India, where he has resided for many years, this evening at the Fourth Presbyterian Church, corner of Rush and Superior streets, at a quarter of 8 o'clock.

Following is the list of dutiable goods received at the Custom-House yesterday: John Woolmer, 3,000 railroad ties, 6,000 cedar posts; A. B. Meeker & Co., 220 tons pig-iron; R. H. Law & Co., 32 casks greuse; Davidson & Sons, 4 cases granite; Hibbard, Spencer & Co., 1,720 boxes timpiate; J. B. Inderrieden & Co., 750 kers herring; Mock & Woebbeka, I package brandy; Field, Leiter & Co., 300 railroad ties, 6,000 cedar posts; Tohe basement of the churc

There will be this afternoon a meeting of a pecial committee of the Library Board and of he Committee of the Library Board and of he Committee of the Board of Education for he purpose of considering the long vexed question as to whother Haverly's Theatre shall be used over to the Library Board, as was regard over the the state of the property was regard, and the rest shall still be leased as at resent. Mr. Hoyne, Mr. Storey, and other millenen who held official positions at the time he Federal Government exchanged the old bost-Office prop rty for the Bridewell grounds scionging to the Board of Education, and who are fully posted regarding all the details of the rainsaction and the objects in view in making he transfer, will be present for the purpose of nightening both committees on the abject. The Board of Education has dvertised for bids for the leasing of he proporty which will be opened to-day, altoned they probably will not be made public will the Board meeting to-morrow.

It is not likely, however, that the building fill be turned over to the Library Board. While few of its members are in favor of occupying the head of the Library will, in a very short time, outnow it. As was stated some time ago, Mr. Foole and some others are in favor of securing place for the Library on Dearborn Park, ricre there would be room for almost infinit expansion, which could not be had a Haverly's. The objections, however, to the milding now occupied by the Library-lits except to fire and the necessity of having to dunb so many stairs—may perhaps be sufficient to induce the members of the Library Board to componently occupy Haverly's in case the Board of Education will consent to fix the rent at a low mough figure.

Kate Szukay. 70 years of age, while picking tool at 3:30 yesterday afternoon along a side-tick of the Chicago & Alton Railroad, was run wen and instantly killed by a freight car, which is belug bucked down the track. The body is badly mangled. The deceased leaves a sity of three grown children. The remains the taken to her dwelling, No. 2437 Lime street, leaving Koch, 12 years of age, whose parents of the No. 250 Cass street, was run down at the

THE CITY-HALL. THE Mayor was at Princeton yesterday.

COMMISSIONER WALLER is again on the sick

f resigning this spring. He does not like poli

for the week ending Saturday. THE Committee on Licenses was to have me esterday, but a quorum could not be had. An ther attempt to get a meeting will be mad

A DEATH was reported from the Small-Pox Hospital yesterday, the unfortunate being a 2-car off child who was removed from No. 286 Eventy-second street Friday.

Twenty-second street Friday.

The boat at the north side of the Erie street bridge, which was interfering with its turning and the navigation of the river Monday, was removed yesterday, and everything was going on as usual. The owners of the strip of land upon the south side of the bridge, which the city used to lease, were down to see the authorities looking to a renewal of the lesse, but there was no one around with authority to act. Something will have to be done in the matter soon, however, for, if the owner of the land in question is inclined to be ugly, he can create considerable confusion, for the bridge can only be swung one way unless swung over his property.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Among the building permits issued yesterday

way unless swung over his property.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Among the building permits issued yesterday was one to J. C. Dore, to creet a four-story store and dweiling, Wabash avenue, near Harrison street, to cost \$12,000; one to Bartholmae & Roessing, to creet a four-story ice-house on Brown street, near Tweifth, te cost \$6,000; one to J. Brata, to creet a two-story dwelling, Nos. 294 and 296 Rees street, to cost \$1,700; one to S. N. and John Nelson, to creet a tree-story shop and dwelling. No. 188 Wesson street, to cost \$7,000; one to Charles C. Gantzer, to creet a four-story store and dwelling, No. 246 West Indiana street, to cost \$1,000; one to J. Merkel, to creet a two-story dwelling, No. 626 Ashland avenue, to cost \$1,200; one to J. Merkel, to creet a two-story dwelling, No. 626 Ashland avenue, to cost \$1,200; one to J. Merkel, to creet a two-story dwelling, No. 626 Ashland avenue, to cost \$1,200; one to J. George W. Higgins, to creet a tree-story store and dwelling, No. 626 Ashland avenue, to cost \$3,000; and one to George W. Higgins, to creet a tree-story store and dwelling, Noa. 408 to 411. West Van Buren street, to cost \$25,000.

THE ANTI-ELEEDING ORBINANCE.

The ordinance of Ald. Lorenz looking to doing away with assessing employés to make presents to Aldermen or others of horses, carriages, stars, etc., meets the hearty approbation of those most interested, but it is another of the nonsensient propositions of the element he is supposed to represent, and like all other measures fathered by his class in the Council, is entirely impracticable. The general opinion is that it will, and ought to be, put on file, for the reason that it proposes to meddle with that which the Council cannot possibly control, and, furthermore, for the reason that it is creating a crime not recognized by the statutes. There is no doubt, however, that the practice of bleeding employés has been carried to the extreme, but to break up the system by ordnance, as proposed, is impossible, The employés cannot be prevented from dividing t

MEDICAL COLLEGES.

ege was celebrated last evening by exercises held in the main lecture-room of the college, No. 2813 Cottage Grove avenue. The students the display. There are a larger number of stuit is the custom at this institution to teach the students to consider the hospital a part of the sollege, and clinical teaching has become identi-fied with the regular didactic courses to a promcollege, and clinical teaching has become identified with the regular didactic courses to a prominent extent. The exercises last evening were opened with a brief address by Prof. A. E. Smail, President of the college. He congratulated the students present on the encouraging outlook for the coming year, and expressed a hope that the success which had attended the institution since its foundation would follow it for many years to come. Prof. T. S. Hoyue gelivered the regular address, and appead out the work to be done during the winter. There were several musical selections, and a pleasant feature of the evening was the unveiling of pletures of the only two men who had held the position of President of the college-Prof. D. S. Sinail and the present incumbent. The pletures are hung in the main lectureroom. After the regular program was concluded, the students and their guests repaired to the hospital and partook of a bountiful collation. Toasts, songs, and speeches followed.

The opening lecture of the fall term of the Woman's Medical College, No. 337 South Lincoln street, was delivered yesterday evening, in the presence of a large class, by Prof. Charles Warrington Earle. The lecture was to have been delivered by Prof. Fitch, but, unhapply, that gentleman was incapacitated from being present by reason of a severe attack of cerebrohemorrhage, which beful him several days ago. His friends hope for his recovery, but it will be many months before he can resume his duties, Judging from the attendance at the Woman's College last night, the prespects for a large and good class this term are admirable.

SUBURBAN.

The Board of Trustees met Monday, all being A proposition was submitted by the Illinois A proposition was submitted by the initions Street Gas Company to replace the old lamps of the town with their lamps, to furnish all mate-rial and labor, and guarantee as good a light as that produced by coal gas in the city, at \$17.50 per lamp per annum. It was referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges. The Lincoin Park Board certified that they re-

Committee on Roads and Bridges.

The Lincoin Park Board certified that they required \$115,000 to cover the expenses of the park for the coming year, and the Supervisor of the town was instructed by resolution to make a levy on the property of the town in a sum not to exceed \$700.

A resolution was adopted requiring the Town Clerk to issue all building and water permits, as soon as the necessary books are obtained. This is done to facilitate the fown business, as the Clerk is most rendily to be found, being at the Town-Hall every forencon from 8 to 12, and at all other times when not employed on outside town business.

An ordinance was adopted ordering the removal of all steam dummies from the Dummy road and Graceland svenue, and forbidding their use on any of the streets of the town, after Oct. 15. It also attaches a penalty for so doing, and also a penalty on each engineer, conductor, fireman, or other employe, for operating them contrary to the ordinance.

EVANSTON.

The boat cum met Monday evening in the University office. There are now forty-one members, almost as many as the constitution allows, and twelve honorary members.

Superintendent Loutitt, of the Government Life Service, paid a visit to the Evanston Station Monday, and expressed himself highly pleased with the performance of the crew.

The Villare Trustees met Monday evening. It

SOUTH EVANSTON.

The Village Trustees met Monday evening. It was ordered that Ridge avenue be improved from Mulford avenue to the limits.

REMARKABLE CURE.

About the middle of March Drs. Logan and Cady of 22 State street, treated Mr. Lewis Loewy, a merchant of Austin, Cook County, for rupture or bernia. One month from the time of treatment Mr. Loewy reported to the doctors cured. Drs. Logan and Cady have discovered a new and positive cure for this dread disease, and the treatment is so harmless in its nature that it gives no pain, not even keeping the patient one day from his business. Their faith in this new discovery is such that they will guaranteee a cure in every case. The afflicted who desire to investigate can do so by calling at their office, and will be furnished with testimonials and introduced to those who have received treatment. Their office hours are from 9 a. m. till 4 p. m.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Day of Non-Action by the Base-Ball League at Rochester.

Waiting to See What Cincinnati Will Do About the Proposed Restrictions.

Prizes Awarded at the Bench Show of Fine Dogs at St. Louis Yesterday.

Trotting Races at Louisville-Courtney Has a Walk-Over for His Match with Riley.

BASE-BALL.

THE LEAGUE MEETING.
pecial Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
IESTER, N. Y., Oct. 5.—The League peo hochestes, N. 1., Oct. 3.—The league people have had an extremely easy day. Through the whole of to-day the opposition of Cincinnati's representative to the agreements signed by the other seven last evening, abolishing the practice other seven last evening, abolishing the practice of renting League grounds on Sunday and the sale of liquors, was continued. This morning, to settle all interrogatories as to what Cinclinati would do if the proposed amendments concerning the matters referred to became law, Mr. Kennett telegraphed to the Board of Directors of that Club, requesting them to take some action in the matter. This really ended the lay's session, as a reply was received announg that the Directors could not forward

decision before to-morrow morning.

An informal meeting was held this afternoon, in which Mr. Kennett did not participate at all.

Mr. Smith, of Buffalo, entered a protest against the readoption of the agreement made in Buffalo last year, and said that it would be insestrous to his club if such a plan was con-inued. He was in favor of any scheme that rould tend to cut down players' salaries, but he idea for which it was conceived. No regular shate was had over the matter, and, as Mr. nith had to return to Buffalo this evening, the cetting was adjourned until to-morrow, when will put in an appearance.

THE KENNEL.

ST. LOUIS BENCH-SHOW. bench show of the St. Louis Kennei Club opened to-day. Two hundred and forty-five dogs are exhibited, but thirty of the St. Louis Kennel the various classes, notably among them Gor-dons, Red Irish, English setters, and pointers. In nearly every instance, however, the judges' awards met with public approval, and, although there were soreheads, yet their number was

there were soreheads, yet their number was small. Champion pointers were conspicuously absent, and to some the absence of Orgill's Rush and Rose was a particular disappointment. At the last moment Mr. E. F. Stoddard, who had been selected to Judge the pointers, telegraphed that he was unable to attend, so Mr. James Moore, of Toledo, O., was unanimously chosen to judge in his place. The selection was a happy one, for he closely and in workmanlike style did his duty. In champion pointer bitches, in the absence of the illustrious Rose, the contest between the litter sisters Belie and Ruby, both of the celebrated Flake-Lilly Chafu, was very close, but after the closest scrutiny public form was vindicated by the winning of Ruby. The pointer dogs were next brought out, and proved a fine class. They were steadily weeded out to four, between which the contest for pride of place was keen, but ultimately W. H. Zinn, of Decatur, ill.,—black dog York,—gamed first, and deservedly, his ordy week point being a lightness about the

ludge, and be showed his unfamiliarity with the Laverack type by throwing out Chow-Chow (an utily-named densities of the control of the contr Leaverack pickles for having a slight top-knot, which he considered a mark of the Irish Water Spaniel cross. Old Laverack has been accused of lots of crosses, but your correspondent believes this is the first time of using the Irish

or lots of crosses, and your correspondent believes this is the first time of using the Irish
Spaniel to improve his famous strain. As a
judge of the Liewellyn strain of English setters,
however, Mr. Turner fully proved himself by his
prompt and satisfactory decisions.

The only entry in the English champion dog
class was the father of Anglo-American setters,
Leicester. The old here looked gay and capable
of coping with any of his famous seions, though
in the free-for-all class of English setters he
succumbed to his beautiful granddaughter, Rosy
Morn. There was no entry in champion bitches
in the open-day class. A. H. Moore, of Philadelphia, took first and second with his importation, Count Dan (Dan Countess) and Rhoderick
(Cout Dyck Fantom), a beautiful brace.
Spencer's Duke was V. H. C. and his Tom H. C.
Mr. A. H. Moore showed the only two in the
open bitch class, his Rosy Morn, by Paris, out of
Pearl, beating Dashing Model, Dash second, out
of Countess Moll.

IN THE NATIVE ENGLISH SETTER DOG

open Ditch class, his kosy Morn, by Paris, out of Pearl, beating Dashing Model, Dash second, out of Countess Moll.

IN THE NATIVE ENGLISH SETTER DOG class, Mr. W. S. Timberlake, St. Paul, Minn., won with Graud Duke, a half-brother to Royal Duke, and like him in head, though not as good a dog. James Hennessey, of Cleveland, O., was second with Daniel the Prophet, a very taking young dog, with plenty in him to grow and beat his victor of to-day if they meet a year hence. Mansfield's Dan was a good dog, and worthy the V. H. C. he took.

In the native English setter bitch class the awards were good. D. Bryson took first with Peep o' Day (Gladstone cip), and S. A. Kave, of St. Louis, Mo., won second with Nanny. Penn Second, owned by A. C. Waddell, of Topeka, Kas., won in the dog-puppy class, and in the bitch pupples Mr. J. Hennessey, of Cleveland, O., was first with Joe Money. The beautiful Berkeley, looking like blood-red satin, was the only champion Irish setter. Eicho Second, by Champion Elcho, out of Rose, won first prize in the class in which there was no red or white shown. S. J. Sackett's Irish Ranger won a good second. Irish Kork was justiy V. H. C.

The Gordons were a fine lot, and old Grouse

The Irish bitch and puppy classes were not reached.

The Gordons were a fine lot, and old Grouse (James Moore's), the only one shown in the champion dog class (kupert being absent), took the cake and asserted his right thereto by winning in the free-for-all Gordons though he was hard pressed by Bob and Stella. Mr. A. H. Moore's Bob won first in the open-dog class from James Moore's Chang's a close race.

In the bitch class it was again a close thing between A. H. Moore's Stella and James Moore's Stella winning, however, owing to superior feather. The best dog puppy was E. A. Willard's Zeno, and his Julia won the bitch-puppy prize.

THE TURF.

TROTTING AT LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 5.—The first day of the Louisville fall trotting meeting, under the man-agement of John W. Conley, opened with a good crowd, fair weather, and an excellent track. The first race, purse \$800, 2:30 class, \$400 to first, \$200 to second, \$120 to third, and \$80 to fourth, resulted as follows: Lady Rolf..... nie G....

Fannie G. 2 2 2 Fannie G. 4 5 3

Time-2:244; 2:224; 2:234; 4 5 3

The second race, the Gait House Stakes for 3-year-olds, \$50 entrance, \$25 forfeit, with \$500 added, mile heats, was won by Director:

Time-2:32; 2:30; 2:32;4.......3 3

Bonesetter 5 2 0
Von Arnim 4 3 4
Orange Girl 3 4 dist
Best time, 2:23.
Will Cody and Bonesetter made a dead heat
in the third heat, and the race was postponed
till to-morrow on account of darkness.

POSTPONED.

NEW YORK, Oct, 5.—The Jerome Park races
were postponed on account of rain.

THE OAR.

THE OAR.
COMING CONTEST.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 5.—Warren Smith leaves on the 12th inst. to contest in the race on the Thames for the American purse.
ON THE THAMES.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The scuiling race between Laycock and Blackburn was won easily by the former.
Laycock has agreed to scuil a match race with Hosmer. of Boston, during the present month, and another with John Hawdon, of Delaval, on the 13th of November.

COURTNEY WINS A RACE.
SCIPIO, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Courtney's race with Riley was fixed for to-day at Ensenore, but Riley failed to appear. Courtney rowed three miles alone in 20:23%, To-morrow Courtney

will row to beat the best time, 20:14%, for's purse of \$1,000. PEDESTRIANISM.

DOBLER AND GUYON.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Dobler and Guyon, of Chicago, started to-day for England to take part in the contest for the Astley belt. O'Leary and Davis are with them.

RELIGIOUS.

THE BAPTISTS. The Lakeside Baptist Association met yester-my forenoon at 10:30 o'clock in the University

In the afternoon letters were read from the various churches belonging to the Association, giving an account of the membership, financial condition, etc., for the year ending May 1, 1880. All showed progress in church matters, with less debts than at the close of the previous year.

The following officers were elected for the en-

ries_The Revs. Rowley and Raymond Obstuaries—The Revs. Rowley and Raymond and Deacon Grimes.

It was stated that the Fourth Church was destrous that the next meeting of the Association should be held in their place of worship.

The Rev. J. C. Douglis, of the American and Foreign Bible Society, made a lengthy address on the needs of the Society, especially with reference to sending the Bible to the mission fields of Asis. The speaker was for a long time a missionary among the Telogoos in Hindostan, and spoke from experience. He believed that no other field could be selected with such good results for the sending forth of the pure Bible as among the heathan nations of Asia.

The Rev. I. N. Hobert spoke of home missions, and said he believed there was a crying need for

and said he believed there was a cryins need for missionary work among the people of New En-riand, who were formerly the best Christians in the world. The speaker alluded to the hordes of

Dr. Lorimer gave a brief sketch of what had

all of which reported progress during the year past.

The evening session was opened at 7:30 o'clock by devotional exercises led by the Rev. Mr. Hobis, of Batavia, and at 8 o'clock the regular exercises of the evening were taken up. The Rev. J. C. Burroughs delivered a brief address on "The Functions and importance of the Association," giving an outline of the work done and to do, and pointing out the advantages arising from it. He was followed by the Rev. C. Perren, of the Western Avenue Church, who spoke on "Fellowship and Cooperation Among the Churches." The Rev. George B. Vosburgh, of the Millard Avenue Church, offered some sound advice in an address on "Our Financial Needs and How Best to Meet Them," after which the congregation discussed the topics which had been treated by the reverend gentlemen in their addresses, and some very interesting points were raised.

The Association will meet this morning at 9 o'clock at the same place.

The Chicago Presbytery held its second day's ssion yesterday, commencing at 9:30 a. m were received. The Rev. W. T. Johnson, the Treasurer, presented the semi-annual report, which showed receipts of \$779, which had all been expended except \$42. The assessment of the churches for the expenses of the Presby-tery for the ensuing six months was fixed at 10

cents per capita.

The Rev. Dr. Wishart and Homer N. Hibbard were appointed the Committee to prepare the annual uarrative on the state of religion.

The Rev. Mr. Johnson called attention to the fact that the Presbytery had no standing Committee on Systematic Beneficence. He moved that the action of the Presbytery, a year ago, which called for a committee composed of one member from each of the standing committees, be rescinded. Carried. He then moved that a Committee on Systematic Benevolence be appointed, which was carried.

The Chairmen of each of the standing committees, and the Rev. A. E. Kittredge was named as the Chairman.

The Rev. Mr. Kellogg, in making an appeal for a religious weekly and a religious work, said that the daily and Sunday papers didn't furnish solid enough food for the soul, and urged that religious papers be taken by the members of the churches, and that the ministers recommend them from their pulpits.

The Rev. Dr. Worrall made his report as a Commissioner to the General Assembly, which was exceedingly satisfactory. As member of the Committee on Minutes from the General Assembly, he also made report, recommending that the Presbytery give one day's prayerful work to the development of Sabbath-schools.

The overtures from the General Assembly changing the manner of the selection of members of the Synod, making it an elective body instead of having it composed of all the ministers, as at present, was hid over.

The second amendment, which suggests the making of Synod the final court of appeal on all cases which do not involve the doctrine or Constitution of the Church, was also brought up. Action was postponed until next, session of Presbytery, which takes place on the 2d of January.

The Committee on Education recommended that students under charge of the Presbytery be not assisted to an amount exceeding \$300 a year from the church funds. The recommended that students under charge of the Presbytery's care and educated for the ministry, and when about ready to take a pulpit took a wife instead, and the bair

and nearly snown by the Commissioners to the late General Assembly.

The ladies of the Jefferson Park Church were tendered a vote of thanks for their generous hospitality. The session then adjourned to meet at Kankakee, subject to the call of the Mod-

SUNDAY AFTERNOON LECTURES. The Young Men's Christian Association has, during past seasons, given to the public a course of Sunday afternoon Bible lectures, which were made popular and instructive by the Rev. Dr. J. M. Gibson and others. The leaving of Dr. Gibson for London was a loss to the Association, but the lectures will be resumed Sunday afternoon, in Farwell Hall, and the course promises to be of great interest. The Rev. F. A. Noble, pastor of Union Park Congregational Church, will lacture on "Integrity." There will be a song service at 4 o'clock, the lecture beginning at 4:30. All of the former attendants and the public generally are cordially invited to come. Seats free.

FOREIGN MISSIONS. Lowell, Mass., Oct. 5.—The seventy-first an-nual meeting of the American Board of Com-missioners for Foreign Missions began this afternual meeting of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions began this aftermoon. After singing, the Rev. Moses Smith, of Detroit, led in prayer. The usual officers and committees were appointed, and the Home Secretary read the report for the past year. Right corporate members have died. Three former corporate members have also died, and Lord Stratford de Retcliffe, corresponding member abroad. Thirty-seven new assistants have entered fields, twelve regularly ordained. Fifteen others have temporarily surrendered their work, have returned, or are on their way. The States of the interior have remained under Dr. Wilkinson.

The three Women's Boards have continued their energetic efforts. Their auxiliaries have increased, and their contributions have amounted to \$103.63°, —the largest sum in any one year from that source. The ordinary receipts exceeded the previous year \$60.000, aggregating \$397.424. Legacies, \$79.401. Total, with a slight amount from other sources, \$430,752. Ordinary expenses, \$445,074.83,—a defect for the year of only about \$14.000.

The Treasurer reported the total expenditures of the year \$627.322; receipts, \$513.53.613. The receipts include the \$144.62 legacy of Ass. Otis, of New London, and the expenditures including appropriations from that legacy of \$80.000 for evangelical work, and \$56.526 for education.

Of the \$73 missionaries in the service a year ago five are dead, one by violence. Three have gone on the retired list. Forty-three children of missionaries have received aid.

In Turkey there are ninety-three churches with 6.500 members; nearly 500 native mission aries, teachers, and preachers; 1.500 youth is colleges; 300 common schools with 9,000 pupils and 60,000 copies of the Scriptures have been direculated. gust a mos some trained and the progress is very slow, but seems to omise well. Some of the restrictions of the strian Empire have been removed, and a nurch founded at Prague.

The recent ruling of the Interior Department mewhat restricts us among the Dakotas. Stastics show an increase in everything except the umber of missionaries.

THE EPISCOPALIANS.

Special Disputes to The Chicago Tribuns.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Triennial Convention
of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the
United States will meet at St. George's Church, United States will meet at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, to-morrow morning. The Convention comprises 458 members, consisting of 398 cierical and lay deputies, and sixty Bishops, divided into the House of Deputies, and the House of Bishops. The business of the House of Bishops is transacted with closed Goors, while that of the House of Deputies is public. The venerable Bishop Smith, of Kentucky, the senior Bishop, now 57 years of age, will preside over the House of Bishops. The presiding officer of the House of Deputies is to be selected.

The Convention will continue in session three weeks. The last session cost the citizens of Boston 280,000. New York Spiscopalians expect to get off with an expenpiture of a much less sum. Ample arrangements have been made for the accommodation of the delegates and Bishops at the hotels and private residences.

BALTIMORE'S CELEBRATION.

Extensive Preparations for the Comin. Anniversary — Distinguished Guest Expected to Be Present.

Expected to Be Present.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 5.—As the time for the opening of the celebration draws nearer, the city becomes a scene of activity never before known in its history. Arches are going up on all the principal streets, some of them costing thousands of dollars. No such elaborate arare being placed over the fronts of business houses in the leading streets, they will at night be one blaze of light. The city has just made a large appropriation which swells the amount of money at the command of the Committee to a heavy amount. The acceptances of invitations extended to distinguished people and military and Masonic organizations in other cities ousaction on the part of the Committee of Public Comfort to entertain them. Very many of these will be quartered at private houses and armories, thus leaving the hotel accommodations ample for visitors from abroad. The Seventh Regiment of New York have accepted an invitation, and witnesses of the military day will belioid one of the finest demonstrations of the kind ever known any where in the country. The same is almost true of the Masonic day, as indications point to the participation of fully 10,000 Knights Templar. The chances are that the line of march for the opening day will probably have to be considerably extent of the display. The Baltimore & Ohio Ra road alone will parade truly 8,000 of its emploi in uniform headed by Gilmore's band of nine pleces, from New York. The different man facturers of the city are agitated by a ve lively rivairy, particularly among the oyste puckers. Booth, the Chicago pucker, conte-plates an enormous parade, while Maitby insi-

OFFENBACH.

Death of the Distinguished Composer.

Parts, Oct. 5.—Jacques Offenbach, the musician and composer, died this morning. Jacques Offenbach was born at Cologne June 21, 1819, and after completing his musical studies at the Paris Conservatoire, in 1847, was the leader of the orchestre at the Theories Paulosia. While the orchestra at the Theatre Français. While in this position he attracted attention by setting several of La Fontaine's fables to music. He

also became noted as a violoncellist.

It was not, however, until 1855 that he made his master stroke, which he did by leasing the then new theatre Les Bouffes Parisiens, and formed a company which carried opers bouffe from Paris over the Continent, capturing every Capital and extending even to the United States. He was decorated in 1861, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor. He has been a voluminous composer, and his operas have as great a variety as those of any other living or dead composer, and his operas have as great a variety as those of any other living or dead artist. Among the best known of his very numerous operas are "La Belle Helene," 1864; "Orphae aux Enfers," "Barbe Bleue," 1805; "La Grande Duchesse," 1867; "La Perichole," 1868; "Les Brigands," 1869; and "Bo Carotte," in 1872. Of his more recent productions, "Le Corsaire Noir" was produced at Vienna in 1872; "La Joide Parfumeuse," brought out at Paris in 1873; "Bagateile," in 1874, in Paris, and "Le Docteur Ox," a fairy opera, in 1877.

Buck & Rayner's Moth Powder destroys roach-s, fleas, flies, and bedbugs. "And behold, the multitudes, with one accord," praise and use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

MARRIAGES BUSH CROOK—On Saturday, Oct. 2 by the Rev. L. Pardee, Mr. James T, Bush and Miss Hannah Crook toth of Chicago.

MASON-Oct. 5, at the family residence, is: Frank-lin-at., William E., son of the late James Mason, at-torney at law.

Funeral to-day at 10 o'clock by carriages to Church of the Holy Name, and thence to Calvary Cemetery.

Earth promised him a brilliant future, Heaven gave to him true glory.

Heaven gave to him tree glory.

MELVILLE—Oct. 5, Luin Melville, the beloved daughter of William and Mary A. Melville, aged I year and I months.

Funeral to-day at 11 a, m. at the late residence of the parents, 56 West Thirteenth-st, by carriages to Caivary. the parents, 50 West Thirteenth-st, by carriages to Calvary.

CAREY—In this city, Oct. 4. Thomas Henry, infant son of Thomas and Catharine Carey, aged I year and 10 months.

Funeral from No. 120 West Adams-st to-day (the 6th) at 10 o'clock a. m. to Calvary Cemetory for interment. Friends are invited.

MILOSLAWSKY—Ernsteins Miloslawsky, beloved wife of Isaac Miloslawsky.
Funeral at 2 o'clock to-day from 150 Fourth-av.

EF Grand Rapids supers please copy.

MILLEN—Monday, Oct. 4. Mrs. Catherine Millen, at her late residence. No. 50 North Wells-st.

Funeral 'rom her late residence to-day at 10 a. m. by carriages to the state of the Hay Name, thence here without further notice.

MCGOVERN—Oct. 5. at 2 o'clock, Patrick McGovern.

Palest's hurch, thence by cars to Calvary.

DEW EY—Oct. 4. at 9:30 o'clock a. m., Harry Dewey, DEW EY-Oct. 4 at 9:30 o'clock a. m., Harry Dewey, of heart-disease.
Funeral to-day at lo'clock p. m. from his late residence, 2284 Archer-av., to Graceland.
LYONS—Father Lyons, of Arlington. Ill., formerly of Chicago.
Funeral will take place at 10:30 a. m., by carriages to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited.
LOW—The funeral services of the late Peter Low will take place at his former residence, 68 Bryant-av., to-day at 1:30 p. m. DEWEY-Oct. 4. at 9:30 o'clock a. m., Harry Dewey,

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Political.

A LL REPUBLICAN SOLDIERS AND SAILORS
A are requested to meet at the Grand Pacific Hotel
at 12 o'clock noon to-day to make arrangements for
attending the Soldiers' and Saliors' Reunion at Indianapolis; fare for the round trip, 25.50; train will,

Handbolls, lare for the Found for, e.g., than which leave to -night.

A MEETING OV COMPANY C, SIXTEENTH Ward, will be held at headquarters, No. 96 Clyburn-av., this evening.

BY ORDER OF THE SIXTH WARD REPUB-held in basement of Rue!* building, corner of Eighteenth-as, and Bue leland-av. on Wednesday, Oct. 6, at 7:30 p. m. for the purpose of electing six deleganes to Third Senatorial Convention.

COMPANY A, OF THE NINTH WARD BOYS IN Blue, meet to -night for drill at the Club headquarters, Halsted and Harrison-sta. quarters, Haisted and Harrison-sts.

PEGULAR MEETING OF THE THIRTEENTH.

Ward Young Men's Garcied and Arthur Club will
be held this evening at headquarters, 26 West Lakest. The scenaris Col. Whitney, John A. Roche, exAld. A. C. Knopf.

THERE WILL BE A GBAND RATIFICATION
meeting at the Third Ward Auxiliary Republican
Club, 180 and 182 Twenty-second-st, this evening. Col.
A. Jacobson, State's-Attorney Mills, Kirk Hawes, and
C.R. Matson will speak.

THE SIXTH WAND REPUBLICAN CLUB WILL meet corner Haisted-st. and Canalport-av. to-night. A full attendance is requested.

night. A full attendance is requested.

Miscellaneous.

A RRANGEMENTS HAVING BEEN MADE TO A pay for horses all members of the First Regiment Cavalry, I. N. G., are ordered to hire a horse for Saturday afternoon's parade. Money will be handed each man at close of parade. The color assigned to etch company is as follows: "A" and "D" bays. "C" white or gray, and "B" blacks. Members hiring horses will conform to the above as closely as possible. By order of Maj. Weiter. WILLIAM V. JACOBS, Captain and Adjusant.

JOS. L. SMITHSON, A PRUMINENT BUSINESS—man of Dublin, Ireland, will conduct the neon prayer-meeting to-day in Lower Farwell Hall. He will give an account of the free preakfasts for the poor so successfully conducted in that city. poor so successfully conducted in that city.

THE CHICAGO PRISONERS OF WAR UNION
I will hold a special meeting to-night at the Sherman House cluir room sharp at 5 o'clock. Reports of
Reunion Committees, and invitations, circulars, etc.,
ready for distribution.

THE THIRD ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ILlinois Social Science Association will be held in
the Clark Street Methodist Church auraday and Friday, morning, afternoos, and evening interesting
papers will be rand.

AUCTION SALES. By ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO.,

Oil Paintings. THE SALE AT AUCTION

91 East Washington-st. At 10:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.

ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., For Our Sale commencing at 9:30 a. m. THIS DAY,

IMMENSE STOCK FURNITURE

A Splendid Line of Carpets, 150 pairs Blankets, Comforters, General Household Goods, Cooking, Heating, and Parlor Stoves, General Merchandise, &c., &c. BIG SALE-DON'T MISS IT. ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., St and St Randolph-st.

At No. 15 North Curtis-st. Thursday Morning, Oct. 7, at 10 o'clock We sell the entire contents of Residence, cons of Parlor, Chamber, and Dining-Room FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, CROCKERY, &c. The goods must be sold and removed day of sale.
ELISON, BLERSHEIM & CO., Auct'rs.

By GEO. P. GORE & CO.,

Another Large Catalogue Auction Sale

BOOTS, SHOES, and RUBBERS

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 6,

214 & 216 Madison-st. All goods guaranteed to be regular in sizes, and not damaged unless sold as such. Any retailer of good repute can have his goods sent home, to be paid for when examined and found, as they will be, correct.

GEO. P. GORE & CO.. Auctioneers.

REGULAR WEEKLY SALE OF CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

Thursday, Oct. 7, at 9:30 a. m.,

We shall sell a large stock of W. G., C.C., and occelain Ware, a good assortment of Glassware. A Line of Decorated Chamber Sets.

Goods packed for Country Merchants. GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers. By HENRY FRIEDMAN & SONS, Our Trade Sale of Crockery, Glassware, and Lamps, Veduesday, Oct. 6, 10 a. m., will comprise an Elegant scortment of White Granite Ware, C. C., Rock. and

By CHICAGO AUCTION & STORAGE CO.

New and Used Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Etc., WEDNESDAY, Oct. 6, at 98, o'clock, at 98 Lake-st. CHICAGO AUCTION & STORAGE CO.,

CLOAKS AND DOLMANS. 237 State-st., near Jackson. MISS HUGHES, Manager.

PRIZE-DISTRIBUTIONS. OFFICE OF COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO. OUR FIRE JULIDING, COURTER JOURN AL BUILDING, COURTER JOURN AL BUILDING, In direct violation of an agreement with ex-Postmasker-General Key, ordering the delivery of Registered Letters and the payment of Money Orders to the undersigned, pending the Histation in the United States Supreme Court, the Third Assistant Fostmasteriors, to test aside sale of the Third Assistant Fostmasteriors, to test aside sale of the Third Assistant Fostmasteriors, to test aside sale of the Third Assistant Fostmasteriors, to test aside sale of the Third Assistant Fostmasteriors, to test aside sale of the Third Assistant Fostmasteriors, to test aside sale of the Third Assistant Fostmasteriors, to test aside sale of the Third Assistant Fostmasteriors, and being Illegal, are necessarily fraudulent, when, in fact, the tranchise under which this Company draws, unlike that of the Louislana Lottery Company, has never been repealed, and yet the Post Office Beparament discriminates in fayor of that Company, and, until further notice, correspondents are requested to send all remittances by plain letter or by express. Bon't send by money order or registered letter.

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Their popular monthly drawings, never postponed, have taken place regularly in the CITY OF LOUIS-VILLE, KY, OCTOBER 30.

OCTOBER 30.

THESE DRAWINGS. AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ERE AND SUSTAINED BY LEGISLATURE OF ERE AND SUSTAINED BY LEGISLATURE OF EXPRENCE OF SUSTAINED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF EXPRENCE OF SUSTAINED BY EVERY MONTH, SUNDAY OF THE LAST DAY OF EVERY MONTH, SUNDAY OF LAST DAY OF LAST DAY

Whole tickets, 22. Half tickets, 31. 27 tic as treets, fin.

Remit money in Letter, Bank Draft, or Express.

For further information address R. M. BOARDMAN,
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KRANZ Fresh Every Day. Considered the Bigs Tin the world by Light Miles a Specialty Wholesale and Renall. TRUNKS.

LOTTERY DRAWING OFFICIAL BRAWING OF THE

Class K Drawn at Covington, Ky Thursday, Sept. 30, 1886 T. HINDS, TREASURER

would organise a band, come and mob me and my family, tnew the certainty that there we being carried out.

"The Southern people are to terest in the coming Presidential are very certain of Hancock's eithat they feel certain that they to something like their

Impact in His Special to Cincinnate for Innianapolis, Oct. 2—On Sthe Lawrenceburg Democrat with the following double-lead standing at the head of its edit 'Do you know McKay? member of the Mepublican St mittee. McKay is a nice little test 8 inches in hight, has be mastache, an unforgiving conded dissuberting eye. He wes cet and don't stay long at a pha Republicans all amiling, where iT will do the most good Lawrenceburg to Aurors, then hills, Vevay, Madison, and the Lawrenceburg to Aurors, then hills, Vevay, Madison, and we will be the second of the second

CAPITALS, 15.000, 16.000, 12.500, 19.003, AND OTHER PRIZES, AMOUNTING TO TICKETS, IL For further particulars address
M. J. RICHMOND, Co. Ington, Ky. or
G. UPINGTON, S99 Broadway, N. InFRED ERBY, 87 and 89 Washington
Dicase.

CHICAGO TILE OF THE AGENCY OF

APPROXIMATION

...\$150 77,679 ...\$150 38,647 ... 150 27,680 ...150 38,648 ... 15: 38,641 ...50 38,649 ... 150 38,642 ...50 38,650 ...

PRIZES PAYABLE IN FULL WITHOUT D

Drawings have regularly taken place in provington, Ky., on Saturday,

OCTOBER 16.

THE SOLID SOUTH

icago & Northwestern

Sinking Fund 6s of 1879

enough to be Governor well off, and yet I shall cents on the dollar. I've the North as a day-labo as a rich Yankee. I ha Ashland County, this St.

Tabash, St. Louis & Pacific R. R.Co. 6 per cent General Mortgage Bonds. and interest payable in U. S. Gold Coin. For sale, 96 and interest. DAY & FIELD...... 130 LaSalle-st.

STOCK SPECULATION. JOHN A. DODGE & CO.,

makers and Brokers. If Wall-at. New York,
process on reasonable margin, and, when desired,
avise which go to fist can be profitably investmiles in which go to fist can be profitably investmiles in the first one profitably investtraining in the first one profitably investprofitable for good profits are constantly octoportunities for good profits are constantly oc-

HEAT Dealers make Money with W. T. SOULE & CO., 190. La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill. Write for particulars. THE SOLID SOUTH.

BUSINESS CARDS.

chicago & Northwestern Ry. Co.

Sinking Fund 6s of 1879
At 105 and interest.

draf-class Relirond Bonds for sale by

DAY & FIELD 130 La Salle-st.

prints—Interview with a Northerne Who Has Been There.

Who Has Been There.

A resteman has been stopping at the Galt Some for the last few days who hasis from Frank-ha County, Tennessee. A Commercial reporter much him out to inquire of him the cendi tion dust part of the "Solid South." He answered very question with frankness and directness, is said: "I am an Ohio man; enlisted in an allo regiment, and served until I was severely rounded in 1864, when I was discharged. I am a Republican. Ten years are my father and I excassed a farm of 300 aeres in Ashiand County, Ohio, worth \$25,000, for a farm of 900 aeres in Insakin County, Tennessee, and agreed to give to boot, which was put in the con the title of the Tennessee farm, cure ourselves against any loss, we at these notes of ours should not be quiti this cloud was removed. The spat in the hands of the attorney of every of the Tennessee farm to held at He garnisheed the notes held by him to to recover a fee from his client, and size the owner of them. He brought mat us on the notes and mortgage. The sold, and brought \$5,000 at Sheriff's in our farm thus sold over our heads, concluded to come back to Ohio. The we were 'Damn Yanks' was the thing is such an unjust course of things pos-

he made such an unjust course of things posthing.

Pranklin County hies about eighty-two miles
such of Nashvillo. It is a county bordering on
labama. It is red-bot Secesh. When the Tensuce Legislature, in 1886, first refused to pass
the Seceston ordinance, the people of Franklin
County had a meeting and determined to secede
from Tenessee and join Alabama, which had
alrealy left the Union.

"When we first went South to close our barsain, our reception was very cerdial. It was not
intil some time after we were well settled there
that we began to realize what a strong undersurrent there was against us because of our
Northern birth and sympathies. Social isolation was our fate. We had no neighbors at all,
although people were living all around us. I
would rather move to a pisse fifty, miles from
well having neighbors, in the South this
fill sever come about. If a Northern man deiers to live in the South he must go in a colony,
is sust take everything with him from Northre very poor. They won't take Northern
achers, and the Southern school-teacher is a
ery ignorant kind of an animal. I know of onse where a Northern lady school-teacher ofsience, but they would not be her try. They
referred a native pedagog who knew little or
othing.

There is no enterprise among the people, no

reterred a nauve pecuagog who knew fitte the sching.

"There is no enterprise among the people, no attempt to better their condition. There are no rads and no bridges. The negroes do most of the work. The poor whites do little but sit around and curse. The whites are about as ignorant as the negro. The latter is improving smewhat. Some of his color are accumulating property. The blacks have schools and churches, amported by themselves, better than the white about an accumulating property. The blacks have schools and churches, misored by themselves, better than the white about an accumulating property. The blacks have schools and churches.

"As to polities, I have Hitle to say. There has not been a Republican candidate for office in our county since I have been there. There have been Ku-Klux Klans there. I have seen them. They did not molest me, but I have known of their killing and beating several normore.

He seat me a message that if I continued ne would organize a band, come out to my house, and mob me and my family. I desisted, for I knew the certainty that there was of the threats being carried out.

"The Southern people are taking a great interest in the coming Presidential election. They are very certain of Hancock's election, and with that they feel certain that they will be restored to something like their ante-bollum condition. Several of them have showed to me a large amount of Confederate scrip which they are carefully preserving against the time when Hancock gets complete power. Then they expert this to be worth something.

"They hate a 'damn Yankee' to-day as much a they did before the War; and they make him feel it, too, if he is so imprudent as to move into their country, and make it so disagreeable in many ways that he is eager to get away. I know of twenty Northern families who live in Frankin Country and every one is looking around to fad a buyer to whom they can soil their land at the least loss. They will then move North. It is perfectly impussible for a Northern man to calcat a debt of a Southerner in Southern Curta. I hold a note against a man prominent caugh to be Governor of Tennessee, and who is will off, and yet I shall do well to sell it at 50 cents on the dollar. I would much rather live in he North size day-laborer than live in the South will all the eye of one of the people in Franklin Cunty they would drive off my cattle and desay my grain. They are fully equal to it. I will be refer, therefore, that you do not mental my name in your paper, because if it should this the eye of one of the people in Franklin Cunty they would drive off my cattle and desay my grain. They are fully equal to it. I had abother, also a Union soldier and a Republical, who went to Mississippi after the War and related a plantation. After his cotton was ready for plexing, the owners got into a dispute with lim and drove him off. He came to Tennessee, let, finding the same spirit there, he went to Mississippi a

is and drove him off. He came to Tennessee, in fiding the same spirit there, he went to its in the fide of the same spirit there, he went to its inding the same spirit there, he went to its inding the lawrenceburg beneral was received here with the following double-leafed announcement via the following double-leafed announcement of the Republican State Central Committee. McKay is a nice little fellow, about 5 lest since in hight, has black half, a black nested an unforgiving counternable, and a ded distincting eye. He wears a black velvet was and don't stay long at a place, but he leaves as and don't stay long at a place, but he leaves as Republicans all smilling. He's placing IT where IT will do the most good. He ditted from lawrenceburg to Aurora, thence to Rising Sun, latter, Vevay, Madison, and 'ad libitum.' Rosey a deposited to BUY VOTES. He represent the 'God-and-Morality Party,' and yet in distributing money with no niggardly hand for purposes of bribery and corruption. Look at and watch how the money will flow after McKay is the 'God-and-Morality Party,' and yet in distributing money with do, Mr. McKay; Democratic with which was the money will have the Republican Executive Cumitive, is a great, brawny, broad-shouldered fellow, a feet a inches in flight, and a blood of the most pronounced auburn type. But the McKay here described is a good pen picture of a fellow ammed Dan McKay, a Democratic of the McKay here described is a good pen picture of a fellow ammed Dan McKay.

New York Sua, Oct. 2.

**Velearn that Mr. Jay Gould has completed the manuestionably been down in Dearborn, Putting Democratic documents where they would do the most good. The Republi

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Stocks Feverish but Firm-The Move in Northwest. Reported Reconciliation Between the Wabash and Burlington &

Quincy. Lighter Shipments of Currency to the Country-Foreign Exchange.

The Produce Markets Generally Lower-A Sharp Decline in Short Ribs and New Pork-Lard Firm.

Breadstulis Decline Because of Large Receipts -Stocks of Grain in Store.

FINANCIAL.

Stocks were reported feverish, but firm. This unusual frase will describe the condition of the market. Prices moved upward as unexpectedly as they had gone in the other direction the day before. There was some talk of pools to bull special stocks, notably Northwestern common, but with all this it is evident that underneath the surface there is some percentages about the the surface there is some nervousness about the future. Numbers of timid operators are sell-ing for fear of an unfavorable turn. This is ing for fear of an unfavorable turn. This is mentioned as a fact, not as an argument. There is a class of moneyed men who always become nervous over the apprehension of any change. Wabash and Chicago, Burlington & Quincy were strong on the report that articles of reconciliation between the two Companies had been agreed on, and were to be signed at once. Differences of opinion were never stronger than now. Some professional operators look for a severe break in prices, and others declare themselves buils, whether the election goes Demoselves bulls, whether the election goes Demo-eratic or not. Great confidence on all sides is felt in the future of the chief Western roads, and it is noticeable that these are now the only ones that show much animation.

Pacific Mail is "pointed" to go up, and Iron Mountain to go down.

Wall street is excited by the report that W. H.

ing that he believes Lake Shore will sell at 120 before the year is over.

Manhattan, in which there are rumors of a corner, rose 2%, to 37%. Burlington & Quincy went up 2, to 128, after selling at 138%. Northwest common was the special feature of the day, and made 1%, to 108%, selling at 108%. This stock is said to be a good thing to buy on every reaction. Michigan Central recovered to 97%, a gain of 1%. The other advances were Lake Shore % to 100, selling at 109% and 108%; Eric gain of 1%. The other advances were Lake Shore %, to 100, selling at 100% and 108%; Eric preferred %, to 71; Northwest preferred %, to 125; St. Paul %, to 33%; Wabash %, to 37; the preferred %, to 65%; St. Joe Preferred %, to 82; Lackawanna %, to 90%, selling at 90% and 80%; Jersey Central %, to 74%, selling at 74%; Reading %, to 30%; Iron Mountain %, to 40%, selling at 50% and 40%; Western Union %, to 95%, selling at 98% and 97%; Louisville & Nashville 1, to 160%; Chattanooga 1%, to 61%; and Omaha preferred %, to 88.

Bock Island lost %, to 118%; New York Contral

Rock Island lost %, to 118%; New York Central 14, to 130%; St. Paul preferred %, to 110%; Obio %, to 34; St. Joe %, to 38%; Hudson %, to 82%;

34, to 130%; St. Paul preferred %, to 110%; Obio %, to 34; St. Joe %, to 383; Hudson %, to 82%; here a worth of the confidence manifested and the strong buying shown, in the face of the fact that the result of the Obio and Indiana elections (%, to 27%; the preferred %, to 52; C., C. & L. C. %, to 18%; Ontario & Western ¼, to 22%. The following shows the fluctuations of the active stocks yesterday:

| Chicago, Burlington & Quiney | Delta | 1884 | 132% | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 |

Louis à figui femonte.

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South Park 68. 49.

Town of Lake 78. 26.

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Chicago & N. W. R. Sa. Sh. Minn. B.

Chicago & L. & P. J. Lat mer. Sa. Chi. Div.

Westa Division City R. R. S.

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Yest Division City R. R.

times as great will be necessary to accompass much.

The Heroid reports that the situation at the moment appears to be that the great dealers are ranged on the long side of the market, and that the short account has been to a great degree liquidated. What is to be done next is the questions. Although the entire professional "street," as well as those who dwell upon the thireshold of "investment," have but one-opinion as to the certainty of a rise in values in the future,—a rise which must inevitably result from cheap money, low rates of interest, the influx of gold, prodigious railroad earnings, a vast immigration, bursting graneries, great exports, and a widespread prosperity,—there is still considerable doubt whether the market may not for a season be thimblerigged by the nimble-fingered operators who at present control it.

BY TELEGRAPH.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

New York, Oct. 5.—The day has been quiet on the street, so quiet that one was reminded of the fact that still waters run deep. There are evidences, however, that the outsiders are beginning to pluck up courage and to buy largely. These indications are closely watched by the politicans. They construe them into evidences that the investing public are inclined to believe that the investing public are inclined to believe that the November election will result in a Republican victory, and that ne disturbing political influences are to be apprehended during the next few months. The confidence manifested and the strong buying shown, in the face of the

MINING NEWS. Special Dispetch to The Chi-NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The mini-was fairly active without not The closing quotations were:

thare.

The Ontario has declared a dividend of 50c per share.

As an Francisco special says: "Continued depression in the north end of the Comstock has caused the failure of H. H. Scott & Co., of the Old Board."

The new anseaments are: Savage, \$1.0c; Hale & Noccross, 76c; McClinton, &c: Champion, 25c; Henrietta Gravel, 5c; Sierra Iron, \$2.5d.

Haggin, controller of the Ontaric, says a compromise has been made with Shaughnesey, but refuses particulars.

Herrick's report on the Little Chief confirms the provious unfavorable reports regarding the mines. A new Board was elected to-day, but the late managers remain practically in control. The only insportant features in mines to-day were the report of the condition of Little Chief and the fire in Chrysolite. The report confirms the statements previously published that the mine is played out. The fire has caused the scaling up of Amic, Little Chief, Chrysolite, Little Pittaburg, and other properties, and reports state that Chrysolite has been flooded. It is feared the property will cave in. Prices penerally have been lower at the New York Board. Amic sold at its lowest at 48 conts. Climax was down to 78, and with Chrysolite at a low figure, the remainder of the market has sympathized. A general stagnation appears to prevail both here and at San Francisco, which bad news from Union Consolidated increases. Better times are anticipated, on the theory that when things are at their worst they begin to mend.

Tucson, Ari., Out 5.—A new "strike" is reported in the San Xavier Mine at the depth of 40 feet, the average assays of which yield 110 ounces in silver to the ton. The width of ore is six and a half feet. Work on the 300-foot level of the Hermosa Mine shows the vein to be eleven feet wide, the over being of a higher grade than any hitherto met. The buillon shipments for September amounted to \$67, 75.

for September amounted to \$67,757.

SAN FRANCISCO. Oct. 5.—The following the closing quotations at the Stock Board:

Apins. 64 Mexican September S

Assessments: Savage, \$1; Hale & No BOSTON.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—In mining sliares Calumel Heela advanced 1; Silver Islet, 1½; Quincy of clined ½; Pewabic, 1½; Copper Falls, ½; Loues sold at 3½; Duncan, 3½; Brunswick An mony, 12½; Cataipa, 11½; Blue Hill, 3½; Epirc, 12½; Sycamore Springs, 1½.

To the Western Associated Press.

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Mining stocks closed:

Allones Missing Co. (Madison Copper Malis 17-6 Ridge Copper Falls 17

REAL ESTATE. The following instruments were filed for

Thirty-eighth st. 186 ft w of Halsted, s f. 25x147

ord on Tuesday, Oct. 5:

mated Oct. 4 (S. Lynatius College to David Hughes)

Wentworth av. 375 ft s of Thirty-first st, w. 1.

Wentworth av. 375 ft s of Thirty-first st, w. 1.

JOHI'30 ft, dated June 21 (William S. Buckner et al. to Patrick Majoney).

Wilcox st. 23 S-lu ft e of Rockwell, n. 1. 27x

1236-10 ft, dated June ft e of Rockwell, n. 1. 27x

1236-10 ft, dated Oos. 4 (Frank H. Smith to Albin C. King).

Pulcox st. 41 c of California av. s 1. 20x130 ft, dated Sopt. 30 (Agnes A. Knowlion to Fred E. Knowlion).

Quinn st. 55 ft e of California av. s 1. 20x130 ft, dated Sopt. 30 (Agnes N. Knowlion to Fred E. Knowlion).

Pulton st, 75 ft e of California av. s f. 20120 ft, dated Sept. 30 (Agnes N. Knowlion to Fred E. Knowlion).

Quinn st, 25 ft s of Stearna w f. 25cli5 ft. Cartoly. 4 (John McDermott to Jane J. McDermott of Jane J. McDerm 4,750

Cornell Rt, 8 c corner of Holt, 81, 30x18 H.

dated Sopt, 30 (John Smith to Anthony A.

Clybourn place, 38 ft e of Paulina st, n f, 48x18 ft, dated Sept, 14 (John H. Melloy to Catherina and Melloy to Catherina and Melloy for Catherina and Schieferstein to John A.

Horn).

Lumber st, about 300 ft w of Halsied, 8 f, 300 ft to alley, dated Sopt, 21 (Ann Foxarty et al to West Chicago Division Halfway Company).

South Opt City Limits within A Habits of Seven Mellos of Fire Coulet-House.

Lafin st, 129 9-10 ft s of Forty-seventh, e f, 48x 124% ft and improvements, dated Oct, 4 (Thomas Hoderich to Wilhelm Webner)... \$ 1,200 Greenwood av, n w cor of forty-segith st, e f, und & of Eduly 2 (John Knauss to John Racky)...

Jeffer to Laft ft s of Fifty-frest, e f, 2015 ft, dated July 2 (John Knauss to John Racky)...

Frederick-place, 300 ft n of Fifty-fifth st, e f, abits ft, dated Sup 22 (John C. & M. f.).

Pitty-third st, 120 ft w of Woodiswn av, s f, 25x 1614 ft, dated Oct, 1 (Joseph N. Barker to George W. Flanders).

South Dearborn st, 180 ft n of Fifty-second, w f, 20x100 ft, dated Oct, 2 (Rosa and Albort Pict to Charles F, Krimme).

WEST OF CITY LIMITS WITCHIN A RADIUS OF SEVEN WILLS OF THE COURT-HOUSE.

COMMERCIAL. The following were the receipts and shipments of the leading articles of produce in this city during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning and for the corresponding time last year:

Withdrawn from store during Monday forcity consumption: 390 bu wheat, 1,616 bu corn.
1,553 bu barley.

The following grain was inspected into store
in this city yesterday morning: 26 cars red winter wheat, 30 cars No. 3 winter, 10 cars rejected,
1 car No. 1 spring, 185 cars No. 2 do, 85 cars No.
3 do, 23 cars rejected, 3 cars no grade, 1 car
mixed (374 wheat); 383 cars and 64,300 bu No. 2
corn, 265 cars high-mixed, 91 cars rejected, 5
cars no grade (1,262 corn); 30 cars No. 2 white
oats, 35 cars No. 2 mixed, 85 cars rejected (220
oats); 27 cars No. 2 rye, 9 cars rejected; 1 car No. 1
barley, 3 cars No. 5 do, 40 cars No. 3 do, 25 cars
No. 4 do, 5 cars No. 5 do, 40 cars No. 3 do, 25 cars
No. 4 do, 5 cars No. 5 do, 40 cars No. 5 do, 50 cars), 1,086,000 bu. Inspected out: 25,843 bu wheat,
462,300 bu corn, 1,875 bu oats, 344 bu rye, 1,504 bu
barley.

The leading produce markets were aptive yesterday, and tended downwards. Lard was about the only atrong thing on the board; it is scarce, and refiners are taking hold all the more freely as they have been for some time bare of stock in anticipation of a break. Mess pork and meats were heavy, though already down to a basis of about \$4.25 for hogs in November, which several parties in the trade say is lower than can reasonably be expected. Several parties loaded up with October ribs and November pork, as an offact to loases by short saies for earlier delivery, and the offerings of that long stuff are now weighing down prices. Wheat was weakened by the fact of larger receipts, and the promise of a further increase, which appeared to have depreased New York, and it was reflected here. Big receipts and fine weather did the same thing for corn and cats; and sample barley was easier, while lots in store were steady with light offerings. The weather seemed to have settled down into a calmer mood, and a more vigorous movement of wheat from first hands is expected as a consequence. The receipts of corn could scarcely increase without more cars to bring it in. Mess pork closed weak on new, at \$18.200 is. 25 for October, and \$1.800.15.05 for November. Lard closed firegularly higher, at \$2.054,08.05 seller October, and \$4.500.05 for November. Red winter closed at 014,0200 for November, Oats closed shoot 18,00 for light in at \$4.000,030 for heavy. Cattle were dill and unchanged. Sales were at \$1.750.4.75 fo

on further change in prices is mentioned. Wool was steady. Broom-corn was in good flomand, and the choice lots were firmly held on account of the crop being deficient in these qualities. Seeds were more active, and timothy ruled firmer. Potatoes were in moderate demand at

former prices. Poultry was plenty, and in small local request.

Lake freights advanced to 5c for corn and 5%c for wheat to Buffalo. Room was taken for 100,000 bu wheat, 180,000 bu corn, and 21,000 bu

for wheat to Buffalo. Room was taken for 100,000 bu wheat, 180,000 bu corn, and 21,000 bu fla asseed.

Rail freights were quoted steady at 35e for provisions and 35e on grain to New York. Quotations on through foreign freights were steady at 55%c per 100 lbs for flour to Liverpool, 58%c for do to Glascow, 60%e for lard and meats to Liverpool, 70e for do to Antwerp or Bremen.

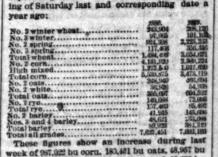
The aggregate receipts of wheat reported yesterday at Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis. Detroit, and Toledo were 578,000 bu. The corresponding shipments were 408,000 bu.

The following was the movement of produce reported from New York yesterday: Receipts—Flour, 17,985 bris; wheat, 250,750 bu; corn, 257,500 bu; cats, 51,500 bu; corn-meal, 635 pkrs; rye, 11,548 bu; mait, 12,710 bu; pork, 450 bris; beef, 2,862 bris; out meats, 1,845 pkgs; lard, 5,989 tes; whisky, 520 bris.

Exports for twenty-four hours—Flour, 14,000 bris: wheat, 98,000 bu; corn, 110,000 bu.

The following were the direct exports from this city during the last week on through bills of lading; 3,389 bris of flour, 46,000 bu, wheat, 101,077 bu corn, 3,004 boxes meat, 1,800 cases canned meats, 5,688 pkgs lard, 51 bris beef, 80 bris tongnes, 8,139 pkgs butter, 8,578 pkgs cheese, 1,127 bris taillow, 1,650 bris oat-meal, 651,899 lbs oil-cake, 2,125 bris corn-meal, 229 bris alcohol, 100 bris lard oil.

The following are the footings of the official report of grain in store in this city on the evening of Saturday last and corresponding date a year ago:



No. a and 4 barley.

Total barley.

Total barley.

Total barley.

Total barley.

These figures show an increase during last week of 987,022 bu corn. 180,461 bu oats, 48,967 bu rye, 18,441 bu barley, and a decrease of 66,378 bu wheat. Total increase, 1,188,503 bu.

The above report shows as much old No. 2 barley in store now as a week ago, while it is well known to parties in the trade that a good deal of it has been moved out. Possibly the returns of such shipments were made too late to be used in the report of this week, and will show up in the next one.

The following were the aggregate receipts of the articles named in this city since the close of last year: 1,968,752 bris flour, 18,706,251 bu wbest, 18,333,501 bu corn. 14,962,941 bu oats, 1,286,671 bu rye, 2,361,694 bu barley, 101,918,424 hs flax, seed, 124,683,425 hs hog meats, 49,003,727 hs laurd, 51,625,30 hs butter, 4,684,457 hogs, 1,624,284 cattle, 257,127 sheep, 50,888,360 hs hides, 28,412,366 hs wool, 1,949,825 tons coal, 1,182,340,718 feet lumber, 88,377 bris saft.

The exports of dairy products from New York to European markets for the week ending Oct. 2 included 9,629 tubs of butter and 50,437 boxes of cheese. There were also large shipments of bogus butter made from beef and pork suet.

The following table shows the distribution of the breadstuffs shipped from this city during last week, the total of rail movement including that over roads not specified:

Shipped.

Financial Wheet. Corn. | Outs.

laying down wheat in Liverpool at yesterday's price here. This is a profit of 2% per bu. The quotation from Marseilles on red winter wheat, Sept. 15, allows a profit of 5550 on yesterday's figures here. The strongth of the situation may perhaps be exhibited by the statoment that, as compared with the same time last year, the world's visible supply of wheat is some 25,000,000 bu less. That is 3% less "in sight" on this continent, 4% less aftent for Great Britain, 6 less in French cities, 4 less in British cities, and 4 less in Nicolaeff, Taganreg, Odessa, Koenigsburg, and other importing German points.

St. Louis has taken a vote on the proposition to lower the wheat grades in that city one-half. The measure received a two-thirds vote, lacking 9 ballots; and it is still uncertain whether or not it be carried, some holding "yes" and some "no." Of course the good folks there will not give or receive the same price for No. 2% wheat as for No. 2 by merely cailing the same wheat No. 3 instead of No. 2%.

THE BUSHEL OF BARLEY.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribusa.

ROCHESTER, Minn., Sept. 27.—According to the rules established by the Chicago Boardof Trade, how many pounds constitute one bushed of barley? Very truly.

E. F. CRENT.

ANS.—The weight of a bushel of barley as established by law of the State of Illinois, is 48 lbs; and that weight is understood in all transactions in barley on 'Change, whatever the grade may be, or the actual weight per measured bushel.

PROVISIONS.

syc per 10 100 packing nogs in November, see selow present quotations on product, but Reatern markets were unsettled by the weatness here.

All 188 Polik - Was steady on Old, which was quoted control at \$15.5 and \$15

Short Shout- L. & S. Short ribs. ders. clears. clears. all christian Guera We quote white an Guera Guer BREADSTUFFS.

BREADSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Was in fair demand and firm at previous prices, solve this anding the easier feeling in when. Several lots were taken for export, and there was a moderate local trade. Sales were reported of 1,500 bris winters, partly at \$4.574,65.15; 125 bris double extrus, partly at \$4.594,65.15; 125 bris double extrus, partly at \$4.594,65.15; 125 bris double extrus, partly at \$4.594,65.15; 125 bris of grade at \$4.55 and 25 bris rye flour on private terms. Total, 2,165 bris. Export flours were quoted at \$4.004,175 for good to choice extrus, and \$5.00 for rye flour.

OTHER BREADSTUTPS—Were in good demand and unchanged. Sales were if cars bran at \$16.75611.125; \$ cars middlings at \$15.501.70; 2 cars shorts at \$12.35; 160 tons feed at \$17.00; and 2 cars wheat acreenings at \$10.004.00. Coarse corn-meal was nominal at \$15.00 per ton on track.

ton on track.

SPRING WHEAT—Was active and rather weak, declining lyic from the latest prices of Monday, and
closing lyic above the bottom. Liverpool was reported strong, with an advance of de per cental ir
American spring and civils per quarter on California.

This sustained our marked early in the day agains
the depression due to there weather and some in
the depression of the control of

recent big movement being attributable to arrivals to fill October contracts. Seller November opened at 40% and declined to 40% closing at 40% c. Seller the month ranged at 30% c. localing at 40% c. Seller the month ranged at 30% c. localing at 40% c. Seller the month ranged at 30% c. localing with the inside bid. Spot as a sever proposed of 317,000 to No. 2 and high-linked at 35% c. Seller the month ranged at 40% c. Seller the seller the sever proposed at 35% c. Seller the rejected and high-mixed at 35% c. Seller the sever proposed at 35% c. Seller the sample at 37% de on tract; seller to 100 to 20% c. Seller the selle

nt so far as importe RICE.

Choice corn or sugar... Prime corn or sugar... Fair to good corn or s

for January. Short ribs fell off lac, for October, with sales of 150,000 the at	Same time last week
NERAL MARKETS.	the volume of business accou
IN-The backwardness of the new crop	ly small. The offerings of de
ders an opportunity to reduce their	port grades was exceptionall
New is selling readily, and there is lit-	was the demand for those 4
on of it. Buyers want the medium and	were unable to do more the
and the latter are firm on account of	prices. The duliness extende
Quotations:	ers' stuff. Less than the as
d carpet	grades were offered, but the
(AIII)	do much except at a reduction
THE PARTY OF THE P	The refusal of holders to ma
	trading, and searcely more th
ealers report a continued good de-	changed owners,—in fact, 11
n no important variation in prices. The	kinds of stock did not excee
with the chances rather in favor of an	less than one-third of the
e beginning of winter will find stocks	\$1.75@4.75. Inferior qualities
meh lighter than usunt. There was a	The contract of the contract o

LIVE STOCK. 168 4.39 amount of stock on an applished was surprising sirable shipping and explicit, but so limits

CAGOTILE 99 CANTILE VIDEN Wholesale & Retnit. Send for prigods sent C. U. D.anywhore. Solor the "MULTIFORM." Was more and warranted. Bernhardt E. BURNMAM, 71 STATI

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TICKETS, \$1. particulars address
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The cargo market was again dull and beavy. The offerings were reduced, but the day closed with the river full of cargoes that had been moved up to take the pige of those soid. Prices were uncertain, and probably lower for the grades of inch below choice. Lath and extra shingles were also quoted easier. Yard buyers are still boilding back, and many of them have full docks already. The stuff is coming forward faster than it is wanted. Following are the quotations: 1

Extra shingles. 2006 24.00

The pard market was fairly active. No change is sentioned in prices, though the big recepts make the celling casy, especially on grades that are pilling apast at the pards. The shipments continue large, and could be still greater if dealers could get cars as soon as they ask for them. Following is they part price-list; list and second clear. I and 2 inch. 47.00

First and second clear. I and 2 inch. 45.00

First and second clear. I and 2 inch. 45.00

First and second clear. I and 2 inch. 45.00

First and second clear foresed siding. 20.00

First and second clear foresed siding. 20.00

First and second clear dressed siding. 20.00

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN. ecial Disputch to The Chicago Pribuna, POOL, Oct. 5-11:30 a. m.-FLOUB-No. 1, 11s; in-Wheat-Winter, No. 1, 20 lld: No. 2, 20 64; No. 1, 20; No. 2, 70 34; white, No. 1, 30 54; No. d; club, No. 1, 20 lld; No. 2, 30 54. Corn-New,

orn, 5 4d.

ERPOOL, Oct. L.—Wheat in good demand and an unward; red winter, is; No. 2 spring, 8: Ild. do, 8: 5d. Corn strong at 5: 4d. Cargoes of coast ent in good demand. No. 2 spring and California aced 6d; corn in good demand at 3d advance.

d—Wheat firmer; corn strong. To arrive—at better tone, and more money asked; red winter

NEW YORK.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—GRAIN—Wheat—Prices vasile, opening a shade higher than last twentyn,
decime a ain as the offerings for prompt and trand delivery togranged, lesing on No. 2 and Ver-

NEW ORLEANS. NEW ORTHANS, Oct. 5.—GRAIN—Corn nominally enchanged at 56655c. Oats—Demand fair and prices

unchanged at 56350. Oats—Demand fair and prices higher at 62644e.
PROVISIONS—Pork dull and nominal; quoted \$18.00 616.25. Bacon easier; shoulders, 64c; clear rib, 1740 59c; received to-day, 18 bris.
FLOUR-Active and firm; superfine, 22.752.00; XX, \$4.0064.25; XXX, \$4.2064.00; high grades, \$4.559.75.
CORY-MEAL—Quiet but stendy at \$2.45.
HAY—Scarce and firm; choice, \$22.00.
WHISKY—Stendy; Western rectified, \$1.0561.10.
GROCKHES—Coffee quiet and weak; Rio carroos, common to prime, 10%666c. Sugar dull; quoted, fully fair, at \$4.96596c; yellow clarified, \$9.6c. Rice quiet, Louisiana ordinary to choice, 45.6056c.
BRAN—Scarce and firm at \$25.0c.
MONETARY—Sight exchange on New York, par; sterling exchange, \$50.5c.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 5.-FLOUR-Scarce and MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 5.—FLOUR—Scarce and firm:
GRAIN—Wheat firm: opened and closed firm;
No. 1 Milwaukee hard, \$1.5: No. 1 Milwaukee, Sic; No. 2 Not; October, Not; No. 1 Not; Oct. Sic; No. 2 Not; October, Not; Not where, 1995; December, 1996; No. 3 do., 8946; No. 4 and rejected mominal. Corn dull and lower; No. 2 at 1995; Outs declined ic: No. 2 at 20c. Ryo declined 35c; No. I at 20c. Barley lower; No. 2 spring, 695c.
PROVISIONS—Brooping; mess porz, 515.00 cnsh and October; SIZ.3: November, Frime steam lard, \$3.00 cnsh and October; SIZ.3: November, 1995; November, 19

50.084 bu. SHIPMENTS-Wheat, 17,000 bu; corn, 90,000 bu; cats, 27,000 bu. TOLEDO,
TOLEDO, O., Oct. 5.—GBAIN—Wheat weak; No. 1
white Michigan, 1846; amber Michigan, 1846; No. 2
red Wabash, spot and October, 1876; November, 1846; Pocember, 1840; Annary, 1840; No. 2 do, 9466; rejected, 206; No. 2 mixed, 9446. Cotober, 1896; November, 656c; No. 2 mixed, 9446; Cotober, 1896; November, 656c; No. 2 mixed, 9446; October, 1896; November, 656c; No. 2 white, 44c. Oars dult and nominal.
Closed—Wheat dult and unchanged
Closes—Wheat dult and unchanged
Closes—Stady; mammo h. 4.30; prime, 24.774;
RECEIPTS—Wheat, 26.000 bu; corn, 25.000 bu; oats, 4,000 bu.
SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 85.000 bu; corn, 3,000 bu; cats, 2,000 tn.

Cars of wheat on track, 200. CINCINNATI. CINCINNATI.
CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 5.—COTTON—Easier at 110.
FLOUR—Steady and unchanged.
GRAIN—Wheat strong; No. 2 amber, 20 GWe; No. 2 red winter, 26 GWe; Corn firmer; No. 2 mixed, 426-424c.
Onts stronger; No. 2 mixed, 336-334c. Bre steady; No. 2; No. 2 red. 10c.
Phovisions—Pork irregular; Jobbing sales at 37:00.
217.50; Lido bris, sold at \$18.50. Lard active, firm, and higher at \$16.00. Hulk meats dull; \$4.7567.75. Bacon quiet, but firm at \$2.75. \$2.75. \$2.5.
WHISK4-8 eady, with a fair demand, at \$1.00.

BOSTON. changed.

BCTTER—Nominally unchanged.

BCGLS—Western fresh, Relic.

RECEIPTS—Frour, 12,000 bris; corn, 116,000 bu; wheat, 5,000 bu.

SEIPMENTS—Flour, 870 bris.

PEORIA. III., Oct. 5.—GRAIN—Corn dull; high mixed, 384384c; mixed, 384238c. Oats dull; No. 2 white, 384384c; mixed, 384238c. Oats dull; No. 2 white, 31448314c. Rye firm; No. 2 8346c. Highwines—Unchanged at \$1.30. HECRIPTS—Wheat, 1.350 bu; corn, 7.425 bu; oats, 83.—185 bu; rye, 7.425 bu; barley, 3.430 bu. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 8.50 bu; corn, 6.500 bu; oats, 48,23 bu; rye, 500 bu; barley, 1.30 bu.

BUFFALO. BUFFALO. N. Y., Oct. 5.—GRAIN—Wheat strong; mies 10,00 bu No. 1 hard Duluth October at \$1.10.5000 bu November at \$1.10. Corn active sind sigher; mies \$400 bu at \$750. Oats neglected. Rye neglected. Barley firm seles 15 cars State at \$10000. Canal Fagulutis—Strong; wheat, \$560; corn, \$560.

DETROIT.

DETROIT. Mich., Oct. 5.—Floure—Steady.
GRAIN—Wheat steady: No. 1 whice, 180: October,
Ser. November, 85.6c; December, 1856; No. 2 white,
No. 2 red. 27 46886.
RECRIPTS—Wheat, 88,000 bu.
Shipments—Wheat, 81,000 bu.

INDIANAPOLIS. INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 5.—GRAIN—Wheat Steady; No. 2 red, 83 at 15 fee. Corn quiet at 35 fee 15 fee. Ones stead at 31 fee 15 fee.

KANSAS CITY. Special Disputch to The Chicago Trie RANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 5.—The Price

DRY GOODS.

PETROLEUM.

COTTON.

THE COURTS.

fore Judge Tuley for the October term. R. E. Jenkins was yesterday elected Assignee of Charles G. French.
An Assignee will be chosen this morning for A. G. Webster.

UNITED STATES COURTS. J. S. & C. H. Briggs began a suit in ejectment resterday against the Charter Oak Life-Insur-nace Company, claiming \$1,000 damages.

STATE COURTS. Or. V. A. Turpin, resterday filed a bill in the Superior Court against John C. and Emma A. Haines, H. J. Christoph, B. F. Crosby, Receiver, James Bush, Charles Gossage, C. C. Bayles, Den-nis O'Connor, W. H. Holden, and W. S. Haines, James Bush, Charles Gossage, C. C. Bayles, Donnis O'Connor, W. H. Holden, and W. S. Haines, to forcelose a mortgage given by J.' C. Haines and wife Sept. 19, 1877, to secure a note of that date for the sum of \$101.82.60 to the order of the Fidelity Savings Bank and Safe Depository, and due Sept. 19, 1880, with 8 per cent interest. The proparty covered by the mortgage is Lofs 10, 11, 12, 13, 18, 19, 20, in Haines, Sidney & Layton's Subdivision of Block 6, of Walker & Stinson's Subdivision of Block 6, of Walker & Stinson's Subdivision of the W. ½ of the S. W. ½ of Sec. 3, 38, 14. Also Lots 3 and 4 in J. C. Dore's Subdivision of the N. ½ of the S. E. ½ of the N. E. ½ of the S. W. ½ of Sec. 3, 38, 14, Lots 6 and, Block 3, in Higgins, Law & Co's Addition; Lots 1 to 5, inclusive, and 7 to 24, inclusive, Block 6, in Sherman's Addition to Holstein; Lots 5, 6, 18, 11, 12, and the E. 65 feet of Lots 9 and 10, in Block 17, of Duncan's Addition an undivided % of the S. ½ of the S. W. ½ of the N. E. ½ of Sec. 31, 38, 15, an undivided % of Blocks 1, 2, and 14 of the Circuit Court Commissioners' partition of the N. E. ½ of Sec. 31, 38, 18, and an undivided % of Blocks 4 and 9 of the Circuit Court Commissioners' partition of the E. ½ of t singe 1877.
Mary M. Lewis filed a bill against Israel N.
Stiles, Theodosia, Harry B., and Robin B. Stiles
to foreclose a mortgage for \$2,500 on Sub-lot 3
of Scott & Gage's Subdivis on of Lots 37, 38, 39,
40, Block 60, in the Canal Trustees' Subdivision
of Sec. 7, 39, 14.

CRIMINAL COURT. CRIMINAL COURT.

Peter Francisco, Charles Green, and Henry Stephens, three typical denizens on South Clark street, were tried on a charge of burglarizing the clothing and jewelry store of Wolf Goldstein, No. 537 South Clark street, and found ruilty, their punishment being assessed at two years in the Peniteutiary.

The second trial of Prince Albert Jones, the colored young man who murdered his brother, will be begun in the Criminal Court this morning.

ing.

The Clark-McCaffery murder trial was continued yesterday morning at the request of defendant's counsel. PROBATE COURT. In the matter of the estate of N. Fullerton, deceased, renunciation of Jane C. Fullerton of her right to administer filed, and letters of administration issued to Charles W. Fullerton. Bond. \$35,000.

In the matter of the estate of Annie E. Norton, deceased, letters of administration issued to Charles P. Miller. Bond, \$10,000. Proof of heirship entered.

THE CALL. JUDGE DRUMMOND—General business.

JUDGE BLODGETT—Unlimited call of his chan-JUDGE BLODGETT—Unlimited call of his chancery calendar, beginning at No. 1,078.

APPELIATE COURT—2, Jenkins v. Bauer; 3, Blanchard v. McCuller; 4, Kimbali v. Lincoln; 5, Foliausbee v. Scottish-American Mortgage Company; and 6, Foss v. Allen. No case on trial.

JUDGE SMITH—No preliminary call. Trial call 2,680, 2,846, 2,850, 2,882, 2,870, 2,896, 2,844, 2,910. No. 380, Pierce v. Fitch, on trial.

JUDGE BAURESON—23, 24, 25, 27. No case on trial.

JUDGE ROGERS—22, 39, 31 to 45, inclusive. No case on trial.

JUDGE MORAN—458, 487 to 485, inclusive, except 470, 472, 475, 490, 482, 481. No. 468, Burgess v. Jenkins, on trial.

JUDGE TULEY—10, 11, 12, 6, 7, 8. No. 5 on hearing. DGE BARNUM-No call. No. 1, Meissner v Oreyer, on trial. CRIMINAL COURT—Nos. 50, 265, 284, 286, and

JUDGMENTS. SUPERIOR COURT—JUDGE SMITH—Nicholaus Weber v. Frederick, \$1.194.50.
CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE ROGERS—H. W. Wetherill v. Francis Murray, \$56.17.—James Henry v. Bernard Hakamp; verdict, \$256, and motion for new trial.

JUDGE MORAN—H. A. White et al. v. Eustens M. Lang, administratrix of the estate of John L Lang, deceased; verdict, \$2,007.69, and motion for new trial. MARINE NEWS

Full Particulars of the Sinking of the Tug William Livingston, Jr.

Number of Minor Mishaps Chiefly Collisions, in the

More Heavy Weather, with Accompanying Disasters, on Lakes Huron and Ontario.

The Schooner Annie Vought, Ashore on Long Point, Supposed to Be a Total Loss.

Several New Tugs to Be Built—Grain Freights Again Higher-Local and General

HOME GATHERINGS. William Nicholson, late Master of th

the Chicago market. All day vesterday Col.
Strong, the President of the Peshtigo Company,
was busily engaged in negotiating for a tug to
take the place of the Livingston. Local tug
owners and managers besieged him on all bands
with offers of boats at all sorts of figures, but
their advances were all rejected because the
boats tendered were insufficient in size and power.
The claims of the Milwaukee tug Welcome were
also presented, only to share a similar fate. Last
evening negotiations with parties in Detroit had
reached such an advanced state of consummation that it is safe to say the large river tug
Sweepstakes will be secured to tow the barges
of the Peshtigo fleet during the remainder of
the season of navigation. Pending this arrangement the schooners Mosher and Mary B. Hale
have been chartered to carry lumber for the
Company, and it is not unlikely that other sailvessels will be seen after cargoes as rapidly as
they can be obtained until the barge line is put
in running order once moce.

MARHOR MISHAPS.

On Monday evening, while being towed down
the South Branch by the tug Van Schaick, the
schooner Gracie M. Filer collided with the
schooner Gracie M. Filer collided with the
schooner Gracie M. Filer collided with the
schooner for the stanchiens aft for lifelines broken, The damage did not delay the
departure of the schooner materially.

The Union Steamboat Company's large propeller New York collided with the schooner
filen Spry near Polk street bridge yesterday
moon, and smashed the Spry's yawi.

Yesterday morning the V. O. T. tug R. P.
Ferry got a line in her wheel in the draw of
Wells street bridge. A visit to the derrick in
Lighthouse Slip was necessary for its removal.

The barge E. S. Rob n'son collided with the
barge, Peshtigo near the new filling wellthe barge P. S. Rob n'son collided with the
barge, Peshtigo near the new filling wellthe barge P. S. Rob n'son collided with the
barge, Peshtigo near the new filling wellthe barge, S. Rob n'son collided with the
barge, Peshtigo near the n

Railroad bridge, in the lower harbor, early yesterday morning, breaking several planks in the Peshtigo's stern. One of the V.O. T. tugs had the Robinson in tow.

The tug J. H. Hackley got a line in her wheel near Twelfth street bridge, South Branch, Monday night, and became disabled temporarily. The line was removed under the derrack in Lighthouse Slip.

While pussing the Onondaga Salt Dock in the South Branch last evening the propolier Wissahlckon fammed a tog between her wheel and stern-post so tightly that she became disabled. She was towed to the Rock Island Elevator by the tugs Constitution and Gardiner, to finish eargo of grain. To-day a diver will be engaged to remove the snag. Should he fail, then a visit to dry-dock will be necessary.

An erroneous mageuvre sent the stem of the tug F. S. Butler crashing through the stern of the schooner Charlotte Banb at Polk street bridge Monday evening. The blow broke half-a-dozen of the Ranb's stern plank, also her taffrail and monkey-rail, and pushed the cabin floor of the vessel out of shape. It will cost from \$150 to \$200 to repair the damage. The mishap was caused by a jam.

The Peshtigo Lumber Company will replace the lil-fated Livingston with a new tug of fully the same size and perhaps even greater power during the approaching winter. Col. Strong talked yesterday of having an iron bull built by the Detroit Dry-Dock Company, after a model to be designed by Frank Kirby, provided a contract could be made on fair terms. A few days may determine the matter. The function is to secure one of the unest tugs on the lakes for their barge service. The Menominee Barge Line Company has accreased to such enormous proportions as to demand a larger tug. No details have yet been arranged. Indeed the fact that a change is in prospect has only just leaked out.

The Vessel-Owners' Towing Association are soliciting buds for the comming winter. The boats are to be of about the same dimensions as the Satisfaction and A. A. Carponter, and will carry engines and boilers of thousane s

SLEEPT BRIDGETENDERS AGAIN.

At about a quarter past 12 o'clock Monday night the tug Shields, having the schooner Radius in tow, was compelled to stop and get along-side of the vessel at Brie and Kinzie street bridges because the tenders were sleeping soundly in their fittle beds. Only the sharpest kind of clasts of the tug's whistle roused them. The Erie street chaps felt so chagrined that they would not ring the bell, as is required by the city relinance, but swung the bridge open silently in the coppe of having it appear that they had not been cautach napping. Kinzie street bridge was nearly run into by the tow because of the fact, nat the men on the railway bridge just below responded promptly to the whistle of the shields. Sharp work alone prevented a collision between the vessel the the bridge.

Testerday grain freights were advanced to b

rank Markham, and Noah Beyur, were Fre

harbor.

The following is a summary of dipments of iron-ore from the Lake Superior region, comparing last year and this. The figures for 1879 are to dates two days later than those for 1880:

Totals......989,515 Excess for 1889....

MARINE DISASTERS.

MARINE DISASTERS.

Got off.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna,
Oswego, N. Y., Oct. 5.—The schooner Seabird
was hauled off and towed inside to-day, herself
considerably, and her lumber only slightly,
damaged.

SCHOONER MORNING STAR ASHORE.

The schooner Morning Star, owned by Ald.
Gaskin, of Kingston, and bound here with 3,600
bushels of barley for Irwin & Sloan, had her
canvas blown away by yesterday afternoon's
squall, and, being unmanageable, ran ashore
seven miles below here at 10 o'clock lart night.
It was a bad, rocky place, and with the heavy
sen she rolled fearfully, the waves breaking high
over her. The mate made a raft of a hatch, and
at the risk of his life started for the land, which
he renched in safety, after having several times
narrowly esonged being washed off. He aroused
several farmers, who, after numerous unsuccessful attempts, rescued those on board—four
men. The cargo is insured, but the vessel is
not. The vessel and cargo will probably prove
a total loss.

CANVAS LOST.

The schooners Florence, Mary, Annette, Garibaldi, and others, had canvas badity torn.

OTHER DAMAGES ON LAKE ONTARIO.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 5.—There was a very
severe storm on Lake Ontario last night. The
schooner Pilot left yesterday for Oswego with
4,000 bushels of ryc. When off Nine-Mile Point,
the gaie struck her. She ran along until within
officen miles of Oswego, when she was forced to
run baok. There was a beavy sea. The Captain
never experienced such a gaie. The water on
the deck was sometimes knee-deep. The jib
and mainsail were injured.

The Hainbow, of Belleville, left last night
with about 25,000 feet of maple lumber for Mili.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Special Dispatch to Tas Chicago Tritions.

Special Dispatch to Tas Chicago Tritions.

ESCANABA. Mich., Oct. &—Arrived—Propellers
Leland, I. H. Owen; schooners Kingrisher, J. E.
Grimore, James Platt, John T. Mott, Jessie Linn,
Delaware.

Cheared—Propellers Mary Jarseki, I. H. Owen;
schooners M. L. Higgie, Niagara, Ganges, John
T. Mott,

T. Mott,

Special Dispetch to The Catego Tribune,
ERIE, Pa., Oct. & Entered Propeller E. B.
Hale, ore, Marquette.
Cleared Propeller E. B. Hale, light, Marquette; propellers Conemany and Lycoming, merchandise; schooner Annie Sherwood, coal, Chicago.

Special Dipotes 's The Chicago Tribune,
CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 5.—Cleared for Chicago—
Propellers Potomac, V. H. Ketcham.
Charter-Schoomer Murengo, coal. Cleveland
to Chicago, \$1 free; schooner Escanaba, ore,
Marquette to Cleveland, p. t.

Marquette to Clovetand, p. t.

PORT COLBORNE.

Special Dispetch to The Chicago Tribune.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont., Oct. 5.—Passed up—Schooner Lem Ellsworth. Oswego to Chicago, coal.

The schooner Prince Alfred ran in this afternoon for shelter.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MILWAUKEE. Oct. 5.—Arrived—Steam-barge C. J. Kershaw.

Cleared—Schooner Jamaica, for Sackett's Harbor, and steam-barge Inter-Ocean and barge Argonaut, for Buffalo.

PORT DALHOUSIE.

Argonaut, for Buffalo.

PORT DALHOUSIR.

Special Dispatch to The Catengo Tribune.

PORT DALHOUSIR.

Special Dispatch to The Catengo Tribune.

PORT DALHOUSIR. Ont., Oct. 5.—Passed down—Schooners Mary Lyon, Milwaukee to Kingston, wheat; Hartford, Chicago to Oswego, corn; propeller Prussia, Chicago to Oswego, corn; propeller Prussia, Chicago to Montreal, wheat.

CHEBOTGAS.

Special Dispatch to The Catengo Tribuna, Chemotraga, Mish., Oct. 6.—Cleared—Schooners Kelderhouse, Lotus, Pomeroy; propeller Lake Erie.

Wind—Northwest, besvy; weather cold.

MARQUETTE. Mich., Oct. 5.—Arrived—Propeller Annie Smith, schooners Brightle, propelier H. B.
Tuttle, schooners George Lly, Van Valkenberg.

Cleared—Propeller Ohio.

PORT. OF CHICAGO.

PORT OF CHICAGO. PORT OF CHICAGO.

ABRIVALA.

Simr Sheboygan, Manitowoe, sundries.

Stmr Alpena, Muskeron, sundries.

Prop J. J. Hagerman, Beliver Harbor, towing.

Prop Bismarck, Menekannee, towing.

Prop Bismarck, Menekannee, towing.

Prop Skylark, Benton Harbor, sundries.

Prop Messenger, St. Joseph, sundries.

Prop Peorless, Duluth, sundries.

Prop Peorless, Duluth, sundries.

Prop T. S. Faxton, South Hawen, sundries.

Prop A. C. Brittain, White Lake, sundries.

Prop M. Groh, Muskeron, sundries.

Prop O. C. Williams, Saugatuck, sundries.

Prop Tempest, White Lake, sundries.

Prop Favorite, Menominee, towing.

Schr George Steele, Black River, lumber.

Schr George Steele, Black River, lumber.

Schr Herschel, Menominee, tumbe
ACTUAL SALLINGS.
Prop Hilton, Stoney Creek,
Schr R. R. Howard, Muskegon,
Prop Minnesota, Escanaba,
Schr Hungaram, Muskegon,
Schr Hacibe, Muskegon,
Schr Hacibe, Muskegon,
Schr H. J. Gibts, La Seal Hay,
Schr H. J. Gibts, La Seal Hay,
Schr Cappella, Muskegon,
Schr Cuppella, Muskegon,
Schr Coward, Ford River,
Schr J. B. Meit if, Muskegon,
Schr E. Day, Muskegon,
Schr E. Day, Muskegon,
Schr E. Day, Muskegon,
Schr E. Day, Muskegon,

Allen Academ

DANCING ACADEM

Schools for Dan

PARK INSTIT

PENASYLVANIA MILITARY Theater, Ps. opens Sept. 8. Thorough Jastres Civil Engliseering, Chemistry, Lissues, and Degrees, conferred. For circular apply to Design O'F. Exp. No. 6. Metropolitan Mick. 10. 07 to Col., TEDO, CIVATT, Frantisch.

MISS RICE'S SCHO

HICAGO FEMALE COLL forgan Park, near Chicago. Fall Term, or L. For Catalogues, address G. THAYER forgan Park, Ill., or 77 Mad.son-st., Chicago.

M ISS DE BRUYN KOPS AND MISS (formerly Mile. N. d'Orenteulk and M. 377 Madison-av., have removed to S is-nith-st., and will reopen their French Bos Day School for Young Ladles Sept. 30 PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE IN Heights, N. Y.—The thirty-sixtle boarding and day school for young lad mence the lish of September. For circ A. CRITTENDEN, Packer Institute. Br PREEMOLD INSTITU E. Free Boys thoroughly prepared for the best of for Business. REV. A. G. CHAMBERS.

WOVEN WIRE MATTRES WIRE MATTRE

DO NOT BUY CHEAP IMI WE MANU-ACTURE A FULL LINE IRON BED Union Wire Mattress 5, 7 & 9 North Clark-st., C FOR SALE BY FURNITURE



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TOBACCOS, AND C

PULVER, AG LaHoynê&.C

IN PANCY ABTICL 118 and 120 Moni Invite an examination of Elegant and Reche Articles and Leather C assortment is replete beautiful, and useful ar We take great pleasure in she

Apollin

"THE QUEEN OF TABI ANNUAL SALE, 8,000,000 BO CAUTION.

CAPCINE POROUS S MEDALS OF

OVER 2,000 DR CREAT WET GO AT 194 AND He MA Caused by water overflowing to cents on the dollar. BEST BARGAINS EVER 80



WOOD M WM. II. POULKE & RAILROAD T